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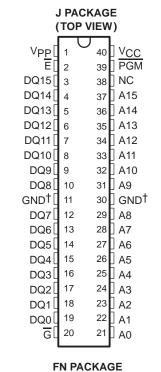
- Organization . . . 65536 by 16 Bits
- Single 5-V Power Supply
- Operationally Compatible With Existing Megabit EPROMs
- 40-Pin Dual-In-Line Package and 44-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier
- All Inputs/Outputs Fully TTL Compatible
- ±10% V_{CC} Tolerance
- Maximum Access/Minimum Cycle Time

'27C/PC210A-10 100 ns '27C/PC210A-12 120 ns '27C/PC210A-15 150 ns '27C/PC210A-20 200 ns '27C/PC210A-25 250 ns

- 16-Bit Output For Use in Microprocessor-Based Systems
- Very High-Speed SNAP! Pulse Programming
- Power-Saving CMOS Technology
- 3-State Output Buffers
- 400-mV Minimum DC Noise Immunity With Standard TTL Loads
- Latchup Immunity of 250 mA on All Input and Output Pins
- No Pullup Resistors Required
- Low Power Dissipation
 - Active . . . 275 mW Worst Case
 - Standby . . . 0.55 mW Worst Case (CMOS-Input Levels)
- Temperature Range Options

PIN NOMENCLATURE								
A0-A15 DQ0-DQ15 E G GND NC PGM VCC VPP	Address Inputs Inputs (programming)/Outputs Chip Enable Output Enable Ground No Internal Connection Program 5-V Power Supply 13-V Power Supply							

[†] Pins 11 and 30 (J package) and pins 12 and 34 (FN package) must be connected externally to ground.



2 1 44 43 42 41 40 3 ☐ A13 DQ12 39 0 38 🛮 A12 DQ11 [A11 DQ10 37 ☐ A10 DQ9 36 DQ8 ∏ A9 35 GND[†] [∏ GND† 12 34 Π NC NC [13 33 | A8 DQ7 14 32 DQ6 15 31 ☐ A7 DQ5 16 ☐ A6 30 DQ4 29 A5

18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

(TOP VIEW)



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



[‡]Only in program mode

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description

The TMS27C210A series are 65536 by 16-bit (1048576-bit), ultraviolet-light erasable, electrically programmable read-only memories (EPROMs).

The TMS27PC210A series are 65536 by 16-bit (1048576-bit), one-time programmable (OTP) electrically programmable read-only memories (PROMs).

These devices are fabricated using power-saving CMOS technology for high speed and simple interface with MOS and bipolar circuits. All inputs (including program data inputs) can be driven by Series 74 TTL circuits without the use of external pullup resistors. Each output can drive one Series 74 TTL circuit without external resistors.

The TMS27C210A EPROM is offered in a dual-in-line ceramic package (J suffix) designed for insertion in mounting hole rows on 15,2-mm (600-mil) centers. The TMS27C210A is offered with two choices of temperature ranges, 0°C to 70°C (JL suffix) and – 40°C to 85°C (JE suffix). See Table 1.

The TMS27PC210A OTP PROM is offered in a 44-pin plastic leaded chip carrier package using 1,25-mm (50-mil) lead spacing (FN suffix). The TMS27PC210A is offered with two choices of temperature ranges, 0°C to 70°C (FNL suffix) and -40°C to 85°C (FNE suffix). See Table 1.

 EPROM AND OTP PROM
 SUFFIX FOR OPERATING FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE RANGES

 0°C to 70°C
 - 40°C to 85°C

 TMS27C210A-xx
 JL
 JE

 TMS27PC210A-xx
 FNL
 FNE

Table 1. Temperature Range Suffixes

These EPROMs and OTP PROMs operate from a single 5-V supply (in the read mode), they are ideal for use in microprocessor based systems. One other (13 V) supply is needed for programming. All programming signals are TTL level. For programming outside the system, existing EPROM programmers can be used.

operation

The seven modes of operation for the TMS27C210A and TMS27PC210A are listed in Table 2. The read mode requires a single 5-V supply. All inputs are TTL level except for V_{PP} during programming (13 V), and 12 V on A9 for signature mode.



