# 8-bit Proprietary Microcontroller

# CMOS

# F<sup>2</sup>MC-8L MB89680 Series

# MB89689/P689/W689/PV680

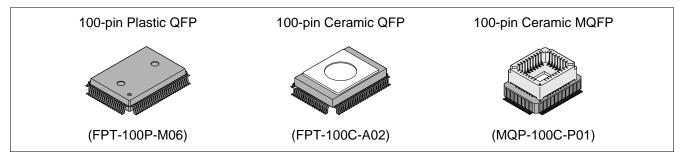
# 

The MB89680 series is a line of single-chip microcontrollers. In addition to a compact instruction set, the microcontrollers contain a variety of peripheral functions such as dual-clock control system, four operating speed control stages, timers, PWM timer, a serial interface, a UART, an A/D converter, and an external interrupt.

# ■ FEATURES

- F<sup>2</sup>MC-8L family CPU core
- Dual-clock control system
- Maximum memory space: 64 Kbytes
- Minimum execution time: 0.5 µs/8 MHz
- Interrupt processing time: 4.5 μs/8 MHz
- I/O ports: max. 85 channels
- 21-bit timebase counter
- 8-bit PWM timer
- 8/16-bit timer
- UART
- Serial I/O with 1-byte buffer
- 8-bit A/D converter
- Pulse width counter
- Modem signal output
- External interrupts: 16 channels
- Power-on reset function
- Low-power consumption modes (subclock mode, watch mode, sleep mode, and stop mode)
- CMOS technology

# PACKAGE



# ■ PRODUCT LINEUP

| Part number                                  | MB89689   | MB89P689                     | MB89W689   | MB89PV680   |  |  |
|--|---|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| ltem   | WD05005   | WID03F 003                   | WD0944009  |   |  |  |
| Classification                               | Mass-produced<br>product<br>(mask ROM product)  | One-time PROM product        | EPROM product  | Piggyback/<br>evaluation product<br>(for development) |  |  |
| ROM size                                     | 60 K × 8 bits<br>(internal mask ROM)  |                              |  | $60 \text{ K} \times 8 \text{ bits}$ (external ROM)   |  |  |
| RAM size                                     |   | 2.0 K × 8 bits               |  |   |  |  |
| Instruction bit length                       |   | 8 k                          | pits   |   |  |  |
| Instruction length                           |   | 1 byte to                    | o 3 bytes  |   |  |  |
| Data bit length                              |   | 1, 8, 1                      | 16 bits  |   |  |  |
| Number of instructions                       |   | 1:                           | 36   |   |  |  |
| Clock generator                              |   | Bui                          | lt-in  |   |  |  |
| Minimum execution time                       | 0.5   | 5 μs/8 MHz to 8 μs/8         | MHz, 61 μs/32.768 kl   | Hz  |  |  |
| Interrupt processing time                    | 4.5 μ   | us/8 MHz to 72 μs/8 M        | /Hz, 562.5 μs/32.768   | kHz   |  |  |
| Ports<br>( ) indicate dual function<br>ports | Output ports (N-ch open-drain):         21 (8)           Output ports (CMOS):         8 (0)           I/O ports (N-ch open-drain):         8 (6)           I/O ports (CMOS):         48 (29)           Total:         85 (43) |                              |  |   |  |  |
| 8-bit PWM timer                              |   | 8 bits × 1 channel           |  |   |  |  |
| 8/16-bit timer/counter                       |   | 8 bits $	imes$ 2 channels, o | or 16 bits $	imes$ 1 channel                                       |   |  |  |
| 8-bit serial I/O                             |   | With 1-byte but              | ffer $\times$ 1 channel  |   |  |  |
| 8-bit A/D converter                          |   | 8 bits × 8                   | channels   |   |  |  |
| UART   | 8 ba  | Transfer data leng           | double buffer<br>gth: 6 bits to 8 bits<br>/, external clock availa | able  |  |  |
| Pulse width counter                          | Pulse edge de   |                              | duction circuit<br>ble (rising, falling, and                       | d both edges)   |  |  |
| Software modem<br>transmission circuit       |   | 1200-bps/2400-b              | ops modem output   |   |  |  |
| External interrupt                           |   | 16 channels                  |  |   |  |  |
| Timebase timer                               | 21 bits   |                              |  |   |  |  |
| Watch prescaler                              | 15 bits   |                              |  |   |  |  |
| Standby mode                                 | Watch mode, subclock mode, sleep mode, and stop mode  |                              |  |   |  |  |
| Process                                      | CMOS  |                              |  |   |  |  |
| Power supply voltage*                        | 2.2 V to 6.0 V 2.7 V to 6.0 V   |                              |  |   |  |  |
| EPROM for use                                | MBM27C512-20TV  |                              |  |   |  |  |

\* : Varies with conditions such as the operating frequency. (See section "■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS.")

