



## LM140A/LM140/LM340A/LM340/LM7800C Series 3-Terminal Positive Regulators

### General Description

The LM140A/LM140/LM340A/LM340/LM7800C monolithic 3-terminal positive voltage regulators employ internal current-limiting, thermal shutdown and safe-area compensation, making them essentially indestructible. If adequate heat sinking is provided, they can deliver over 1.0A output current. They are intended as fixed voltage regulators in a wide range of applications including local (on-card) regulation for elimination of noise and distribution problems associated with single-point regulation. In addition to use as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain adjustable output voltages and currents.

Considerable effort was expended to make the entire series of regulators easy to use and minimize the number of external components. It is not necessary to bypass the output, although this does improve transient response. Input bypassing is needed only if the regulator is located far from the filter capacitor of the power supply.

The 5V, 12V, and 15V regulator options are available in the steel TO-3 power package. The LM340A/LM340/LM7800C series is available in the TO-220 plastic power package, and the LM340-5.0 is available in the SOT-223 package, as well as the LM340-5.0 and LM340-12 in the surface-mount TO-263 package.

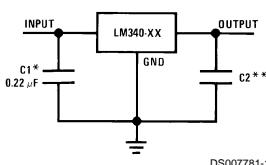
### Features

- Complete specifications at 1A load
- Output voltage tolerances of  $\pm 2\%$  at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $\pm 4\%$  over the temperature range (LM140A/LM340A)
- Line regulation of 0.01% of  $V_{\text{OUT}}/V$  of  $\Delta V_{\text{IN}}$  at 1A load (LM140A/LM340A)
- Load regulation of 0.3% of  $V_{\text{OUT}}/A$  (LM140A/LM340A)
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Internal short-circuit current limit
- Output transistor safe area protection
- P+ Product Enhancement tested

Device	Output Voltages	Packages
LM140A/LM140	5, 12, 15	TO-3 (K)
LM340A/LM340	5, 12, 15	TO-3 (K), TO-220 (T), SOT-223 (MP), TO-263 (S) (5V and 12V only)
LM7800C	5, 8, 12, 15	TO-220 (T)

### Typical Applications

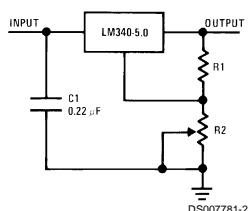
Fixed Output Regulator



\*Required if the regulator is located far from the power supply filter.

\*\*Although no output capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed, use 0.1 μF, ceramic disc).

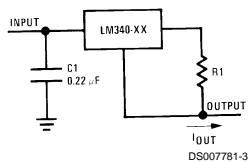
Adjustable Output Regulator



$$V_{\text{OUT}} = 5V + (5V/R_1 + I_Q) \quad R_2 \geq 5V/R_1 > 3I_Q$$

load regulation ( $L_r$ )  $\approx [(R_1 + R_2)/R_1] (L_r$  of LM340-5).

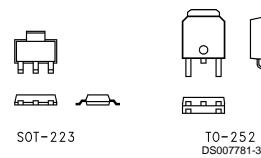
Current Regulator



$$I_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}} - V_{\text{BE}}}{R_1} + I_Q$$

$\Delta I_Q = 1.3$  mA over line and load changes.

Comparison between SOT-223 and D-Pak (TO-252) Packages



Scale 1:1

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 5)

DC Input Voltage

All Devices except  
LM7824/LM7824C

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)

TO-3 Package (K) 300°C

LM7824/LM7824C

TO-220 Package (T), TO-263  
Package (S) 230°C

Internal Power Dissipation (Note 2)

ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)

2 kV

Maximum Junction Temperature

## Operating Conditions (Note 1)

Temperature Range ( $T_A$ ) (Note 2)

LM140A, LM140 -55°C to +125°C

Storage Temperature Range

LM340A, LM340, LM7805C,  
LM7812C, LM7815C, LM7808C 0°C to +125°C

150°C

-65°C to +150°C

## LM140A/LM340A Electrical Characteristics

$I_{OUT} = 1A$ ,  $-55^\circ C \leq T_J \leq +150^\circ C$  (LM140A), or  $0^\circ C \leq T_J \leq +125^\circ C$  (LM340A) unless otherwise specified (Note 4)

Symbol	Output Voltage			5V			12V			15V			Units	
	Input Voltage (unless otherwise noted)			10V			19V			23V				
	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
$V_O$	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25^\circ C$		4.9	5	5.1	11.75	12	12.25	14.7	15	15.3	V	
		$P_D \leq 15W$ , $5 mA \leq I_O \leq 1A$		4.8		5.2	11.5		12.5	14.4		15.6	V	
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		(7.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 20)		(14.8 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 27)	(17.9 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 30)						V	
$\Delta V_O$	Line Regulation	$I_O = 500 mA$		10			18			22			mV	
		$\Delta V_{IN}$		(7.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 20)		(14.8 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 27)	(17.9 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 30)						V	
		$T_J = 25^\circ C$		3	10		4	18		4	22		mV	
		$\Delta V_{IN}$		(7.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 20)		(14.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 27)	(17.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 30)						V	
$\Delta V_O$	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25^\circ C$	$5 mA \leq I_O \leq 1.5A$	10	25		12	32		12	35		mV	
			$250 mA \leq I_O \leq 750 mA$		15		19			21			mV	
		Over Temperature, $5 mA \leq I_O \leq 1A$			25		60			75			mV	
$I_Q$	Quiescent Current	$T_J = 25^\circ C$		6			6			6			mA	
		Over Temperature			6.5		6.5			6.5			mA	
$\Delta I_O$	Quiescent Current Change	$5 mA \leq I_O \leq 1A$		0.5			0.5			0.5			mA	
		$T_J = 25^\circ C$ , $I_O = 1A$		0.8			0.8			0.8			mA	
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		(7.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 20)		(14.8 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 27)	(17.9 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 30)						V	
		$I_O = 500 mA$		0.8			0.8			0.8			mA	
$V_N$	Output Noise Voltage	$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		(8 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 25)		(15 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 30)	(17.9 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 30)						V	
		$T_A = 25^\circ C$ , $10 Hz \leq f \leq 100 kHz$		40			75			90			µV	
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ , $f = 120 Hz$ , $I_O = 1A$		68	80		61	72		60	70		dB	
		or $f = 120 Hz$ , $I_O = 500 mA$ , Over Temperature, $V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		68			61			60			dB	
$R_O$	Dropout Voltage	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ , $I_O = 1A$		2.0			2.0			2.0			V	
		$f = 1 kHz$		8			18			19			mΩ	
		$T_J = 25^\circ C$		2.1			1.5			1.2			A	
		$T_J = 25^\circ C$		2.4			2.4			2.4			A	
		Min, $T_J = 0^\circ C$ , $I_O = 5 mA$		-0.6			-1.5			-1.8			mV/°C	
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage Required to Maintain Line Regulation	$T_J = 25^\circ C$		7.5			14.5			17.5			V	