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Table 2. Operation Modes

		MODE†											
FUNCTION	READ	D OUTPUT STANDBY PROGRAMMING		VERIFY	PROGRAM INHIBIT	SIGNATURE MODE							
Ē	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	VIH	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	VIH	V	IL					
G	V _{IL}	VIH	Х	VIH	V _{IL}	Х	V	IL					
PGM	Х	Х	Х	V _{IL}	VIH	Х	>	<					
Vpp	Vcc	Vcc	Vcc	V _{PP}	Vpp	Vpp	VCC						
VCC	VCC	VCC	VCC	Vcc	Vcc	VCC	۷ر	CC					
A9	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	X	V _H ‡	V _H ‡					
A0	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	X	V _{IL}	VIH					
							СО	DE					
DQ0-DQ15	Data Out	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Data In	Data Out	Hi-Z	MFG	DEVICE					
							97	AB					

TX can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}.

read/output disable

When the outputs of two or more TMS27C210As or TMS27PC210As are connected in parallel on the same bus, the output of any particular device in the circuit can be read with no interference from competing outputs of the other devices. To read the output of a single device, a low level signal is applied to the \overline{E} and \overline{G} pins. All other devices in the circuit must have their outputs disabled by applying a high level signal to one of these pins.

latchup immunity

Latchup immunity on the TMS27C210A and TMS27PC210A is a minimum of 250 mA on all inputs and outputs. This feature provides latchup immunity beyond any potential transients at the P.C. board level when the EPROM is interfaced to industry standard TTL or MOS logic devices. The input/output layout approach controls latchup without compromising performance or packing density.

For more information see application report SMLA001, "Design Considerations; Latchup Immunity of the HVCMOS EPROM Family", available through TI Sales Offices.

power down

Active I_{CC} supply current can be reduced from 50 mA to 500 μ A by applying a high TTL input on \overline{E} and to 100 μ A by applying a high CMOS input on \overline{E} . In this mode all outputs are in the high-impedance state.

erasure (TMS27C210A)

Before programming, the TMS27C210A is erased by exposing the chip through the transparent lid to a high intensity ultraviolet light (wavelength 2537 Å). The recommended minimum exposure dose (UV intensity × exposure time) is 15-W•s/cm². A typical 12-mW/cm², filterless UV lamp erases the device in 21 minutes. The lamp should be located about 2.5 cm above the chip during erasure. After erasure, all bits are in the high state. Normal ambient light contains the correct wavelength for erasure; therefore, when using the TMS27C210A the window should be covered with an opaque label.

initializing (TMS27PC210A)

The OTP TMS27PC210A PROM is provided with all bits in the logic high state then logic lows are programmed into the desired locations. Logic lows programmed into an OTP PROM cannot be erased.



 $^{^{\}ddagger}$ V_H = 12 V \pm 0.5 V.

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SNAP! Pulse programming

The TMS27C210A and TMS27PC210A are programmed using the TI SNAP! Pulse programming algorithm (shown in the flow chart in Figure 1), which can program in a nominal time of seven seconds. Actual programming time varies as a function of the programmer used.

The SNAP! Pulse programming algorithm uses an initial pulse of 100 microseconds (μ s) followed by a byte verification to determine when the addressed byte has been successfully programmed. Up to 10 (ten) 100- μ s pulses per byte are provided before a failure is recognized.

The programming mode is achieved when $V_{PP} = 13 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 6.5 \text{ V}$, $\overline{E} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{G} = V_{IH}$. Data is presented in parallel (16 bits) on pins DQ0 through DQ15. Once addresses and data are stable, \overline{PGM} is pulsed low.

