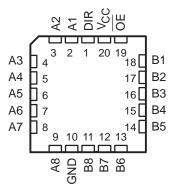
### SN54LVTR245, SN74LVTR245 3.3-V ABT OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS SCAS428 - OCTOBER 1993

- State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS Technology (ABT) Design for 3.3-V Operation and Low-Static Power Dissipation
- Supports Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub>)
- Supports Unregulated Battery Operation Down to 2.7 V
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce) < 0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 500 mA Per JEDEC Standard JESD-17
- Bus-Hold Data Inputs Eliminate the Need for External Pullup Resistors
- Reduced Output Structure on A Port Minimizes V<sub>OHV</sub>
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (DW), Shrink Small-Outline (DB), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages, Ceramic Chip Carriers (FK), and Ceramic DIPs (J)

#### SN54LVTR245 . . . J PACKAGE SN74LVTR245 . . . DB, DW, OR PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

| DIR |     | $\bigcup_{20}$ | ] v <sub>cc</sub> |
|-----|-----|----------------|-------------------|
| A1  | 2   | 19             | ] OE              |
| A2  | [3  | 18             | ] B1              |
| A3  | 4   | 17             | ] B2              |
| A4  | [5  | 16             | ] B3              |
| A5  | 6   | 15             | <b>]</b> B4       |
| A6  | [7  | 14             | ] B5              |
| A7  | 8]  | 13             | B6                |
| A8  | [9  | 12             | ] B7              |
| GND | [10 | 11             | ] B8              |
|     |     |                | I                 |

SN54LVTR245 . . . FK PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



## description

These octal bus transceivers are designed specifically for low-voltage (3.3-V)  $V_{CC}$  operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment.

The 'LVTR245 is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus depending upon the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input can be used to disable the device so the buses are effectively isolated.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

The A port is designed to minimize the undershoot exhibited on high to low transition during simultaneous switching conditions.

The SN74LVTR245 is available in TI's shrink small-outline package (DB), which provides the same I/O pin count and functionality of standard small-outline packages in less than half the printed-circuit-board area.

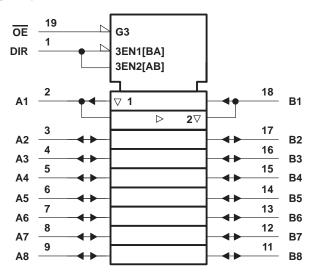
The SN54LVTR245 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C. The SN74LVTR245 is characterized for operation from  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $85^{\circ}$ C.

|        | T ONOTION TABLE |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| INPUTS |                 | OPERATION       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OE     | DIR             | OPERATION       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| L      | L               | B data to A bus |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| L      | Н               | A data to B bus |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| н      | Х               | Isolation       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

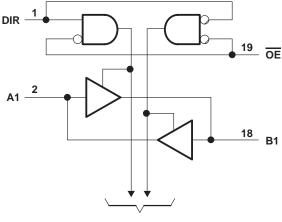
#### FUNCTION TABLE

## SN54LVTR245, SN74LVTR245 3.3-V ABT OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS SCAS428 - OCTOBER 1993

logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



logic diagram (positive logic)



**To Seven Other Channels** 

<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>‡</sup>

| Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>   |               |
|---|---------------|
| Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Note 1)  |               |
| Voltage range applied to any output in the high state or power-off state, V <sub>O</sub> (see Note 1) . | –0.5 V to 7 V |
| Current into any output in the low state, IO: SN54LVTR245   | 96 mA         |
| SN74LVTR245   | 128 mA        |
| Current into any output in the high state, IO (see Note 2): SN54LVTR245                                 | 48 mA         |
| SN74LVTR245   | 64 mA         |
| Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)   | –50 mA        |
| Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0)  | –50 mA        |
| Maximum power dissipation at $T_A = 55^{\circ}C$ (in still air): DB package                             | 0.65 W        |
| DW package  |               |
| PW package  |               |
| Storage temperature range   |               |

<sup>‡</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

2. This current will only flow when the output is in the high state and  $V_O > V_{CC}$ .



# SN54LVTR245, SN74LVTR245 3.3-V ABT OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS SCAS428 – OCTOBER 1993

### recommended operating conditions

|                                |                                    |                 |     |     |     | SN74LVTR245 |      |  |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|------|--|
|                                |                                    |                 | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX         | UNIT |  |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Supply voltage |                                    |                 |     | 3.6 | 2.7 | 3.6         | V    |  |
| VIH                            | High-level input voltage           |                 | 2   | 1   | 2   |             | V    |  |
| VIL                            | Low-level input voltage            |                 |     | 0.8 |     | 0.8         | V    |  |
| VI                             | Input voltage                      |                 |     | 5.5 |     | 5.5         | V    |  |
| lau                            | High-level output current          | B port          | Q   | -24 |     | -32         | mA   |  |
| ЮН                             |                                    | A port          | NC. | -8  |     | -12         | 11/5 |  |
| IOL                            | Low-level output current           |                 | 0   | 24  |     | 32          | mA   |  |
| IOL <sup>†</sup>               | Low-level output current           |                 | 40  | 48  |     | 64          | mA   |  |
| $\Delta t/\Delta v$            | Input transition rise or fall rate | Outputs enabled |     | 10  |     | 10          | ns/V |  |
| TA                             | Operating free-air temperature     |                 | -55 | 125 | -40 | 85          | °C   |  |