## LM140

### Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Output Voltage			5V			12V			15V			Units	
	Input Voltage (unless otherwise noted)			10V			19V			23V				
	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
$V_O$	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $5\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1\text{ A}$		4.8	5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	V	
		$P_D \leq 15\text{W}$ , $5\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1\text{ A}$	$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$	4.75		5.25	11.4		12.6	14.25		15.75	V	
$\Delta V_O$	Line Regulation	$I_O = 500\text{ mA}$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	3	50		4	120		4	150		mV	
		$\Delta V_{IN}$				( $7 \leq V_{IN} \leq 25$ )		( $14.5 \leq V_{IN} \leq 30$ )				( $17.5 \leq V_{IN} \leq 30$ )	V	
		$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\Delta V_{IN}$		50			120			150		mV	
		$I_O \leq 1\text{ A}$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		50			120			150		mV	
$\Delta V_O$	Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{IN}$		( $7.5 \leq V_{IN} \leq 20$ )		( $14.6 \leq V_{IN} \leq 27$ )		( $17.7 \leq V_{IN} \leq 30$ )					V	
		$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\Delta V_{IN}$		25		60			75			mV	
$\Delta V_O$	Load Regulation	$5\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1.5\text{A}$		10	50		12	120		12	150		mV	
		$250\text{ mA} \leq I_P \leq 750\text{ mA}$			25		60			75			mV	
$I_Q$	Quiescent Current	$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$			50		120			150			mV	
		$5\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1\text{A}$											V	
$\Delta I_Q$	Quiescent Current Change	$5\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1\text{A}$			0.5		0.5			0.5			mA	
		$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_O \leq 1\text{A}$			0.8		0.8			0.8			mA	
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		( $8 \leq V_{IN} \leq 20$ )		( $15 \leq V_{IN} \leq 27$ )		( $18.5 \leq V_{IN} \leq 30$ )					V	
		$I_O = 500\text{ mA}$ , $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		0.8		0.8			0.8			mA	
$V_N$	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $10\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 100\text{ kHz}$			40		75			90			$\mu\text{V}$	
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection	$f = 120\text{ Hz}$	$I_O \leq 1\text{A}$ , $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$ , $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$	68	80		61	72		60	70		dB	
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$		68		61		60					dB	
$R_O$	Dropout Voltage Output Resistance Short-Circuit Current Peak Output Current Average TC of $V_{OUT}$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_O = 1\text{A}$			2.0		2.0			2.0			V	
		$f = 1\text{ kHz}$			8		18			19			$\text{m}\Omega$	
		$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			2.1		1.5			1.2			A	
		$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			2.4		2.4			2.4			A	
		$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_O = 5\text{ mA}$			-0.6		-1.5			-1.8			$\text{mV}/^{\circ}\text{C}$	
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage Required to Maintain Line Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_O \leq 1\text{A}$			7.5		14.6			17.7			V	



## LM7808C Electrical Characteristics

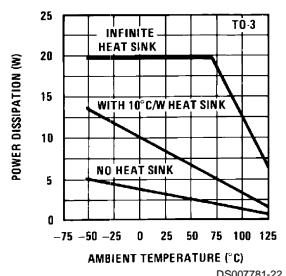
$0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_I = 14\text{V}$ ,  $I_O = 500\text{ mA}$ ,  $C_I = 0.33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_O = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions (Note 6)	LM7808C			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
$V_O$	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	7.7	8.0	8.3	V
$\Delta V_O$	Line Regulation	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10.5V $\leq V_I \leq 25\text{V}$	6.0	160	mV
			11.0V $\leq V_I \leq 17\text{V}$	2.0	80	
$\Delta V_O$	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	5.0 mA $\leq I_O \leq 1.5\text{A}$	12	160	mV
			250 mA $\leq I_O \leq 750$ mA	4.0	80	
$V_O$	Output Voltage	$11.5\text{V} \leq V_I \leq 23\text{V}$ , 5.0 mA $\leq I_O \leq 1.0\text{A}$ , $P \leq 15\text{W}$	7.6		8.4	V
$I_Q$	Quiescent Current	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		4.3	8.0	mA
$\Delta I_Q$	Quiescent Current Change	With Line	11.5V $\leq V_I \leq 25\text{V}$		1.0	mA
		With Load	5.0 mA $\leq I_O \leq 1.0\text{A}$		0.5	
$V_N$	Noise	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , 10 Hz $\leq f \leq 100\text{ kHz}$		52		$\mu\text{V}$
$\Delta V_I/\Delta V_O$	Ripple Rejection	$f = 120\text{ Hz}$ , $I_O = 350\text{ mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	56	72		dB
$V_{DO}$	Dropout Voltage	$I_O = 1.0\text{A}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0		V
$R_O$	Output Resistance	$f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$		16		$\text{m}\Omega$
$I_{OS}$	Output Short Circuit Current	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_I = 35\text{V}$		0.45		A
$I_{PK}$	Peak Output Current	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.2		A
$\Delta V_O/\Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$I_O = 5.0\text{ mA}$		0.8		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$

