16-bit dual supply translating transciever; 3-stateRev. 02 — 1 June 2004Product data

Product data sheet

General description 1.

The 74ALVC164245 is a high-performance, low-power, low-voltage, Si-gate CMOS device, superior to most advanced CMOS compatible TTL families.

The 74ALVC164245 is a 16-bit (dual octal) dual supply translating transceiver featuring non-inverting 3-state bus compatible outputs in both send and receive directions. It is designed to interface between a 3 V and 5 V bus in a mixed 3 V and 5 V supply environment.

This device can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver.

The direction control inputs (1DIR and 2DIR) determine the direction of the data flow. nDIR (active HIGH) enables data from nA ports to nB ports. nDIR (active LOW) enables data from nB ports to nA ports. The output enable inputs $(1\overline{OE} \text{ and } 2\overline{OE})$, when HIGH, disable both nA and nB ports by placing them in a high-impedance OFF-state. The nB ports interface with the 5 V bus. The nA ports interface with the 3 V bus.

In suspend mode, when one of the supply voltages is zero, there will be no current flow from the non-zero supply towards the zero supply. The A-outputs must be set 3-state and the voltage on the A-bus must be smaller than V_{diode} (typical 0.7 V). $V_{CCB} \ge V_{CCA}$ (except in suspend mode).

2. Features

- 5 V tolerant inputs/outputs for interfacing with 5 V logic
- Wide supply voltage range:
 - 3 V port (V_{CCA}): 1.5 V to 3.6 V
 - 5 V port (V_{CCB}): 1.5 V to 5.5 V.
- CMOS low power consumption
- Direct interface with TTL levels
- Control inputs voltage range from 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5 V
- High-impedance outputs when V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} = 0 V
- Complies with JEDEC standard JESD8-B/JESD36
- ESD protection:
 - HBM EIA/JESD22-A114-B exceeds 2000 V
 - MM EIA/JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V.
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C.

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3. Quick reference data

Table 1: GND = 0 \	Quick reference data /; $T_{amb} = 25 \circ C$; $t_r = t_f \le 2$.	5 ns.				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	propagation delay nAn to nBn	$\begin{array}{l} C_{L} = 50 \ \text{pF}; \\ V_{CCB} = 4.5 \ \text{V to } 5.5 \ \text{V}; \\ V_{CCA} = 3.0 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V} \end{array}$	-	2.9	-	ns
	propagation delay nBn to nAn	$\begin{array}{l} C_{L} = 50 \ \text{pF}; \\ V_{CCB} = 4.5 \ \text{V to } 5.5 \ \text{V}; \\ V_{CCA} = 3.0 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V} \end{array}$	-	2.5	-	ns
	propagation delay nAn to nBn	$\begin{array}{l} C_{L} = 50 \ \text{pF}; \\ V_{CCB} = 3.0 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V}; \\ V_{CCA} = 2.3 \ \text{V to } 2.7 \ \text{V} \end{array}$	-	3.3	-	ns
	propagation delay nBn to nAn	$\begin{array}{l} C_{L} = 50 \ \text{pF}; \\ V_{CCB} = 3.0 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V}; \\ V_{CCA} = 2.3 \ \text{V to } 2.7 \ \text{V} \end{array}$	-	3.0	-	ns
CI	input capacitance		-	4.0	-	pF
C _{I/O}	input/output capacitance A and B port		-	5.0	-	pF
C _{PD}	power dissipation	V_{CCB} = 5 V; V_{CCA} = 3.3 V	[1] [2]			
	capacitance 5 V port: nAn to nBn	outputs enabled	-	30	-	pF
		outputs disabled	-	15	-	pF
	power dissipation	$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V}; V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	<u>[1][2]</u>			
	capacitance 3 V port: nBn to nA	outputs enabled	-	40	-	pF
	nbn to na	outputs disabled	-	5	-	pF

[1] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μ W).

 $P_{D} = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{i} \times N + \Sigma (C_{L} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{o}) \text{ where:}$

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o = output frequency in MHz;$

 C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts;

N = total load switching outputs;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

[2] The condition is $V_I = GND$ to V_{CC} .