<sup>†</sup> Current duty cycle  $\leq$  50%, f  $\geq$  1 kHz



# SN54LVTR245, SN74LVTR245 **3.3-V ABT OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS** WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER         | TEST CONDITIONS  |  |                  |                    | SN54LVTR245 |      |                    | SN74LVTR245 |      |    |  |
|-------------------|--|--|------------------|--------------------|-------------|------|--------------------|-------------|------|----|--|
| PARAMETER         |  |  | MIN              | TYP†               | MAX         | MIN  | TYP <sup>†</sup>   | MAX         | UNIT |    |  |
| VIK               | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}, \qquad I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$                      |  |                  |                    |             | -1.2 |                    |             | -1.2 | V  |  |
|                   | $V_{CC} = MIN \text{ to } MAX^{\ddagger}$                                    | , I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA                  |                  | V <sub>CC</sub> -0 | ).2         |      | V <sub>CC</sub> -0 | .2          |      |    |  |
|                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V,   | I <sub>OH</sub> = - 8 mA                     | Deart            | 2.4                |             |      | 2.4                |             |      |    |  |
|                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V  | I <sub>OH</sub> = - 24 mA                    | B port           | 2                  |             |      |                    |             |      |    |  |
|                   | vCC = 3 v  | I <sub>OH</sub> = -32 mA                     | 7                |                    |             |      | 2                  |             |      |    |  |
| VOH               | $V_{CC} = MIN \text{ to } MAX^{\ddagger}$                                    | I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA                    |                  | V <sub>CC</sub> -0 | ).2         |      | V <sub>CC</sub> -0 | .2          |      | V  |  |
|                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V,   | I <sub>OH</sub> = – 1 mA                     |                  | 2.4                |             |      | 2.4                |             |      |    |  |
|                   |  | I <sub>OH</sub> = – 3 mA                     | A port           | 2.4                |             |      | 2.4                |             |      |    |  |
|                   | $V_{CC} = 3 V$   | I <sub>OH</sub> = – 8 mA                     |                  | 2                  |             |      |                    |             |      |    |  |
|                   |  | I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA                     |                  |                    |             |      | 2                  |             |      |    |  |
|                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA                     |                  |                    |             | 0.2  |                    |             | 0.2  |    |  |
|                   | VCC = 2.7 V  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA                      |                  |                    |             | 0.5  |                    |             | 0.5  |    |  |
| Ve                | $V_{OL}$ $V_{CC} = 3 V$ $I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$<br>$I_{OL} = 32 \text{ mA}$ | I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA                      |                  |                    | 0.4         |      |                    |             | 0.4  | v  |  |
| VOL               |  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 32 mA                      |                  |                    |             | 0.5  |                    |             | 0.5  | v  |  |
| $V_{CC} = 3 V$    | I <sub>OL</sub> = 48 mA  | 0.55   |                  |                    |             |      |                    |             |      |    |  |
|                   |  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 64 mA                      |                  |                    | RE          | 7    |                    |             | 0.55 |    |  |
|                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,   | $V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$               | Control pins     |                    | 7           | ±1   |                    |             | ±1   | 1  |  |
|                   | $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or MAX}^{\ddagger},$                                      | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V                       | Control pins     |                    | 3           | 10   |                    |             | 10   |    |  |
| lj                |  | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V                       |                  |                    | 5           | 100  |                    |             | 20   | μΑ |  |
|                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V  | $V_I = V_{CC}$                               | A or B ports§    | 9                  |             | 5    |                    |             | 5    |    |  |
|                   |  | V <sub>I</sub> = 0                           |                  |                    |             | -5   |                    |             | -5   |    |  |
| ha in             | $V_{CC} = 3 V$   | V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V                       | A or B ports     | 75                 |             |      | 75                 |             |      |    |  |
| l(hold)           | vCC = 3 v  | V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V                         | A of B ports     | -75                |             |      | -75                |             |      | μA |  |
| IOZH              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,   | $V_{O} = 3 V$                                |                  |                    |             | 1    |                    |             | 1    | μΑ |  |
| IOZL              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,   | $V_{O} = 0.5 V$                              |                  |                    |             | -1   |                    |             | -1   | μΑ |  |
|                   |  |  | Outputs high     |                    | 0.13        | 0.5  |                    | 0.13        | 0.19 |    |  |
| Icc               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,   | $I_{O} = 0,$                                 | Outputs low      |                    | 8.8         | 14   |                    | 8.8         | 12   | mA |  |
|                   | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND  |  | Outputs disabled |                    | 0.13        | 0.5  |                    | 0.13        | 0.19 | ШA |  |
| $\Delta I_{CC}$ ¶ | $V_{CC} = 3 V \text{ to } 3.6 V,$<br>Other inputs at $V_{CC}$                | One input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6<br>or GND | 6 V,             |                    |             | 0.3  |                    |             | 0.2  | mA |  |
| Ci                | VI = 3 V or 0  |  |                  |                    | 4           |      |                    | 4           |      | pF |  |
| C <sub>io</sub>   | $V_0 = 3 V \text{ or } 0$  |  |                  |                    | 10          |      |                    | 10          |      | pF |  |