More than one device can be programmed when the devices are connected in parallel. Locations can be programmed in any order. When the SNAP! Pulse programming routine is complete, all bits are verified with $V_{CC} = V_{PP} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$.

program inhibit

Programming can be inhibited by maintaining a high level input on the \overline{E} or \overline{PGM} pins.

program verify

Programmed bits can be verified with $V_{PP} = 13 \text{ V}$ when $\overline{G} = V_{II}$, $\overline{E} = V_{II}$, and $\overline{PGM} = V_{IH}$

signature mode

The signature mode provides access to a binary code identifying the manufacturer and type. This mode is activated when A9 is forced to 12 V. Two identifier bytes are accessed by toggling A0. DQ0–DQ7 contain the valid codes. All other addresses must be held low. The signature code for these devices is 97AB. A0 low selects the manufacturer's code 97 (Hex), and A0 high selects the device code AB (Hex), as shown in Table 3.

Table 3. Signature Mode

IDENTIFIER [†]	PINS									
	A0	DQ7	DQ6	DQ5	DQ4	DQ3	DQ2	DQ1	DQ0	HEX
Manufacturer Code	V _{IL}	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	97
Device Code	٧ _{IH}	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	AB

 $\overline{TE} = \overline{G} = V_{IL}$, A9 = V_H, A1 – A8 = V_{IL}, A10 – A15 = V_{IL}, V_{PP} = V_{CC}, $\overline{PGM} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}.

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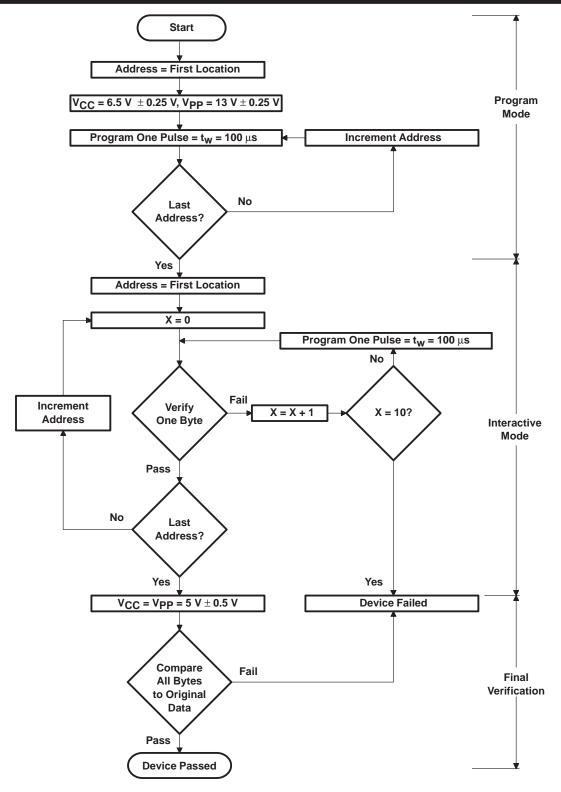
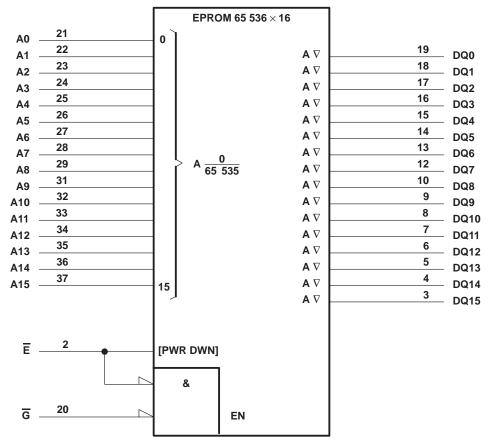


Figure 1. SNAP! Pulse Programming Flowchart



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logic symbol[†]



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91–1984 and IEC Publication 617–12.