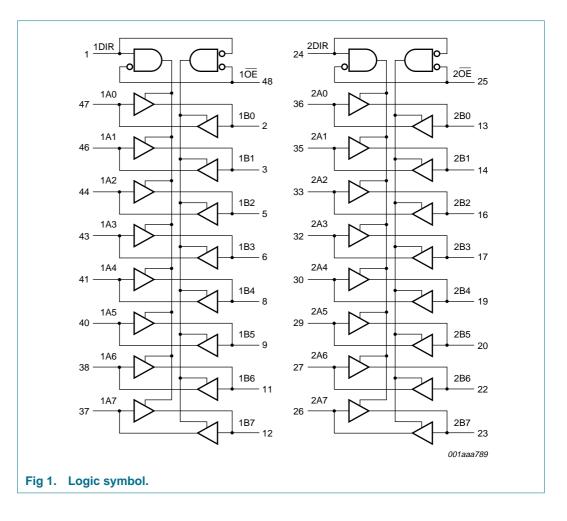
4. Ordering information

Table 2: Ordering	Table 2: Ordering information									
Type number	Temperature range	Package								
		Name	Description	Version						
74ALVC164245DGG	–40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP48	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 6.1 mm	SOT362-1						
74ALVC164245DL	–40 °C to +125 °C	SSOP48	plastic shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 7.5 mm	SOT370-1						

9397 750 13248

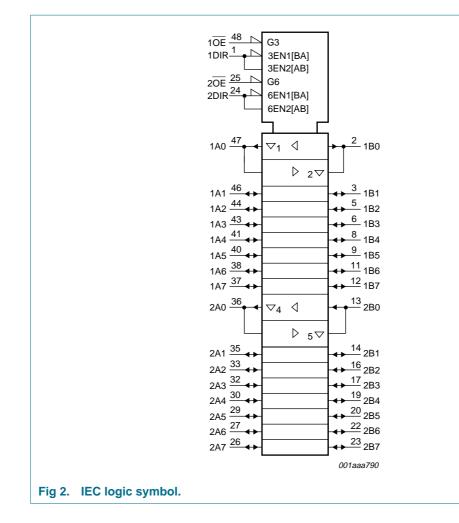
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5. Functional diagram



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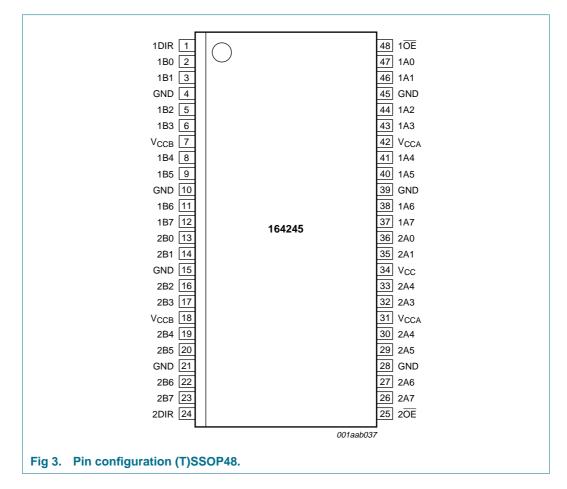




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6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



6.2 Pin description

Table 3: Pin description

Table 5.	Findescription	
Symbol	Pin	Description
1DIR	1	direction control input
1B0	2	data input/output
1B1	3	data input/output
GND	4, 10, 15, 21, 28, 34, 39, 45	ground (0 V)
1B2	5	data input/output
1B3	6	data input/output
V _{CCB}	7, 18	supply voltage (5 V bus)
1B4	8	data input/output
1B5	9	data input/output
1B6	11	data input/output
1B7	12	data input/output

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Table 3:	Pin description	continued
Symbol	Pin	Description
2B0	13	data input/output
2B1	14	data input/output
2B2	16	data input/output
2B3	17	data input/output
2B4	19	data input/output
2B5	20	data input/output
2B6	22	data input/output
2B7	23	data input/output
2DIR	24	direction control input
2 0E	25	output enable input (active LOW)
2A7	26	data input/output
2A6	27	data input/output
2A5	29	data input/output
2A4	30	data input/output
V _{CCA}	31, 42	supply voltage (3 V bus)
2A3	32	data input/output
2A2	33	data input/output
2A1	35	data input/output
2A0	36	data input/output
1A7	37	data input/output
1A6	38	data input/output
1A5	40	data input/output
1A4	41	data input/output
1A3	43	data input/output
1A2	44	data input/output
1A1	46	data input/output
1A0	47	data input/output
1 0E	48	output enable input (active LOW)
n.c.	-	not connected