# ■ PACKAGE AND CORRESPONDING PRODUCTS

| Package      | MB89689<br>MB89P689 | MB89W689 | MB89PV680 |
|--------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|
| FPT-100P-M06 | 0                   | ×        | ×         |
| FPT-100C-A02 | ×                   | 0        | ×         |
| MQP-100C-P01 | ×                   | ×        | 0         |

 $\bigcirc$  : Available  $\times$  : Not available

Note: For more information about each package, see section " Package Dimensions."

### DIFFERENCES AMONG PRODUCTS

#### 1. Memory Size

Before evaluating using the piggyback product, verify its differences from the product that will actually be used.

### 2. Current Consumption

In the case of the MB89PV680, add the current consumed by the EPROM which is connected to the top socket.

When operated at low speed, the product with an OTPROM or an EPROM will consume more current than the product with a mask ROM.

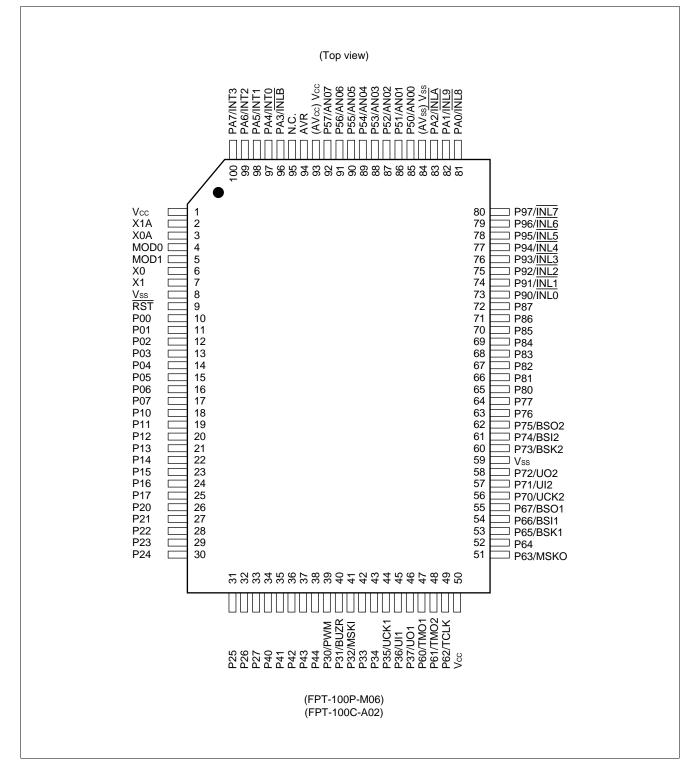
However, the current consumption in sleep/stop modes is the same.

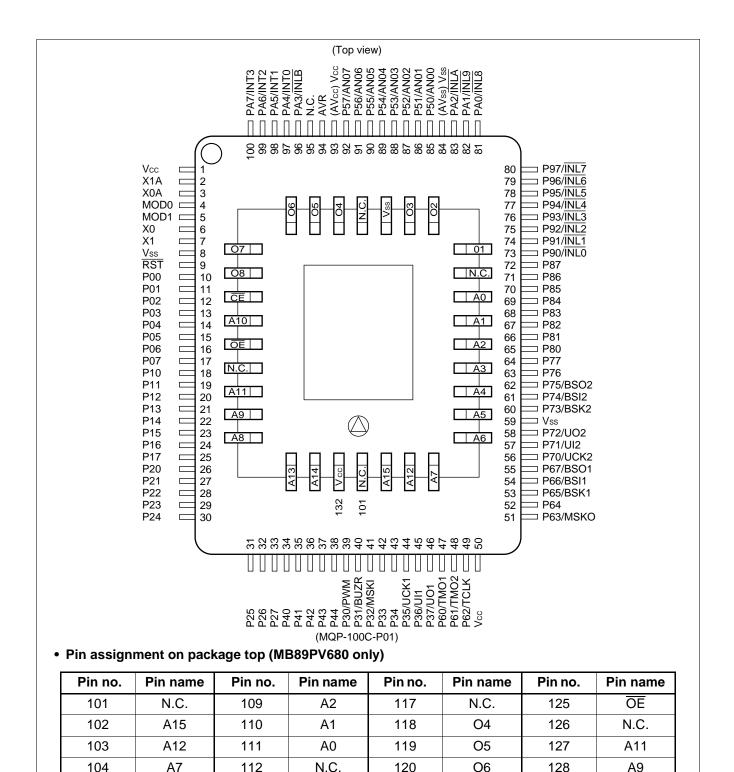
### 3. Mask Options

Functions that can be selected as options and how to designate these options vary by the product. Before using options check section "
Mask Options." Take particular care on the following points:

• Options are fixed on the MB89PV680.