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recommended operating conditions

						TMS27C/PC210A-10 TMS27C/PC210A-12 TMS27C/PC210A-15 TMS27C/PC210A-20 TMS27C/PC210A-25				
				MIN	NOM	MAX				
V _{CC} Supply voltage		Read mo	ode (see Note 2)	4.5	5	5.5	V			
		SNAP! P	ulse programming algorithm	6.25	6.5	6.75	V			
\/	V Cupply voltage		Read mode		Vcc	VCC+0.6	V			
VPP	Supply voltage	SNAP! Pulse programming algorithm			13	13.25	V			
\/	High-level dc input voltage	TTL		2		V _{CC} +0.5	V			
VIH	riigii-ievei de iriput voltage		CMOS	V _{CC} - 0.2		V _{CC} +0.5	V			
\/	Low lovel de input veltage		TTL	- 0.5		0.8	V			
VIL	Low-level dc input voltage		CMOS		- 0.5		V			
TA	Operating free-air temperature		'27C210AJL '27PC210AFNL	0		70	°C			
TA	Operating free-air temperature		'27C210AJE, '27PC210AFNE	- 40		85	°C			

NOTE 2: VCC must be applied before or at the same time as Vpp and removed after or at the same time as Vpp. The device must not be inserted into or removed from the board when Vpp or VCC is applied.



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electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of operating conditions

	PARAMETER		TEST CON	IDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
\/	Light level de cuteut voltege		I _{OH} = – 20 μA	V _{CC} - 0.2		V		
VOH	High-level dc output voltage	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$		2.4		V		
Ver Low lovel de autout voltage			$I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$			0.4		
VOL	Low-level dc output voltage		I _{OL} = 20 μA		0.1	V		
ΙΙ	Input current (leakage)	V _I = 0 V to 5.5 V		±1	μΑ			
IO	Output current (leakage)	$V_O = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$		±1	μΑ			
I _{PP1}	Vpp supply current		V _{PP} = V _{CC} = 5.5		10	μΑ		
IPP2	Vpp supply current (during program pulse)		V _{PP} = 13 V			50	mA	
laa.	Voc supply surrent (standby)	TTL-input level	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	E = V _{IH}		500		
ICC1	VCC supply current (standby)	CMOS-input level	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$E = V_{CC}$		100	μΑ	
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} supply current (active)		V _{CC} = 5.5 V, t _{cycle} = minimum outputs open†	E = V _{IL} , cycle time,		50	mA	

[†] Minimum cycle time = maximum address access time.

capacitance over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}^{\ddagger}$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP§	MAX	UNIT
Cl	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0 V$, $f = 1 MHz$		8	12	pF
CO	Output capacitance	$V_O = 0 V$, $f = 1 MHz$		12	15	pF

[‡] Capacitance measurements are made on a sample basis only.

switching characteristics over full ranges of recommended operating conditions (see Notes 3 and 4)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	'27C210A-10 '27PC210A-10		'27C210A-12 '27PC210A-12		'27C210A-15 '27PC210A-15		'27C210A-20 '27PC210A-20		'27C210A-25 '27PC210A-25		UNIT
		CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX									
t _{a(A)}	Access time from address			100		120		150		200		250	ns
t _{a(E)}	Access time from chip enable			100		120		150		200		250	ns
t _{en(G)}	Output enable time from \overline{G}	CL = 100 pF,		55		55		75		75		100	ns
^t dis	Output disable time from \overline{G} or \overline{E} , whichever occurs first \P	1 Series 74 TTL load, Input $t_f \le 20 \text{ ns}$, Input $t_f \le 20 \text{ ns}$	0	50	0	50	0	60	0	60	0	60	ns
t _V (A)	Output data valid time after change of address, \overline{E} , or \overline{G} , whichever occurs first \P		0		0		0		0		0		ns

[¶] Value calculated from 0.5 V delta to measured level. This parameter is only sampled and not 100% tested.