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7. Functional description

7.1 Function table

Table 4: Fund	ction table [1]			
Inputs		Outputs		
nOE	nDIR	nAn	nBn	
L	L	A = B	inputs	
L	Н	inputs	B = A	
Н	Х	7	7	

[1] H = HIGH voltage level;

L = LOW voltage level;

X = don't care;

Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

8. Limiting values

Table 5: Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). See <u>Table note 1</u>.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CCB}	supply voltage B port	$V_{CCB} \ge V_{CCA}$	-0.5	+6.0	V
V _{CCA}	supply voltage A port	$V_{CCB} \ge V_{CCA}$	-0.5	+4.6	V
I _{IK}	input diode current	V _I < 0 V	-	-50	mA
VI	input voltage		[2] -0.5	+6.0	V
V _{I/O}	input voltage range for I/Os		-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
Ι _{ΟΚ}	output diode current	$V_{O} > V_{CC}$ or $V_{O} < 0 V$	-	±50	mA
Vo	output voltage	output HIGH or LOW state	<mark>[2]</mark> –0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
		output 3-state	2 –0.5	+6.0	V
lo	output source or sink current	$V_{O} = 0 V$ to V_{CC}	-	±50	mA
I _{CC} , I _{GND}	V _{CC} or GND current		-	±100	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	power dissipation				
	SSOP and TSSOP package	T_{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C	<u>[3]</u> _	500	mW

[1] The performance capability of a high-performance integrated circuit in conjunction with its thermal environment can create junction temperatures which are detrimental to reliability. The maximum junction temperature of this integrated circuit should not exceed 150 °C.

[2] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[3] For (T)SSOP48 packages: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.

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9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6:	Recommended	operating conditions				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{CCB}	supply voltage	$V_{CCB} \ge V_{CCA}$				
	B port	maximum speed performance	2.7	-	5.5	V
		low-voltage applications	1.5	-	5.5	V
V _{CCA}	supply voltage	$V_{CCB} \ge V_{CCA}$				
	A port	maximum speed performance	2.7	-	3.6	V
		low-voltage applications	1.5	-	3.6	V
VI	input voltage control inputs		0	-	5.5	V
V _{I/O}	input voltage					
	A port		0	-	V_{CCA}	V
	B port		0	-	V_{CCB}	V
Vo	output voltage					
	A port		0	-	V_{CCA}	V
	B port		0	-	V_{CCB}	V
T _{amb}	operating ambient temperature		-40	-	+125	°C
t _r , t _f	input rise and	V_{CCA} = 2.7 V to 3.0 V	0	-	20	ns/V
	fall times	V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	0	-	10	ns/V
		V_{CCB} = 3.0 V to 4.5 V	0	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCB} = 4.5 \text{ V} \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	-	10	ns/V

10. Static characteristics

Table 7: Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = -40) ℃ to +85 ℃ [<u>1]</u>					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage					
	B port	V_{CCB} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V	2 2.0	-	-	V
	A port	$V_{CCA} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
		V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	[2] 1.7	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage					
	B port	V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	[2] _	-	0.8	V
		$V_{CCB} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	[2] _	-	0.7	V
	A port	$V_{CCA} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.8	V
		V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	[2] _	-	0.7	V