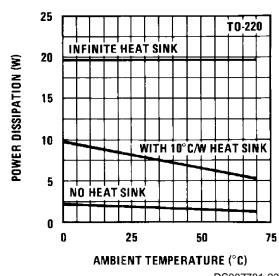
**Note 6:** All characteristics are measured with a 0.22  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ( $t_w \leq 10\text{ ms}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 5\%$ ). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

## Typical Performance Characteristics

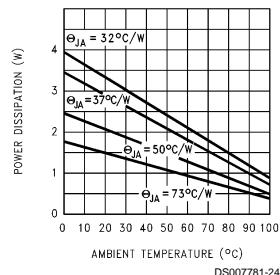
Maximum Average Power Dissipation



Maximum Average Power Dissipation

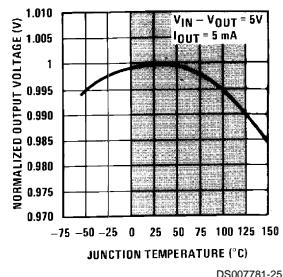


Maximum Power Dissipation (TO-263)  
(See Note 2)



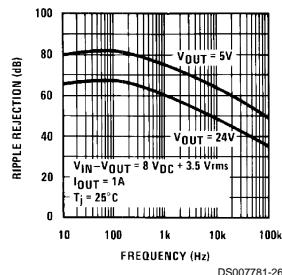
## Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

**Output Voltage (Normalized to 1V at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

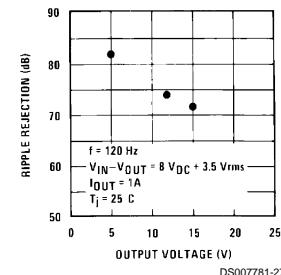


Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.