[§] Typical values are at T_A = 25°C and nominal voltages.

NOTES: 3. For all switching characteristics, the input pulse levels are 0.4 V to 2.4 V. Timing measurements are made at 2 V for logic high and 0.8 V for logic low (see Figure 2).

^{4.} Common test conditions apply for t_{dis} except during programming.

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switching characteristics for programming: V_{CC} = 6.5 V and V_{PP} = 13 V (SNAP! Pulse), T_A = 25°C (see Note 3)

	PARAMETER				
tdis(G)	Output disable time from G	0	100	ns	
ten(G)	Output enable time from \overline{G}		150	ns	

NOTE 3: For all switching characteristics, the input pulse levels are 0.4 V to 2.4 V. Timing measurements are made at 2 V for logic high and 0.8 V for logic low (See Figure 2).

timing requirements for programming

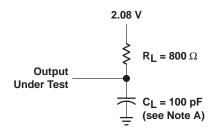
			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
tw(PGM)	Pulse duration, program	SNAP! Pulse programming algorithm	95	100	105	μs
t _{su(A)}	Setup time, address		2			μs
t _{su(E)}	Setup time, E		2			μs
t _{su(G)}	Setup time, G		2			μs
t _{su(D)}	Setup time, data		2			μs
t _{su(VPP)}	Setup time, V _{PP}		2			μs
t _{su(VCC)}	Setup time, V _{CC}		2			μs
t _{h(A)}	Hold time, address		0			μs
th(D)	Hold time, data		2			μs

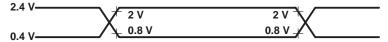
NOTE 3: For all switching characteristics, the input pulse levels are 0.4 V to 2.4 V. Timing measurements are made at 2 V for logic high and 0.8 V for logic low (See Figure 2).



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION





NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and fixture capacitance.

B. The ac testing inputs are driven at 2.4 V for logic high and 0.4 V for logic low. Timing measurements are made at 2 V for logic high and 0.8 V for logic low for both inputs and outputs.

Figure 2. The ac Testing Output Load Circuit and ac Waveform

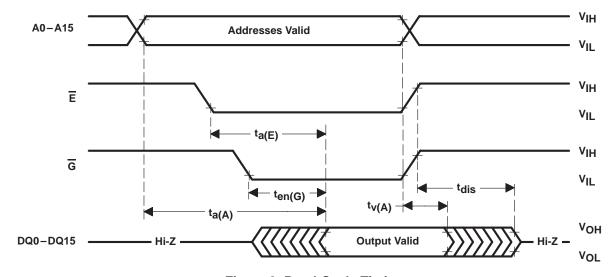
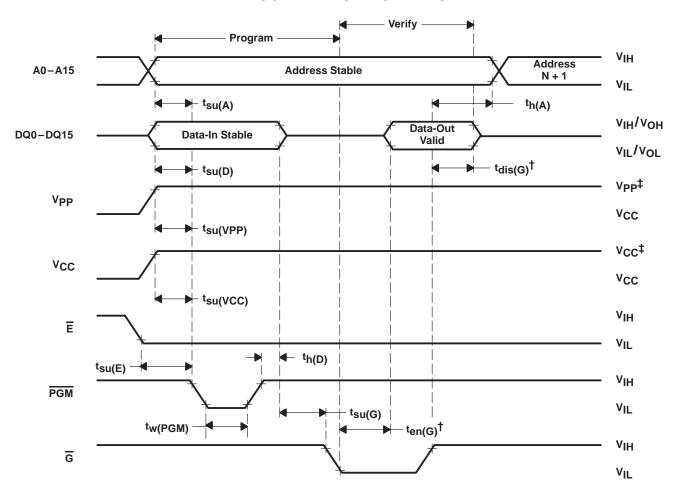


Figure 3. Read-Cycle Timing

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PROGRAMMING INFORMATION



 $^{^\}dagger$ $t_{\mbox{dis}(G)}$ and $t_{\mbox{en}(G)}$ are characteristics of the device but must be accommodated by the programmer. ‡ 13-V VPP and 6.5-V VCC for SNAP! Pulse programming.