# ■ PIN ASSIGNMENT





N.C.: Internally connected. Do not use.

A6

A5

A4

A3

113

114

115

116

01

02

O3

Vss

121

122

123

124

07

08

CE

A10

129

130

131

132

A8

A13

A14

Vcc

105

106

107

108

# ■ PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin no.<br>QFP <sup>*1</sup> , MQFP <sup>*2</sup> | Pin name                           | Circuit type | Function  |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------|---|
| 1   | Vcc                                |              | Power supply pin  |
| 2   | X1A                                | Α            | Subclock crystal oscillator pins (32.768 kHz)                                 |
| 3   | X0A                                | _            |   |
| 4   | MOD0                               | В            | Operating mode selection pins   |
| 5   | MOD1                               | _            | Connect to Vss (GND) when using.  |
| 6   | X0                                 | A            | Main clock crystal oscillator pins (8 MHz)                                    |
| 7   | X1                                 | _            |   |
| 8   | Vss                                | _            | Power supply (GND) pin  |
| 9   | RST                                | С            | Reset input pin   |
| 10 to 17  | P00 to P07                         | D            | General-purpose I/O ports   |
| 18 to 25  | P10 to P17                         | D            | General-purpose I/O ports   |
| 26 to 33  | P20 to P27                         | F            | General-purpose output ports  |
| 34 to 38  | P40 to P44                         | I            | General-purpose output ports  |
| 39  | P30/PWM                            | E            | General-purpose I/O port<br>Also serve as an 8-bit PWM.                       |
| 40  | P31/BUZR                           | E            | General-purpose I/O port<br>Also serve as a buzzer output.                    |
| 41  | P32/MSKI                           | E            | General-purpose I/O port<br>Also serve as a pulse width counter.              |
| 42,<br>43   | P33,<br>P34                        | E            | General-purpose I/O ports   |
| 44,<br>45,<br>46                                  | P35/UCK1,<br>P36/UI1,<br>P37/UO1   | E            | General-purpose I/O ports<br>Also serve as a UART I/O 1.                      |
| 47,<br>48,<br>49                                  | P60/TMO1,<br>P61/TMO2,<br>P62/TCLK | E            | General-purpose I/O ports<br>Also serve as an 8/16-bit timer.                 |
| 50  | Vcc                                | _            | Power supply pin  |
| 51  | P63/MSKO                           | E            | General-purpose I/O port<br>Also serve as a modem output.                     |
| 52  | P64                                | E            | General-purpose I/O port  |
| 53,<br>54,<br>55                                  | P65/BSK1,<br>P66/BSI1,<br>P67/BSO1 | E            | General-purpose I/O ports<br>Also serve as a serial I/O 1 with 1-byte buffer. |

