# ILA4605-2

## Control IC for Switched Mode Power Supplies using MOS Transistors

The IC ILA 4605-2 controls the MOS - power transistor and performs all necessary regulation and monitoring function in free running flyback converters. Because of the fact that a wide load range is achieved, this IC is applicable for consumer as well as industrial power supplies.

The serial circuit and primary winding of the flyback transformer are connected in series to the input voltage. During the switch - on period of the transistor, energy is stored in the transformer. During the switch - off period the energy is fed to the load via the secondary winding. By varying switch - on time of the Power transistor, the IC controls each portion of energy transferred to the secondary side such that the output voltage remains nearly independent of load variations. The required control information is taken from the input voltage during the switch - on period and from a regulation winding during the switch - off period. A new cycle will start if the transformer has transferred the stored energy completely into the load.

## FEATURES:

- Fold back characteristics provides overload protection for external components
- Burst operation under secondary short circuit condition implemented
- Protection against open or short of the control loop
- Switch off if line voltage is too low (undervoltage switch off)
- Line voltage depending compensation of fold back point
- Soft start for quiet start up without noise generated by the transformer
- Chip over temperature protection (thermal shutdown)
- On chip ringing suppression circuit against parasitic oscillations of the transformer

In the different voltage ranges the switched - mode Power supply (SMPS) behaves as follow:

**No load operation**. The Power supply is operating in the burst mode at typical 20 to 40 kHz. The output voltage can be a little bit higher or lower than the nominal value depending on the design of the transformer and the resistors of the control voltage divider. **Nominal operation**. The switching frequency is reduced with increasing load and decreasing AC voltage. The duty factor primarily depends on the AC voltage. The output voltage is only depends on the load.

**Overload point**. Maximum output Power is available at this point of the output characteristic.

**Overload**. The energy transferred per operation cycle is limited at the top. Therefore the output voltages declines by secondary overloading.

Pin #	Function
1.	Information Input Concerning Secondary Voltage
2.	Information Input Regarding the Primary Current
3.	Input for Primary Voltage Monitoring
4.	Ground
5.	Output
6.	Supply Voltage Input
7.	Input for Soft Start and Integrator Circuit
8.	Input for the Feedback of the Oscillator

## PIN DEFINITION





#### **Block Diagram**



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Ta=-20 to 85°C; all voltages relatives to V<sub>pp</sub>

Parameter		Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Notes
			min	max		
Voltages	pin 1	V <sub>1</sub>	-0.3	3	V	
	pin 2	V <sub>2</sub>	-0.3		V	
	pin 3	V <sub>3</sub>	-0.3		V	
	pin 4	$V_4$	-0.3		V	
	pin 5	$V_5$	-0.3	V <sub>6</sub>	V	
	pin 6	V <sub>6</sub>	-0.3	20	V	Supply voltage
	pin 7	V <sub>7</sub>	-0.3		V	
Current	pin 1	I <sub>1</sub>		3	mA	
	pin 2	l <sub>2</sub>		3	mA	
	pin 3	l <sub>3</sub>		3	mA	
	pin 4	$I_4$	-1.5		A	t <sub>p</sub> ≤50μs; v≤0.1 *
	pin 5	l <sub>5</sub>	-0.5	1.5	A	t <sub>p</sub> ≤50μs; v≤0.1
	pin 6	I <sub>6</sub>		0.5	А	t <sub>p</sub> ≤50μs; v≤0.1
	pin 7	I <sub>7</sub>		3	mA	
	pin 8	I <sub>8</sub>	-5	3	mA	
Junction temperature		Tj		125	°C	
Storage temperature		T <sub>stq</sub>	-40	125	°C	
Operating I	Range					
Supply voltage		V <sub>6</sub>	7.5	15.5	V	IC is on
Ambient temperature		Та	-20	85	°C	

\* tp= pulse width

v = duty circle

## CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C; V<sub>S</sub>=10V

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Units	Test Condition			
		min.	max.					
Start - Up Hysteresis								
Start-up current drain	I <sub>6EO</sub>		1.6	mA	V <sub>6</sub> =V <sub>6E</sub>			
Switch-on voltage	V <sub>6E</sub>	11	13	V				
Switch-on current	I <sub>6E1</sub>		16	mA	V <sub>6</sub> =V <sub>6E</sub>			
Voltage Clamp (V <sub>6</sub> =10V; IC is off)								
At pins 2,3 (V <sub>6</sub> ≤V <sub>6E</sub> )	V <sub>max</sub>	5.6	9.0	V	I <sub>2,3</sub> =1mA			
Control Range								
Control input voltage	V <sub>1R</sub>	370	430	mV				
Voltage gain of the control	-V <sub>R</sub>	150						
circuit in the control value								
Push-Pull Output Stage								
Saturation voltages								
Pin 5 sourcing	V <sub>sat0</sub>		2.2	V	I <sub>5</sub> =-0.1A			
Pin5 sinking	V <sub>satV</sub>		1.4	V	I <sub>5</sub> =+0.1A			
Protection Circuit								
Undervoltage protection for								
$V_6$ : voltage at pin 5 = $V_{5min}$ if	V <sub>6min</sub>	6	8	V				
V <sub>6</sub> < V <sub>6min</sub>								
Undervoltage protection for								
$V_6$ : voltage at pin 5 = $V_{5min}$ if	V <sub>6max</sub>		16.7	V				
$V_6 > V_{6max}$								

## APPLICATION DIAGRAM



INTEGRAL