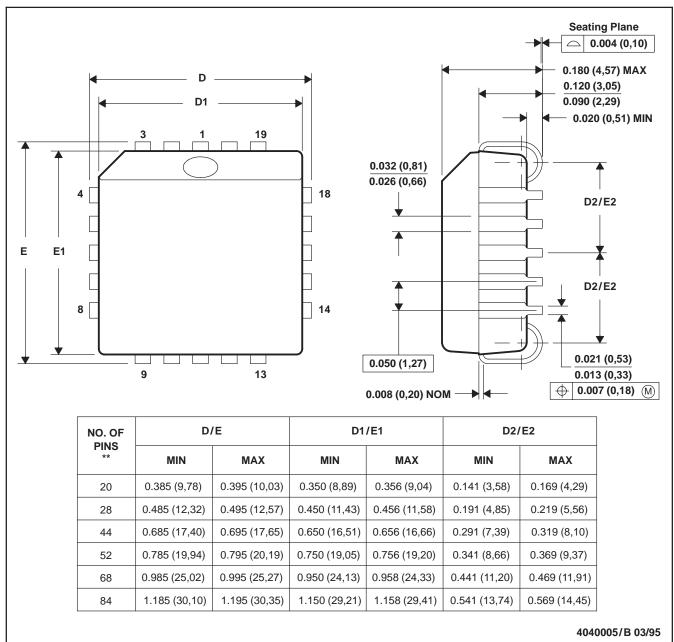
Figure 4. Program-Cycle Timing (SNAP! Pulse Programming)

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FN (S-PQCC-J**)

20 PIN SHOWN

PLASTIC J-LEADED CHIP CARRIER



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

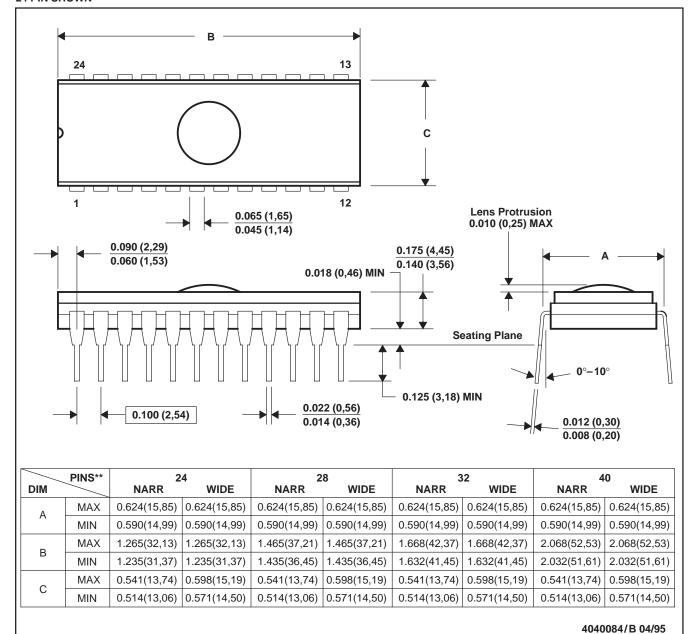
C. Falls within JEDEC MS-018

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J (R-CDIP-T**)

24 PIN SHOWN

CERAMIC SIDE-BRAZE DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
- D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only on press ceramic glass frit seal only.



TMS27C210A 65536 BY 16-BIT UV ERASABLE TMS27PC210A 65536 BY 16-BIT PROGRAMMABLE READ-ONLY MEMORIES SMLS310D-NOVEMBER 1990 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1997



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