\*1: FPT-100P-M06, FPT-100C-A02

\*2: MQP-100C-P01

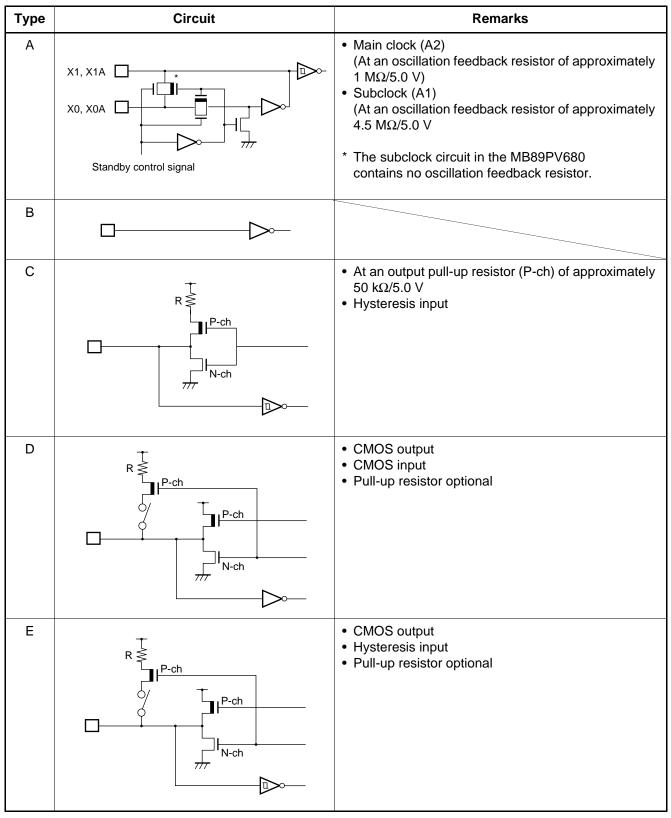
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| Pin no.                                |                                      |              | <b>–</b> ,.   |  |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| QFP <sup>*1</sup> , MQFP <sup>*2</sup> | Pin name                             | Circuit type | Function  |  |
| 56,<br>57,<br>58                       | P70/UCK2,<br>P71/UI2,<br>P72/UO2     | н            | General-purpose I/O ports<br>Also serve as a UART I/O 2.                      |  |
| 59                                     | Vss                                  | —            | Power supply (GND) pin  |  |
| 60,<br>61,<br>62                       | P73/BSK2,<br>P74/BSI2,<br>P75/BSO2   | Н            | General-purpose I/O ports<br>Also serve as a serial I/O 2 with 1-byte buffer. |  |
| 63,<br>64                              | P76,<br>P77                          | Н            | General-purpose I/O ports   |  |
| 65 to 72                               | P80 to P87                           | I            | General-purpose output ports  |  |
| 73 to 80                               | P90/ <u>INL0</u> to<br>P97/INL7      | E            | General-purpose I/O ports<br>External interrupt input is hysteresis input.    |  |
| 81 to 83                               | PA0/ <u>INL8</u> to<br>PA2/INLA      | E            | General-purpose I/O ports<br>External interrupt input is hysteresis input.    |  |
| 84                                     | Vss (AVss)                           |              | (A/D converter) power supply (GND) pin  |  |
| 85 to 92                               | P50/AN00 to<br>P57/AN07              | G            | General-purpose I/O ports<br>Also serve as an analog input.                   |  |
| 93                                     | Vcc (AVcc)                           |              | (A/D converter) power supply pin  |  |
| 94                                     | AVR                                  | —            | A/D converter reference voltage input pin                                     |  |
| 95                                     | N.C.                                 | _            | Internally connected pins<br>Be sure to leave them open.                      |  |
| 96 to 100                              | PA3/INLB,<br>PA4/INT0 to<br>PA7/INT3 | E            | General-purpose I/O ports<br>External interrupt input is hysteresis input.    |  |

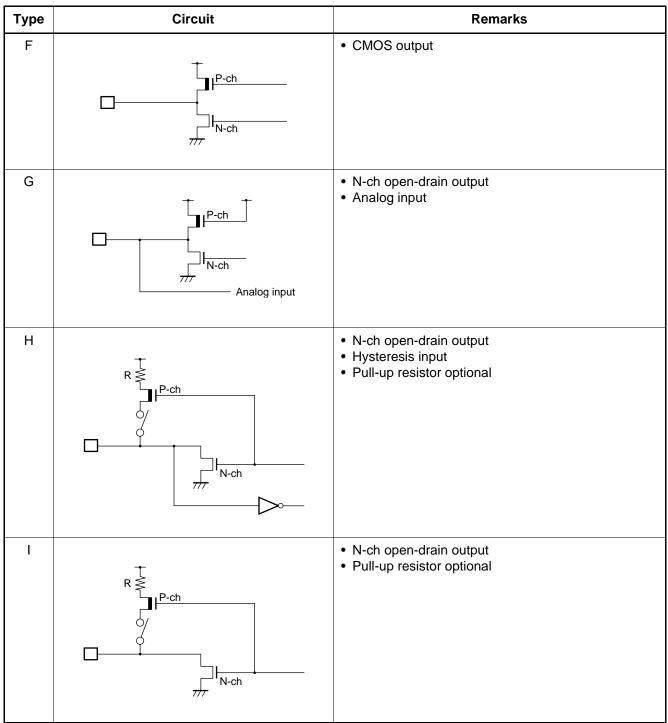
\*1: FPT-100P-M06, FPT-100C-A02 \*2: MQP-100C-P01

# ■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE



(Continued)





# ■ HANDLING DEVICES

### 1. Preventing Latchup

Latchup may occur on CMOS ICs if voltage higher than Vcc or lower than Vss is applied to input and output pins other than medium- and high-voltage pins or if higher than the voltage which shows on "1. Absolute Maximum Ratings" in section "■ Electrical Characteristics" is applied between Vcc and Vss.

When latchup occurs, power supply current increases rapidly and might thermally damage elements. When using, take great care not to exceed the absolute maximum ratings.

