

The CR9500 Current Sensors are low cost, self powered, AC current sensors that are calibrated to output 0-5 VDC when zero to full scale AC current flows through the window.

Ideal for those applications that require medium to large numbers of current level inputs to computers, PLCs, and displays. Care must be taken to choose high impedance input devices to insure linearity and accuracy due to the self-powered nature of the sensor.

Installation is a simple matter of running the current carrying conductor through the window, and clamping the sensor firm in place with a plastic wire tie (included). Wire leads can be connected through user supplied connectors or crimp style terminals.

## Specifications \*

Accuracy: ± .5% Full Scale (FS) **Ripple:** 1% Max Signal Out: 0-5 Vdc **Output Load:** 1.0 Megohm or greater for rated accuracy **Response Time:** 250 ms. max. 10-90% FS **Calibration:** Average Sensing, RMS Calibrated Max. Signal Out: 12 Vdc Frequency: \* 50 to 400 Hz **Insulation Class:** 600 V **Operating Temperature:** -30 °C to +60 °C Storage Temperature: -55 °C to +85 °C Shipping Weight: .1 pounds (.05 Kg.)

\* All specifications for operation at 60 Hz

### **Part Number**

CRUDU - UU CURRENT SENSOR

10 - 0-10 Aac 20 - 0-20 Aac 50 - 0-50 Aac

9521 - .27 Dia. window 9550 - .61 Dia. window 9580 - .40 window Split Core



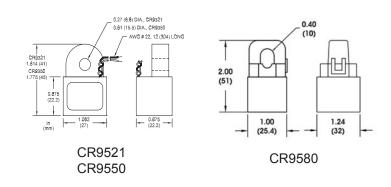
**CR9521** 



## Features

- Low cost
- Output overload protected
- Fully isolated
- Reverse output polarity protected
- Self-powered, requires no external power source
- 3 different ranges

# **Outline Drawings**



### **Electrical Connections**

White lead: Positive output (+) Black lead: Negative output (-)

Internet Resources http://www.crmagnetics.com/

- Application Sheet: pdf/ancr4310.pdf, pdf/ancr4310-2.pdf
- External Current Transformers: cts.html
- Transducer Selection Guide: transducer.html