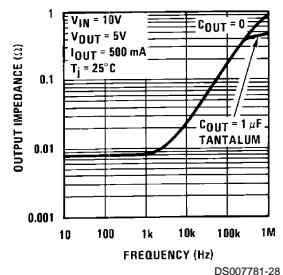
**Ripple Rejection**



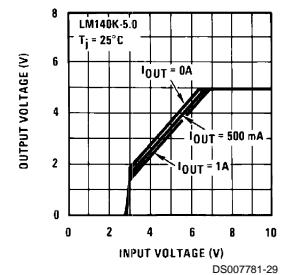
**Ripple Rejection**



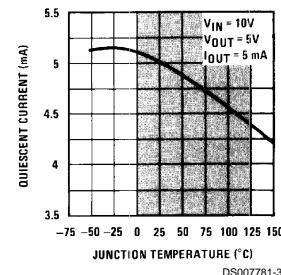
**Output Impedance**



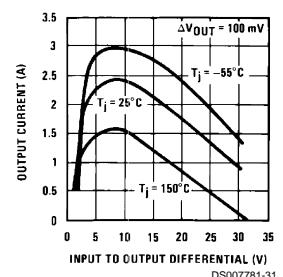
**Dropout Characteristics**



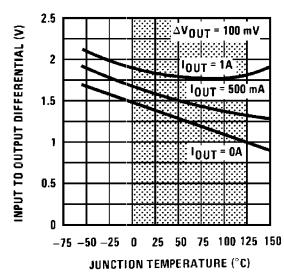
**Quiescent Current**



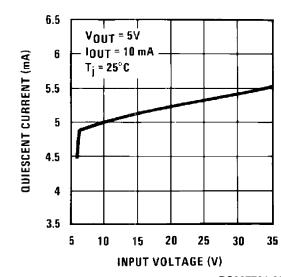
**Peak Output Current**



**Dropout Voltage**



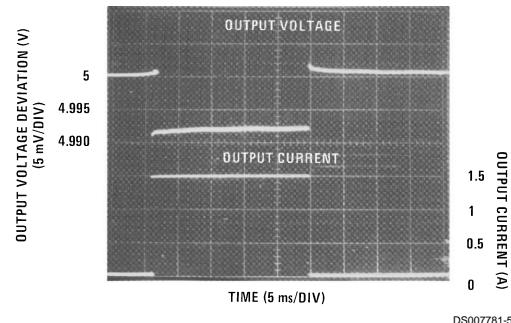
**Quiescent Current**



## Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

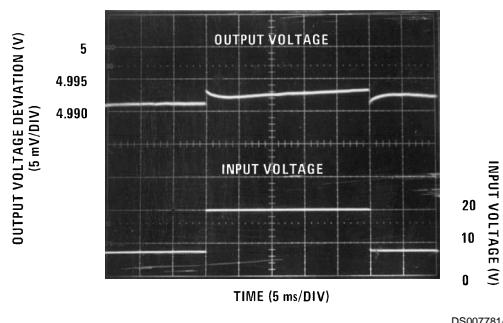
### Line Regulation

140AK-5.0,  $I_{OUT} = 1A$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$



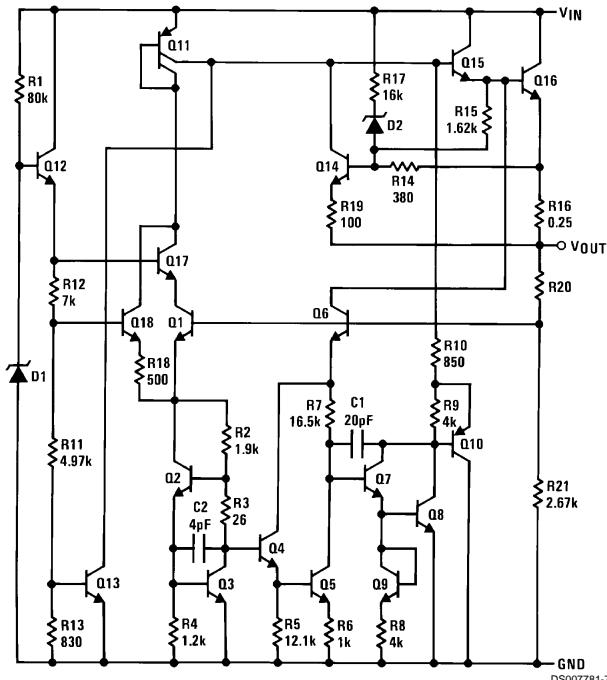
### Line Regulation

140AK-5.0,  $V_{IN} = 10V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$



DS007781-6

## Equivalent Schematic



DS007781-7

## Application Hints

The LM340/LM78XX series is designed with thermal protection, output short-circuit protection and output transistor safe area protection. However, as with any IC regulator, it becomes necessary to take precautions to assure that the regulator is not inadvertently damaged. The following describes possible misapplications and methods to prevent damage to the regulator.

**Shorting the Regulator Input:** When using large capacitors at the output of these regulators, a protection diode connected input to output (Figure 1) may be required if the input is shorted to ground. Without the protection diode, an input

short will cause the input to rapidly approach ground potential, while the output remains near the initial  $V_{OUT}$  because of the stored charge in the large output capacitor. The capacitor will then discharge through a large internal input to output diode and parasitic transistors. If the energy released by the capacitor is large enough, this diode, low current metal and the regulator will be destroyed. The fast diode in Figure 1 will shunt most of the capacitor's discharge current around the regulator. Generally no protection diode is required for values of output capacitance  $\leq 10 \mu F$ .

**Raising the Output Voltage above the Input Voltage:** Since the output of the device does not sink current, forcing

## Application Hints (Continued)

the output high can cause damage to internal low current paths in a manner similar to that just described in the "Shorting the Regulator Input" section.

**Regulator Floating Ground (Figure 2):** When the ground pin alone becomes disconnected, the output approaches the unregulated input, causing possible damage to other circuits connected to  $V_{OUT}$ . If ground is reconnected with power "ON", damage may also occur to the regulator. This fault is most likely to occur when plugging in regulators or modules with on card regulators into powered up sockets. Power should be turned off first, thermal limit ceases operating, or ground should be connected first if power must be left on.

**Transient Voltages:** If transients exceed the maximum rated input voltage of the device, or reach more than 0.8V below ground and have sufficient energy, they will damage the regulator. The solution is to use a large input capacitor, a series input breakdown diode, a choke, a transient suppressor or a combination of these.

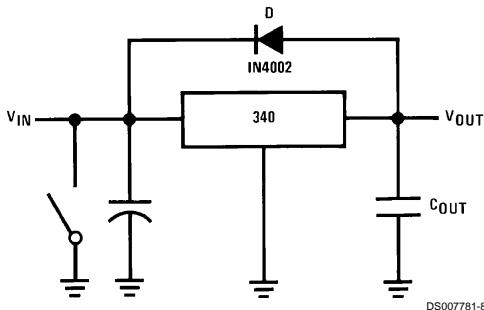


FIGURE 1. Input Short

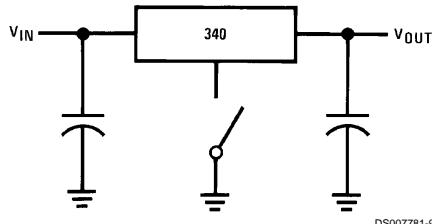


FIGURE 2. Regulator Floating Ground

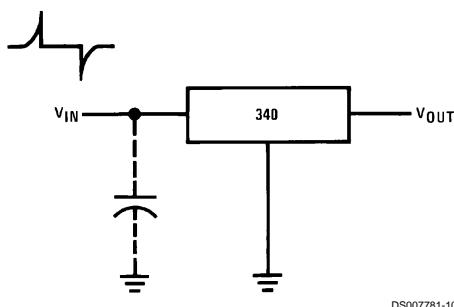


FIGURE 3. Transients

When a value for  $\theta_{(H-A)}$  is found using the equation shown, a heatsink must be selected that has a value that is less than or equal to this number.

$\theta_{(H-A)}$  is specified numerically by the heatsink manufacturer in this catalog, or shown in a curve that plots temperature rise vs power dissipation for the heatsink.

### HEATSINKING TO-263 AND SOT-223 PACKAGE PARTS

Both the TO-263 ("S") and SOT-223 ("MP") packages use a copper plane on the PCB and the PCB itself as a heatsink. To optimize the heat sinking ability of the plane and PCB, solder the tab of the plane.

Shows for the TO-263 the measured values of  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  for different copper area sizes using a typical PCB with 1 ounce copper and no solder mask over the copper area used for heatsinking.

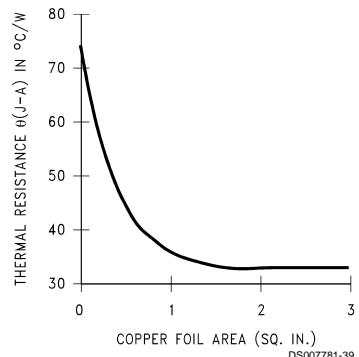


FIGURE 4.  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  vs Copper (1 ounce) Area for the TO-263 Package  
DS007781-39

As shown in the figure, increasing the copper area beyond 1 square inch produces very little improvement. It should also be observed that the minimum value of  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  for the TO-263 package mounted to a PCB is 32°C/W.

As a design aid, Figure 5 shows the maximum allowable power dissipation compared to ambient temperature for the TO-263 device (assuming  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  is 35°C/W and the maximum junction temperature is 125°C).