Also, take care to prevent the analog power supply (AVcc and AVR) and analog input from exceeding the digital power supply (Vcc) when the analog system power supply is turned on and off.

### 2. Treatment of Unused Input Pins

Leaving unused input pins open could cause malfunctions. They should be connected to a pull-up or pull-down resistor.

### 3. Treatment of Power Supply Pins on Microcontrollers with A/D and D/A Converters

Connect to be AVcc = DAVC = Vcc and AVss = AVR = Vss even if the A/D and D/A converters are not in use.

### 4. Treatment of N.C. Pins

Be sure to leave (internally connected) N.C. pins open.

### 5. Power Supply Voltage Fluctuations

Although V<sub>CC</sub> power supply voltage is assured to operate within the rated range, a rapid fluctuation of the voltage could cause malfunctions, even if it occurs within the rated range. Stabilizing voltage supplied to the IC is therefore important. As stabilization guidelines, it is recommended to control power so that V<sub>CC</sub> ripple fluctuations (P-P value) will be less than 10% of the standard V<sub>CC</sub> value at the commercial frequency (50 Hz to 60 Hz) and the transient fluctuation rate will be less than 0.1 V/ms at the time of a momentary fluctuation such as when power is switched.

### 6. Precautions when Using an External Clock

When an external clock is used, oscillation stabilization time is required even for power-on reset (optional) and wake-up from stop mode.

# ■ PROGRAMMING TO THE EPROM ON THE MB89P689/W689

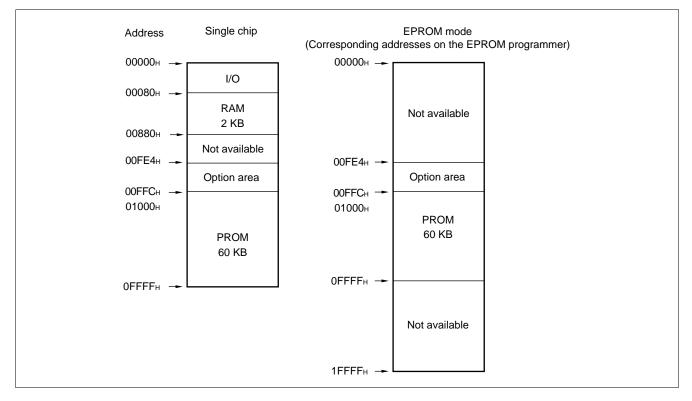
The MB89P689/W689 is an OTPROM version of the MP89680 series.

### 1. Features

- 60-Kbyte PROM on chip
- Options can be set using the EPROM programmer.
- Equivalent to the MBM27C1001 in EPROM mode (when programmed with the EPROM programmer) and supporting the 4-byte programming mode

### 2. Memory Space

Memory space in each mode such as 60-Kbyte PROM, option area is diagrammed below.



### 3. Programming to the EPROM

In EPROM mode, the MB89P689 functions equivalent to the MBM27C1001. This allows the PROM to be programmed with a general-purpose EPROM programmer (the electronic signature mode cannot be used) by using the dedicated socket adapter.

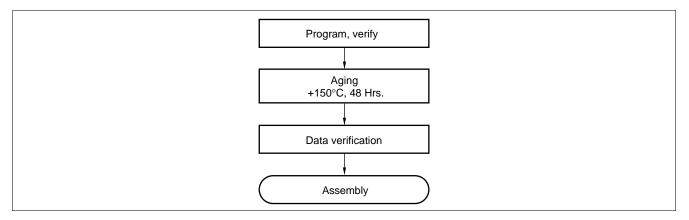
When the operating ROM area for a single chip is 60 Kbytes (1000<sub>H</sub> to FFFF<sub>H</sub>) the PROM can be programmed as follows:

### • Programming procedure

- (1) Set the EPROM programmer to MBM27C1001.
- (2) Load program data into the EPROM programmer at 1000<sub>H</sub> to FFFF<sub>H</sub>.
   Load option data into addresses 0FE4<sub>H</sub> to 0FFC<sub>H</sub> of the EPROM programmer. (For information about each corresponding option, see "8. Setting PROM Options.")
- (3) Program to 0FE4<sub>H</sub> to 0FFC<sub>H</sub> and 1000<sub>H</sub> to FFFF<sub>H</sub> with the EPROM programmer.

### 4. Recommended Screening Conditions

High-temperature aging is recommended as the pre-assembly screening procedure for a product with a blanked OTPROM microcomputer program.



### 5. Programming Yield

All bits cannot be programmed at Fujitsu shipping test to a blanked OTPROM microcomputer, due to its nature. For this reason, a programming yield of 100% cannot be assured at all times.