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{он}	HIGH-level output voltage					
	B port	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O} = -24 \text{ mA}; V_{CCB} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	V _{CCB} –	0.8 -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -12 \text{ mA}; V_{CCB} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	V _{CCB} –	0.5 -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -18 \text{ mA}; V_{CCB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	V _{CCB} –	0.8 -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCB} = 3.0 \ V$	V _{CCB} –	0.2 V _{CCB}	-	V
	A port	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
		$I_0 = -24$ mA; $V_{CCA} = 3.0$ V	V _{CCA} –	0.7 -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCA} = 3.0 \ \text{V}$	V _{CCA} –	0.2 -	-	V
		$I_0 = -12 \text{ mA}; V_{CCA} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	V _{CCA} –	0.5 -	-	V
		I_{O} = -8 mA; V_{CCA} = 2.3 V	V _{CCA} –	0.6 -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCA} = 2.3 \ V$	V _{CCA} –	0.2 V _{CCA}	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage					
	B port	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O} = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CCB} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.55	V
		I_{O} = 12 mA; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V	-	-	0.40	V
		I_{O} = 100 µA; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V	-	-	0.20	V
		I_{O} = 18 mA; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V	-	-	0.55	V
		$I_{O} = 100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCB} = 3.0 \ V$	-	-	0.20	V
	A port	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
		$I_0 = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.55	V
		$I_0 = 100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCA} = 3.0 \ V$	-	-	0.20	V
		$I_0 = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CCA} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.40	V
		$I_0 = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CCA} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.60	V
		$I_0 = 100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCA} = 2.3 \ V$	-	-	0.20	V
ILI	input leakage current	$V_{I} = 5.5 V \text{ or GND}$	-	±0.1	±5	μA
I _{OZ}	3-state output OFF-state current	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $V_{O} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$	<u>[3]</u>	±0.1	±10	μA
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$ A	-	0.1	40	μA
Δl _{CC}	additional quiescent supply current per control pin	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V; I_{O} = 0 A$	<u>[4]</u> _	5	500	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance		-	4.0	-	pF
C _{I/O}	input/output capacitance A and B port		-	5.0	-	pF
T _{amb} = -40	0 °C to +125 °C					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage					
	B port	V_{CCB} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V	2 2.0	-	-	V
	A port	$V_{CCA} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
		$V_{CCA} = 2.3 \text{ V} \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	2 1.7	-	-	V

Table 7: Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage						
	B port	V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	[2]	-	-	0.8	V
		V_{CCB} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	[2]	-	-	0.7	V
	A port	V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		-	-	0.8	V
		V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	[2]	-	-	0.7	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage						
	B port	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$					
		I _O = –24 mA; V _{CCB} = 4.5 V		V _{CCB} - 1.2	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -12 \text{ mA}; V_{CCB} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		$V_{CCB} - 0.8$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -18 \text{ mA}; V_{CCB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		V _{CCB} - 1.0	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -100 \ \mu A; V_{CCB} = 3.0 \ V$		$V_{CCB} - 0.3$	V _{CCB}	-	V
	A port	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$					
		$I_{O} = -24 \text{ mA}; V_{CCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		V _{CCA} - 1.0	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCA} = 3.0 \ V$		$V_{CCA} - 0.3$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -12 \text{ mA}; V_{CCA} = 2.7 \text{ V}$		$V_{CCA} - 0.8$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -8 \text{ mA}; V_{CCA} = 2.3 \text{ V}$		$V_{CCA} - 0.6$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCA} = 2.3 \ V$		$V_{CCA} - 0.3$	V _{CCA}	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage						
	B port	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$					
		$I_{O} = 24 \text{ mA}; V_{CCB} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.60	V
		I_{O} = 12 mA; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V		-	-	0.80	V
		$I_0 = 100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCB} = 4.5 \ V$		-	-	0.30	V
		I _O = 18 mA; V _{CCB} = 3.0 V		-	-	0.80	V
		I_{O} = 100 µA; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V		-	-	0.30	V
	A port	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$					
		I _O = 24 mA; V _{CCA} = 3.0 V		-	-	0.80	V
		$I_0 = 100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCA} = 3.0 \ V$		-	-	0.30	V
		$I_0 = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CCA} = 2.7 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.60	V
		$I_0 = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CCA} = 2.3 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.60	V
		$I_0 = 100 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CCA} = 2.3 \ \text{V}$		-	-	0.20	V
LI	input leakage current	$V_1 = 5.5 V \text{ or GND}$		-	±0.1	±10	μA
OZ	3-state output OFF-state current	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $V_{O} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$	[3]	-	±0.1	±20	μA
сс	quiescent supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$ A		-	0.1	80	μA
∆I _{CC}	additional quiescent supply current per control pin	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_{O} = 0 \text{ A}$	[4]	-	5	5000	μA

Static characteristics ... continued Table 7:

[1] All typical values are measured at V_{CCB} = 5.0 V, V_{CCA} = 3.3 V and T_{amb} = 25 °C.

[2] If V_{CCA} < 2.7 V, the switching levels at all inputs are not TTL compatible.

[3] For transceivers, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.

[4] V_{CCA} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V: other inputs at V_{CCA} or GND; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V: other inputs at V_{CCB} or GND.