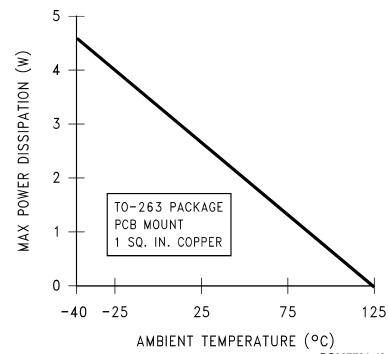


FIGURE 5. Maximum Power Dissipation vs  $T_{AMB}$  for the TO-263 Package  
DS007781-40

## Application Hints (Continued)

Figures 6, 7 show the information for the SOT-223 package. Figure 6 assumes a  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  of 74°C/W for 1 ounce copper and 51°C/W for 2 ounce copper and a maximum junction temperature of 125°C.

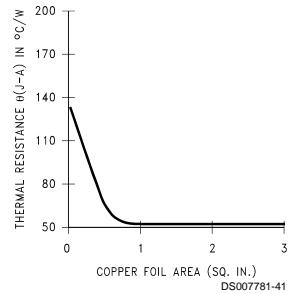


FIGURE 6.  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  vs Copper (2 ounce) Area for the SOT-223 Package

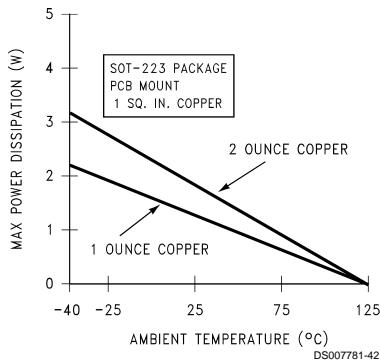
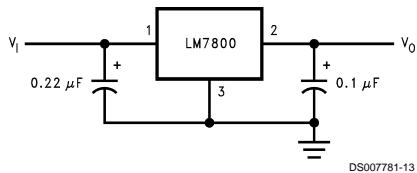


FIGURE 7. Maximum Power Dissipation vs  $T_{AMB}$  for the SOT-223 Package

Please see AN-1028 for power enhancement techniques to be used with the SOT-223 package.

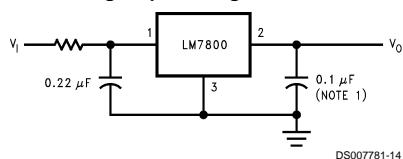
## Typical Applications

### Fixed Output Regulator

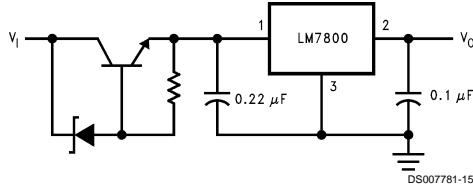


**Note:** Bypass capacitors are recommended for optimum stability and transient response, and should be located as close as possible to the regulator.

### High Input Voltage Circuits



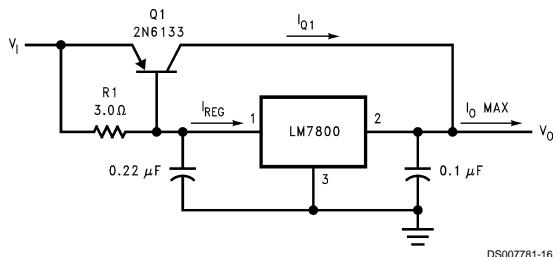
DS007781-14



DS007781-15

## Typical Applications (Continued)

**High Current Voltage Regulator**

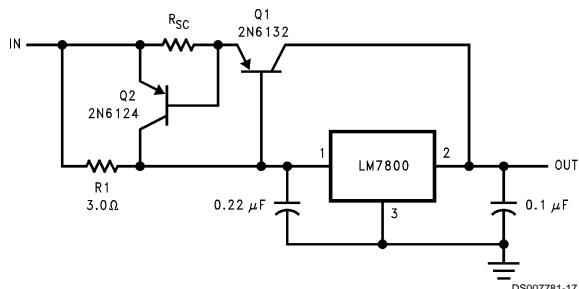


DS007781-16

$$\beta(Q1) \geq \frac{I_{O\ Max}}{I_{REG\ Max}}$$

$$R1 = \frac{0.9}{I_{REG}} = \frac{\beta(Q1) V_{BE(Q1)}}{I_{REG\ Max} (\beta + 1) - I_{O\ Max}}$$

**High Output Current, Short Circuit Protected**

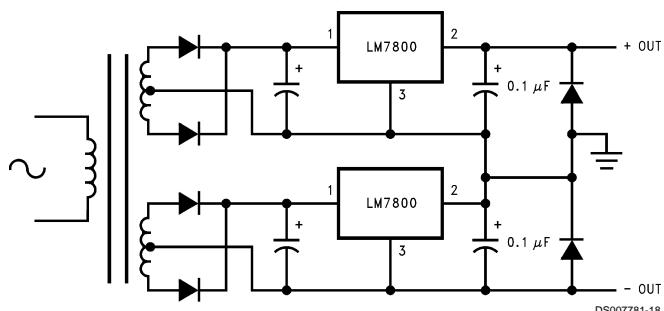


DS007781-17

$$R_{SC} = \frac{0.8}{I_{SC}}$$

$$R1 = \frac{\beta V_{BE(Q1)}}{I_{REG\ Max} (\beta + 1) - I_{O\ Max}}$$

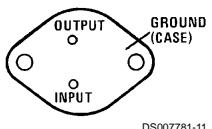
**Positive and Negative Regulator**



DS007781-18

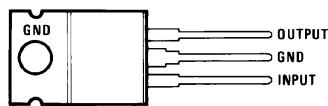
## Connection Diagrams and Ordering Information

**TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)**



DS007781-11

**TO-220 Power Package (T)**



DS007781-12

**Bottom View**

**Steel Package Order Numbers:**

LM140K-5.0	LM140K-12	LM140K-15
LM340AK-5.0	LM340K-12	LM340K-15
LM340K-5.0		

See Package Number K02A

LM140AK-5.0/883	LM140AK-12/883	LM140AK-15/883
LM140K-5.0/883	LM140K-12/883	LM140K-15/883

See Package Number K02C

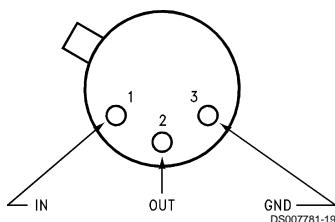
**Top View**

**Plastic Package Order Numbers:**

LM340AT-5.0	LM340T-5.0
LM340T-12	LM340T-15
LM7805CT	LM7812CT
LM7815CT	LM7808CT

See Package Number T03B

**TO-39 Metal Can Package (H)**



DS007781-19

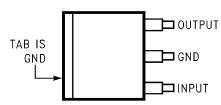
**Top View**

**Metal Can Order Numbers†:**

LM140H-5.0/883	LM140H-6.0/883
LM140H-8.0/883	LM140H-12/883
LM140H-15/883	LM140H-24/883

See Package Number H03A

**TO-263 Surface-Mount Package (S)**



Top View



DS007781-21

**Side View**

**Surface-Mount Package Order Numbers:**

LM3405-5.0	LM3405-12
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See Package Number TS3B