### 6. MB89W689 Erasure

In order to clear all locations of their programmed contents, it is necessary to expose the internal EPROM to an ultraviolet light source. A dosage of 10 W-seconds/cm<sup>2</sup> is required to completely erase an internal EPROM. This dosage can be obtained by exposure to an ultraviolent lamp (wavelength of 2537 Angstroms (Å)) with intensity of 12000 $\mu$ W/cm<sup>2</sup> for 15 to 21 minutes. The internal EPROM should be about one inch from the source and all filters should be removed from the UV light source prior to erasure.

It is important to note that the internal EPROM and similar devices, will erase with light sources having wavelengths shorter than 4000 Å. Although erasure time will be much longer than with UV source at 2537 Å, nevertheless the exposure to fluorescent light and sunlight will eventually erase the internal EPROM, and exposure to them should be prevented to realize maximum system reliability. If used in such an environment, the package windows should be covered by an opaque label or substance.

### 7. EPROM Programmer Socket Adapter

| Part no.  | MB89P689PF         |
|---|--------------------|
| Package   | QFP-100            |
| Compatible<br>socket adapter<br>Sun Hayato Co.,<br>Ltd. | ROM-100QF-32DP-8LA |

Inquiry: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.: TEL: (81)-3-3986-0403 FAX: (81)-3-5396-9106

### 8. Setting PROM Options

The programming procedure is the same as that for the program data. Options can be set by programming values at the addresses shown on the memory map. The relationship between bits and options is shown on the following bit map:

#### • PROM option bit map

| Address | Bit 7                               | Bit 6                               | Bit 5                               | Bit 4  | Bit 3                              | Bit 2                                | Bit 1   | Bit 0   |
|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 00FE4H  | Vacancy<br>Readable<br>and writable | Vacancy<br>Readable<br>and writable | Vacancy<br>Readable<br>and writable | Single/dual-<br>clock system<br>1: Dual clock<br>2: Single clock | Reset<br>output<br>1: Yes<br>0: No | Power-on<br>reset<br>1: Yes<br>0: No | Oscillation sta<br>11 2 <sup>18</sup> /Fсн<br>01 2 <sup>12</sup> /Fсн | abilization time<br>10 2 <sup>16</sup> /Fсн<br>00 2 <sup>3</sup> /Fсн |
| 00FE8H  | P07                                 | P06                                 | P05                                 | P04  | P03                                | P02                                  | P01   | P00   |
|         | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up  | Pull-up                            | Pull-up                              | Pull-up   | Pull-up   |
|         | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No  | 1: No                              | 1: No                                | 1: No   | 1: No   |
|         | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes   | 0: Yes                             | 0: Yes                               | 0: Yes  | 0: Yes  |
| 00FECH  | P17                                 | P16                                 | P15                                 | P14  | P13                                | P12                                  | P11   | P10   |
|         | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up  | Pull-up                            | Pull-up                              | Pull-up   | Pull-up   |
|         | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No  | 1: No                              | 1: No                                | 1: No   | 1: No   |
|         | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes   | 0: Yes                             | 0: Yes                               | 0: Yes  | 0: Yes  |
| 00FF0⊦  | P37                                 | P36                                 | P35                                 | P34  | P33                                | P32                                  | P31   | P30   |
|         | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up  | Pull-up                            | Pull-up                              | Pull-up   | Pull-up   |
|         | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No  | 1: No                              | 1: No                                | 1: No   | 1: No   |
|         | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes   | 0: Yes                             | 0: Yes                               | 0: Yes  | 0: Yes  |
| 00FF4н  | P67                                 | P66                                 | P65                                 | P64  | P63                                | P62                                  | P61   | P60   |
|         | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up  | Pull-up                            | Pull-up                              | Pull-up   | Pull-up   |
|         | Readable                            | Readable                            | Readable                            | 1: No  | 1: No                              | 1: No                                | 1: No   | 1: No   |
|         | and writable                        | and writable                        | and writable                        | 0: Yes   | 0: Yes                             | 0: Yes                               | 0: Yes  | 0: Yes  |
| 00FF8⊦  | P97                                 | P96                                 | P95                                 | P94  | P93                                | P92                                  | P91   | P90   |
|         | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up  | Pull-up                            | Pull-up                              | Pull-up   | Pull-up   |
|         | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No  | 1: No                              | 1: No                                | 1: No   | 1: No   |
|         | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes   | 0: Yes                             | 0: Yes                               | 0: Yes  | 0: Yes  |
| 00FFC⊦  | PA7                                 | PA6                                 | PA5                                 | PA4  | PA3                                | PA2                                  | PA1   | PA0   |
|         | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up                             | Pull-up  | Pull-up                            | Pull-up                              | Pull-up   | Pull-up   |
|         | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No                               | 1: No  | 1: No                              | 1: No                                | 1: No   | 1: No   |
|         | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes                              | 0: Yes   | 0: Yes                             | 0: Yes                               | 0: Yes  | 0: Yes  |

Notes: • Note that the option setting area addresses are at intervals of four addresses to support the 4-byte programming mode.