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11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8: Dynamic characteristics

 $GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f \le 2.5 ns; C_L = 50 pF; see Figure 6.$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = -40	°C to +85 °C [1]					
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	propagation delay	see <u>Figure 4</u>				
	nAn to nBn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	1.5	3.3	7.6	ns
		V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	3.0	5.9	ns
		V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	2.9	5.8	ns
	propagation delay	see <u>Figure 4</u>				
	nBn to nAn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	1.0	3.0	7.6	ns
		V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	4.3	6.7	ns
		V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.2	2.5	5.8	ns
_{PZH} , t _{PZL}	3-state output enable	see Figure 5				
	time nOE to nBn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	1.5	4.1	11.5	ns
		V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.5	3.6	9.2	ns
		V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	3.2	8.9	ns
	3-state output enable	see Figure 5				
	time nOE to nAn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	1.5	4.6	12.3	ns
		V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.5	4.3	9.3	ns
		V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	3.2	8.9	ns
_{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	3-state output disable	see <u>Figure 5</u>				
	time nOE to nBn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	2.0	2.7	10.5	ns
		V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.5	4.6	9.0	ns
		V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.1	4.9	8.6	ns
	3-state output disable	see Figure 5				
	time nOE to nAn	$V_{CCA} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}; V_{CCB} = 3.0 \text{ V tot } 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.0	2.7	9.3	ns
		V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.5	3.5	9.0	ns
		V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.0	3.2	8.6	ns
C _{PD}	power dissipation	$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V}; V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	[2] [3]			
	capacitance 5 V port:	outputs enabled	-	30	-	pF
	nAn to nBn	outputs disabled	-	15	-	pF
	power dissipation	$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V}; V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	[2] [3]			
	capacitance 3 V port:	outputs enabled	-	40	-	pF
	nBn to nA	outputs disabled	-	5	-	pF

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Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
°C to +125 °C					
propagation delay	see Figure 4				
nAn to nBn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	1.5	-	9.5	ns
	V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	-	7.5	ns
	V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	-	7.5	ns
propagation delay	see Figure 4				
nBn to nAn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	1.0	-	9.5	ns
	V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	-	8.5	ns
	V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.2	-	7.5	ns
3-state output enable	see <u>Figure 5</u>				
time nOE to nBn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	1.5	-	14.5	ns
	V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.5	-	11.5	ns
	V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	-	12.0	ns
3-state output enable	see <u>Figure 5</u>				
time nOE to nAn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	1.5	-	15.5	ns
	V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.5	-	12.0	ns
	V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.0	-	11.5	ns
3-state output disable	see <u>Figure 5</u>				
time nOE to nBn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	2.0	-	13.5	ns
	V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.5	-	11.5	ns
	V_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.1	-	11.0	ns
3-state output disable	see Figure 5				
time nOE to nAn	V_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V	1.0	-	12.0	ns
	V_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.5	-	11.5	ns
	$V_{CCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CCB} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	2.0	_	11.0	ns
	°C to +125 °C propagation delay nAn to nBn propagation delay nBn to nAn 3-state output enable time nOE to nBn 3-state output enable time nOE to nAn 3-state output enable time nOE to nAn 3-state output enable time nOE to nAn				$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline \mbox{Ct to \pm125 °C$} \\ \hline \mbox{Propagation delay} & \mbox{see Figure 4} \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 9.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 1.0 & - 7.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 1.0 & - 7.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.0 & - 9.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.0 & - 9.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 1.0 & - 8.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 1.0 & - 8.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 1.2 & - 7.5 \\ \hline \mbox{Setate output enable} & \\ \hline \mbox{imm nOE to nBn} & \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 14.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 1.0 & - 12.0 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 11.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 12.0 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 12.0 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 12.0 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 12.0 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 12.0 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 12.0 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 1.5 & - 11.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 2.0 & - 13.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 2.0 & - 13.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 2.1 & - 11.0 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 3.0 V tot 3.6 V & 2.0 & - 13.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 2.1 & - 11.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 2.1 & - 11.5 \\ \hline \mbox{V}_{CCA} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; V_{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V & 2.1 & $

Table 8: Dynamic characteristics ...continued GND = 0 V: $t_s = t_s < 2.5$ ns: $C_t = 50$ pF: see Figure 6

[1] All typical values are measured at nominal voltage for V_{CCB} and V_{CCA} and at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

[2] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μ W).