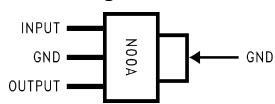
**3-Lead SOT-223**

**(Front View)**

**Order Number LM340MP-5.0**

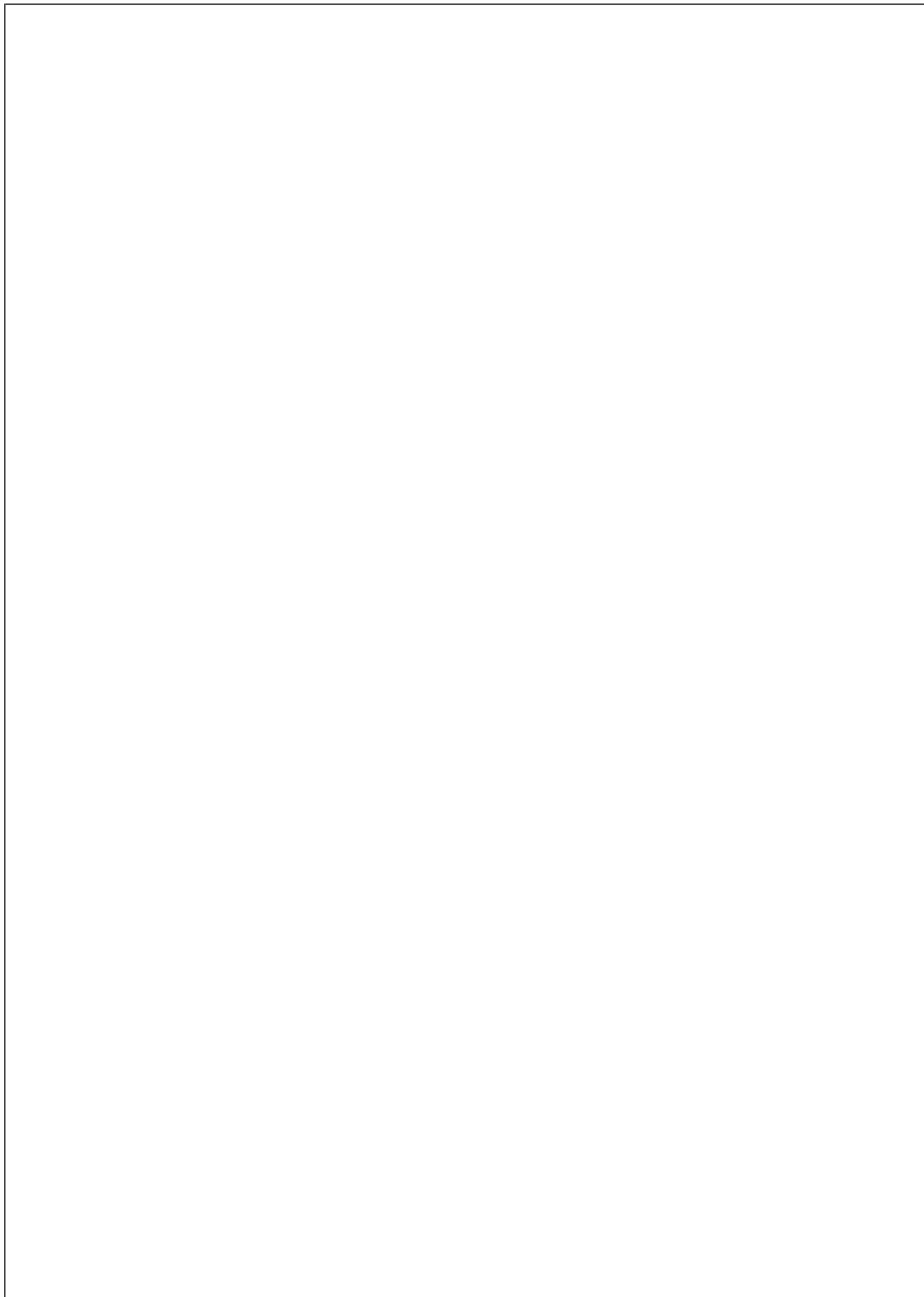
**Package Marked N00A**

**See Package Number MA04A**

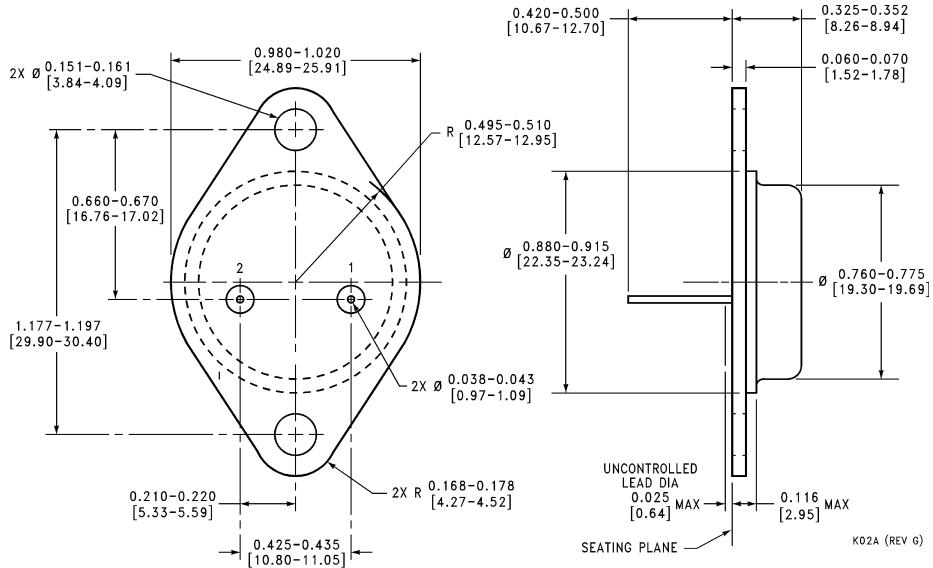


DS007781-43

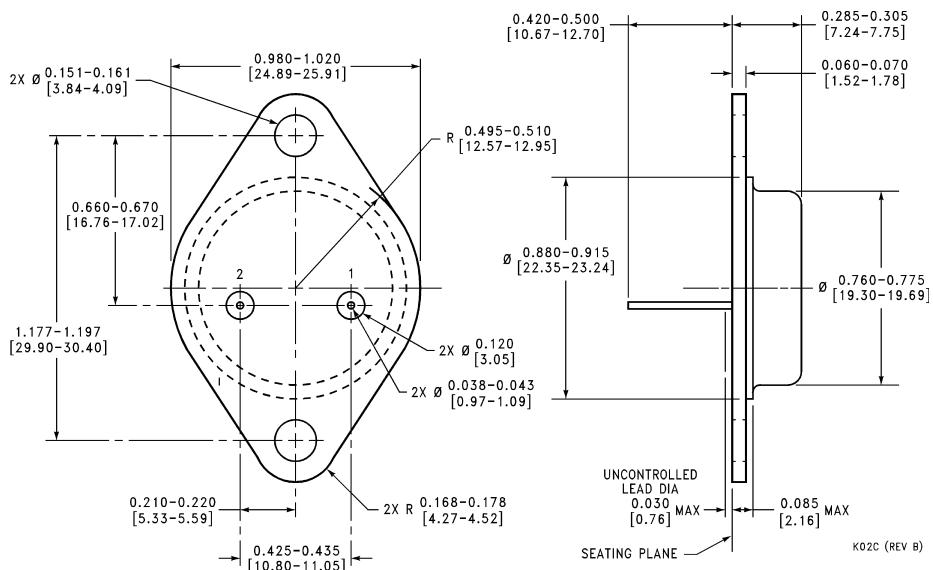
†The specifications for the LM140H/883 devices are not contained in this datasheet. If specifications for these devices are required, contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors.



**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

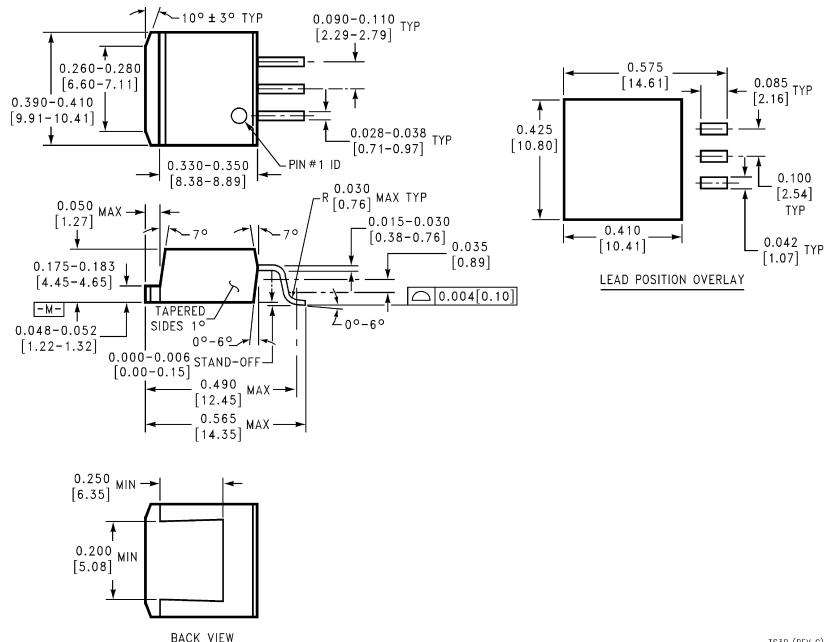


**TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)**  
**Order Number LM340AK-5.0, LM140K-5.0, LM340K-5.0, LM140K-12, LM340K-12,**  
**LM140K-15, LM340K-15, LM7806CK, LM7808CK, LM7818CK or LM7824CK**  
**NS Package Number K02A**



**TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)**  
**Mil-Aero Products**  
**Order Number LM140AK-5.0/883, LM140K-5.0/883, LM140AK-12/883,**  
**LM140K-12/883, LM140AK-15/883 or LM140K-15/883**  
**NS Package Number K02C**