• In three bytes between adjacent setup addresses, the value written to the preceding setup address is mirrored. Be sure to set the same data in the programmer.

• Each bit is set to '1' as the initialized value.

# ■ PROGRAMMING TO THE EPROM WITH PIGGYBACK/EVALUATION DEVICE

### 1. EPROM for Use

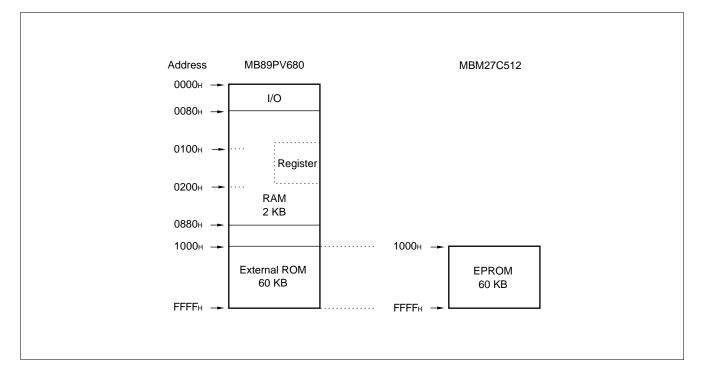
MBM27C512-20TV

### 2. Programming Socket Adapter

| Package            | Adapter socket part number |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| LCC-32 (Rectangle) | ROM-32LC-28DP-YG           |

Inquiry: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.: TEL: (81)-3-3986-0403 FAX: (81)-3-5396-9106

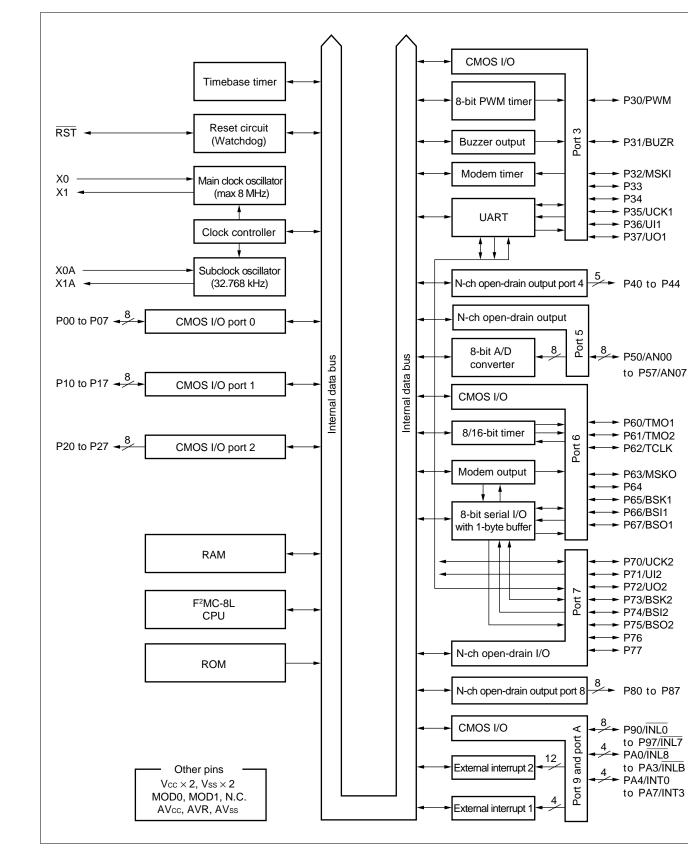
### 3. Memory Space



### 4. Programming to the EPROM

- (1) Set the EPROM programmer to the MBM27C512.
- (2) Load program data into the EPROM programmer at 1000<sup>H</sup> to FFFF.
- (3) Program to 1000H to FFFFH with the EPROM programmer.