 $P_{D} = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{i} \times N + \Sigma(C_{L} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{o}) \text{ where:}$

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

 f_o = output frequency in MHz;

 C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts;

N = total load switching outputs;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}{}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

[3] The condition is $V_I = GND$ to V_{CC} .

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12. AC waveforms

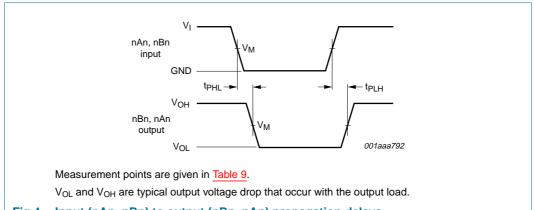
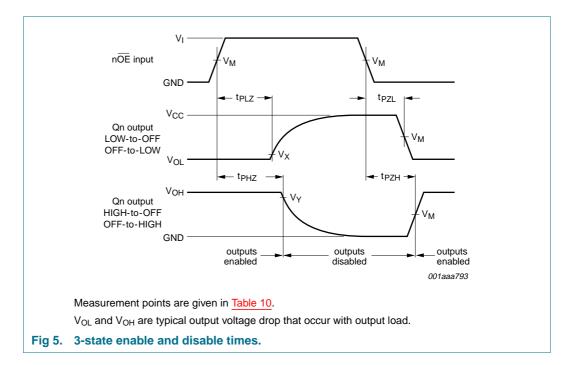


Fig 4. Input (nAn, nBn) to output (nBn, nAn) propagation delays.

Table 9: **Measurement points**

Direction	Supply voltage		Input	Output	
	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	VI	V _M	V _M
A port to B port	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.7 V to 3.6 V	V _{CCA}	$0.5 \times V_{\text{CCA}}$	1.5 V
B port to A port	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.7 V	1.5 V	$0.5 \times V_{\text{CCA}}$
A port to B port	2.7 V to 3.6 V	4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.7 V	1.5 V	$0.5 \times V_{\text{CCB}}$
B port to A port	2.7 V to 3.6 V	4.5 V to 5.5 V $$	3.0 V	1.5 V	1.5 V



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Table 10: Measurement points

Direction	Supply voltage		Input		Output		
	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	VI	V _M	V _M	V _X	V _Y
A port to B port	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.7 V to 3.6 V	V _{CCA}	$0.5 imes V_{CCA}$	1.5 V	V _{OL(B)} + 0.3 V	$V_{OH(B)} - 0.3 V$
B port to A port	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.7 V	1.5 V	$0.5 \times V_{\text{CCA}}$	V _{OL(A)} + 0.15 V	$V_{OH(A)} - 0.15 \text{ V}$
A port to B port	2.7 V to 3.6 V	4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.7 V	1.5 V	$0.5 \times V_{CCB}$	$0.2 \times V_{\text{CCB}}$	$0.8 \times V_{\text{CCB}}$
B port to A port	2.7 V to 3.6 V	4.5 V to 5.5 V	3.0 V	1.5 V	1.5 V	V _{OL(A)} + 0.3 V	V _{OH(A)} – 0.3 V

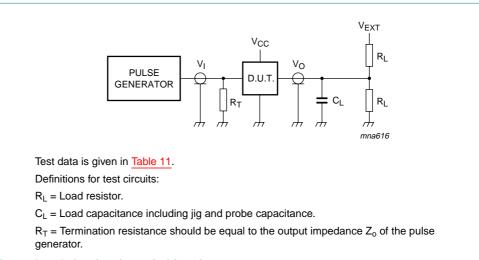


Fig 6. Load circuitry for switching times.

Table 11: Test data

Direction	Supply voltage		Load		V _{EXT}		
	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	CL	RL	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ}	t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ}
A port to B port	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.7 V to 3.6 V $$	50 pF	500 Ω	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$
B port to A port	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.7 V to 3.6 V	50 pF	500 Ω	open	GND	6.0 V
A port to B port	2.7 V to 3.6 V	4.5 V to 5.5 V	50 pF	500 Ω	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$
B port to A port	2.7 V to 3.6 V	4.5 V to 5.5 V	50 pF	500 Ω	open	GND	6.0 V