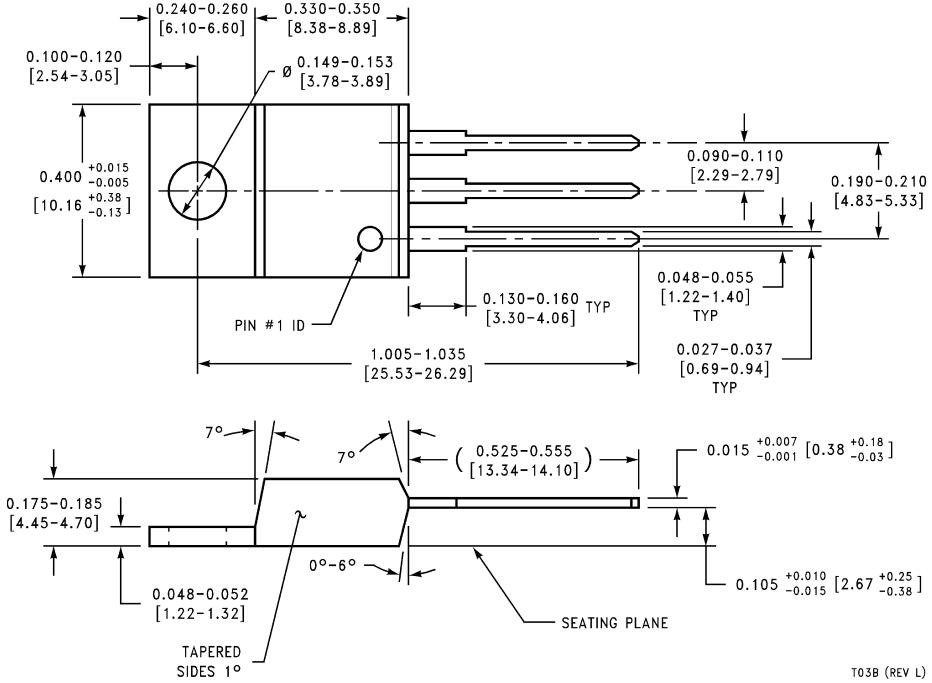
**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



TO-263 Surface-Mount Package (S)  
Order Number LM7805S or LM7812S  
NS Package Number TS3B

TS3B (REV C)

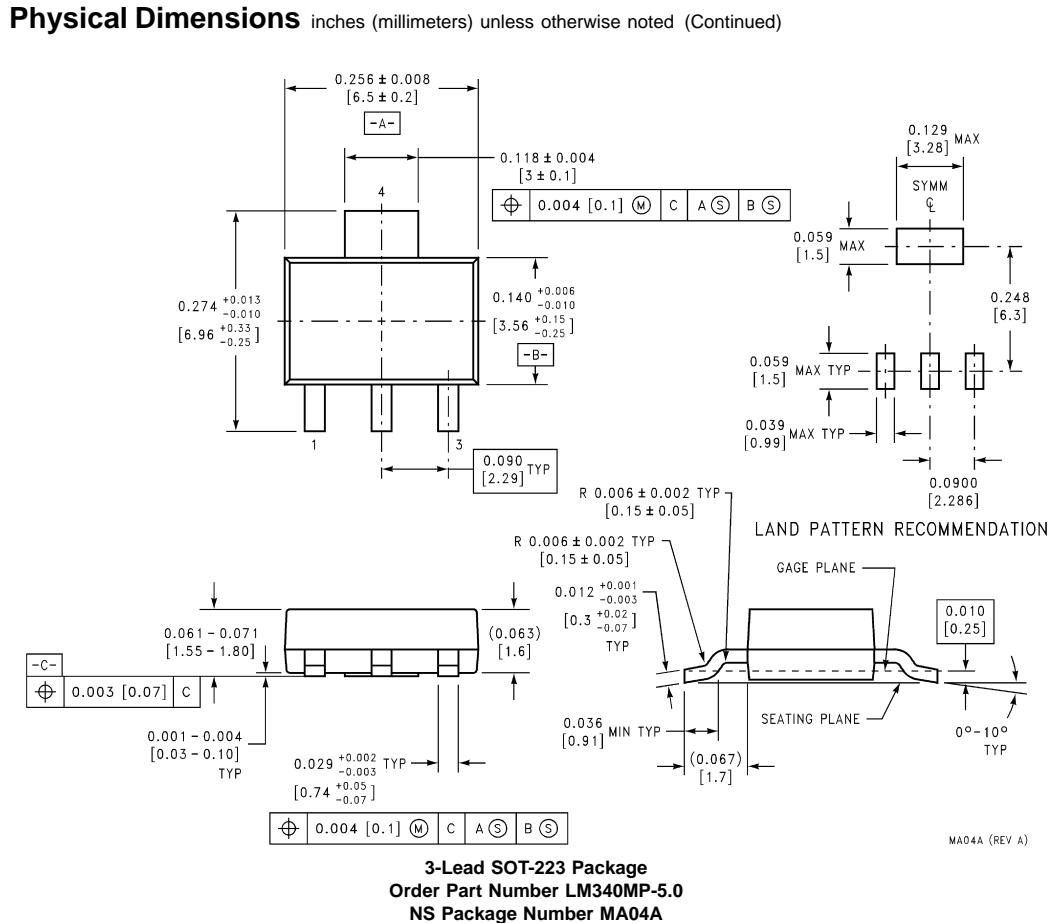
**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



TO-220 Power Package (T)  
Order Number LM340AT/LM340T-5.0, LM340AT/LM340T-12, LM340AT/LM340T-15,  
LM7805CT, LM7812CT, LM7815CT, LM7806CT, LM7808CT, LM7818CT or LM7824CT  
NS Package Number T03B

T03B (REV L)

## LM140A/LM140/LM340A/LM340/LM7800C Series 3-Terminal Positive Regulators



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