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. <sup>‡</sup> For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.

§ Unused pins at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND

This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.



# SN54LVTR245, SN74LVTR245 **3.3-V ABT OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS** WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS SCAS428 – OCTOBER 1993

| switching characteristics, C | L = 50  pF (unless | ss otherwise noted) | (see Figure 1) |
|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|
|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|

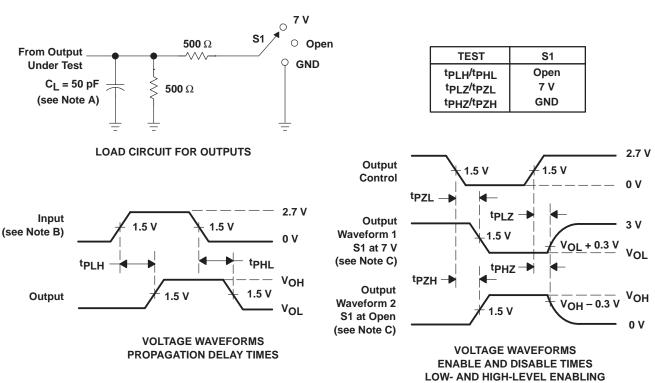
|                  |                 |                |   | SN54LVTR245<br>T <sub>A</sub> = –55°C to 125°C |                         |     | SN74LVTR245<br>T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C |      |                         |     |      |     |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|-----|---|------|-------------------------|-----|------|-----|
| PARAMETER        | FROM<br>(INPUT) | TO<br>(OUTPUT) | TO<br>JTPUT) V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V<br>± 0.3 V |  | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V |     | $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V                  |      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V |     | UNIT |     |
|                  |                 |                | MIN   | MAX  | MIN                     | MAX | MIN   | TYP† | MAX                     | MIN | MAX  |     |
|                  | A               | В              | 1.1   | 4.3  |                         | 4.8 | 1.1   | 2.5  | 4.2                     |     | 4.7  |     |
| <sup>t</sup> PLH | В               | А              | 1.4   | 4.5  | 4                       | 5.4 | 1.4   | 2.7  | 4.4                     |     | 5.3  | ns  |
|                  | A               | В              | 1.1   | 4.7  | IE)                     | 5.9 | 1.1   | 2.6  | 4.6                     |     | 5.8  |     |
| <sup>t</sup> PHL | В               | А              | 1   | 4.2  | 951                     | 5.3 | 1   | 2.3  | 4.1                     |     | 5.1  | ns  |
| to =: .          | OE              | В              | 1.3   | 5.9  | Q                       | 7   | 1.3   | 3.1  | 5.5                     |     | 6.7  | ns  |
| <sup>t</sup> PZH | OE              | A              | 1.6   | 6.1  |                         | 8.4 | 1.6   | 3.6  | 6                       |     | 8.3  | 115 |
| to 71            | OE              | В              | 2   | 6.7  |                         | 8.1 | 2   | 3.9  | 6.6                     |     | 8    | ns  |
| <sup>t</sup> PZL | OE              | А              | 1.8   | <b>6</b> .5                                    |                         | 7.7 | 1.8   | 3.8  | 6.4                     |     | 7.6  | 115 |
| tour             | OE              | В              | 2.7   | 6.5  |                         | 7   | 2.7   | 4.2  | 6.1                     |     | 6.7  | ns  |
| <sup>t</sup> PHZ | UE              | A              | 2.5   | 6.2  |                         | 6.8 | 2.5   | 4    | 5.8                     |     | 6.4  | 113 |
|                  | ŌĒ              | В              | 2.4   | 5.6  |                         | 5.6 | 2.4   | 3.7  | 5.2                     |     | 5.4  | ns  |
| <sup>t</sup> PLZ | UL UL           | A              | 2.4   | 5.5  |                         | 5.6 | 2.4   | 3.7  | 5.2                     |     | 5.3  | 115 |

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> =  $25^{\circ}$ C.



# SN54LVTR245, SN74LVTR245 **3.3-V ABT OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS** WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

- NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns.
  - C. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

### Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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