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13. Package outline

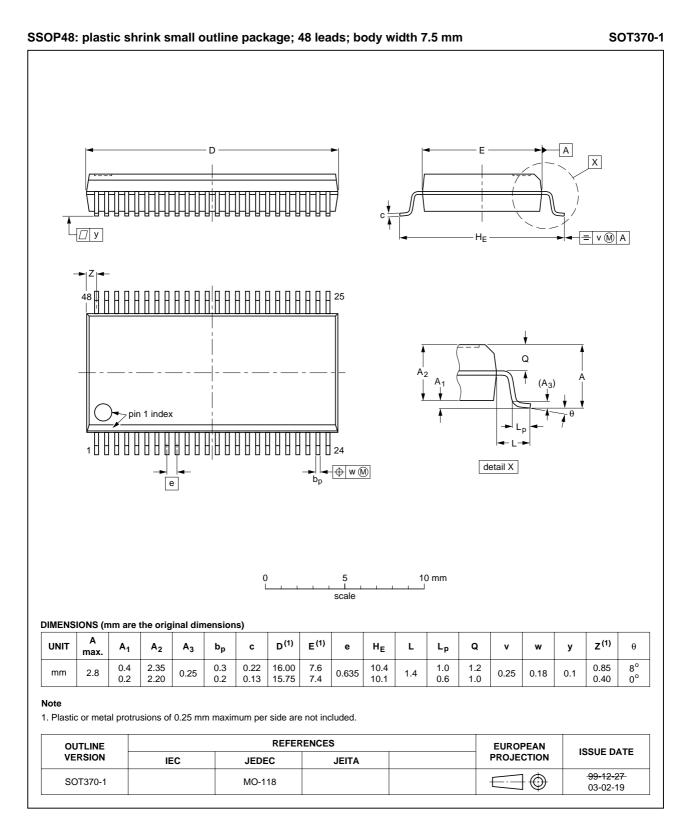
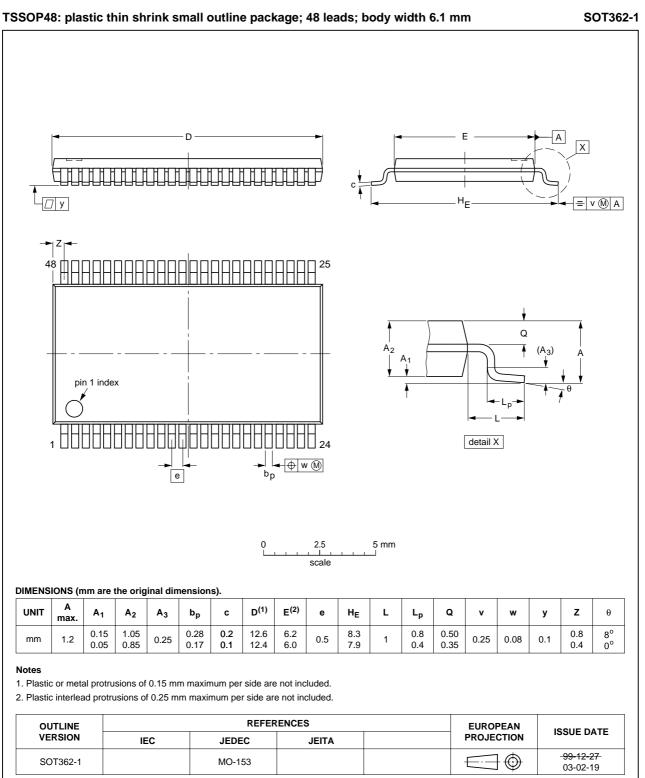


Fig 7. Package outline SSOP48.

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OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE	
SOT362-1		MO-153				-99-12-27- 03-02-19	

Fig 8. Package outline TSSOP48.

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14. Revision history

Table 12: Revision	history				
Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Order number	Supersedes
74ALVC164245_2	20040601	Product data	-	9397 750 13248	74ALVC164245_1
Modifications:	information • <u>Table 2</u> : VI • <u>Table 7</u> : Va	t of this data sheet has be n standard of Philips Ser FBGA56 type added alues for $T_{amb} = -40$ °C t alues for $T_{amb} = -40$ °C t	niconductors. to +125 °C added	comply with the cur	rent presentation and
74ALVC164245_1	19980826	Product specification	-	9397 750 04564	-

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15. Data sheet status

Level	Data sheet status [1]	Product status [2] [3]	Definition
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
II	Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.
III	Product data	Production	This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Relevant changes will be communicated via a Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN).

[1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.semiconductors.philips.com.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

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