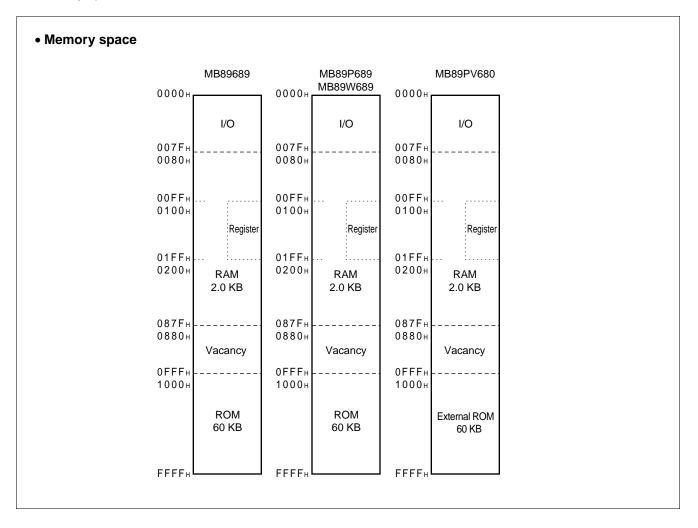
## BLOCK DIAGRAM



# CPU CORE

### 1. Memory Space

The microcontrollers of the MB89680 series offer 64 Kbytes of memory for storing all of I/O, data, and program areas. The I/O area is located at the lowest address. The data area is provided immediately above the I/O area. The data area can be divided into register, stack, and direct areas according to the application. The program area is located at exactly the opposite end of I/O area, that is, near the highest address. Provide the tables of interrupt reset vectors and vector call instructions toward the highest address within the program area. The memory space of the MB89680 series is structured as illustrated below.



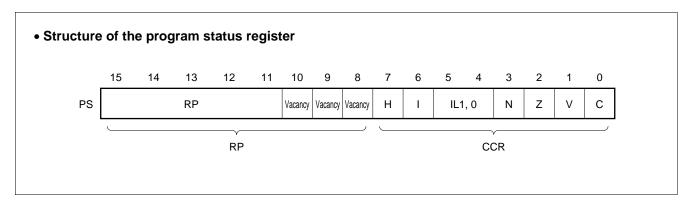
### 2. Registers

The F<sup>2</sup>MC-8L family has two types of registers; dedicated registers in the CPU and general-purpose registers in the memory. The following dedicated registers are provided:

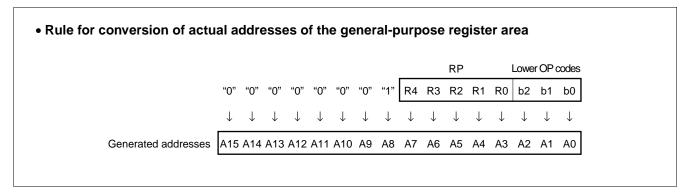
| Program counter (PC):      | A 16-bit register for indicating the instruction storage positions   |
|----------------------------|--|
| Accumulator (A):           | A 16-bit temporary register for storing arithmetic operations, etc. When the instruction is an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower byte is used.            |
| Temporary accumulator (T): | A 16-bit register which performs arithmetic operations with the accumulator<br>When the instruction is an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower byte is used. |
| Index register (IX):       | A 16-bit register for index modification   |
| Extra pointer (EP):        | A 16-bit pointer for indicating a memory address   |
| Stack pointer (SP):        | A 16-bit register for indicating a stack area  |
| Program status (PS):       | A 16-bit register for storing a register pointer, a condition code   |

| ◄ 16 bits → |                         | Initial value   |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|
| PC          | : Program counter       | FFFDH   |
| А           | : Accumulator           | Indeterminate   |
| Т           | : Temporary accumulator | Indeterminate   |
| IX          | : Index register        | Indeterminate   |
| EP          | : Extra pointer         | Indeterminate   |
| SP          | : Stack pointer         | Indeterminate   |
| PS          |                         | g = 0, IL1, 0 = 11<br>other bit values are indeterminate. |

The PS can further be divided into higher 8 bits for use as a register bank pointer (RP) and the lower 8 bits for use as a condition code register (CCR). (See the diagram below.)



The RP indicates the address of the register bank currently in use. The relationship between the pointer contents and the actual address is based on the conversion rule illustrated below.



The CCR consists of bits indicating the results of arithmetic operations and the contents of transfer data and bits for control of CPU operations at the time of an interrupt.

- H-flag: Set to '1' when a carry or a borrow from bit 3 to bit 4 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' otherwise. This flag is for decimal adjustment instructions.
- I-flag: Interrupt is enabled when this flag is set to '1'. Interrupt is disabled when the flag is cleared to '0'. Cleared to '0' at the reset.
- IL1, 0: Indicates the level of the interrupt currently allowed. Processes an interrupt only if its request level is higher than the value indicated by this bit.

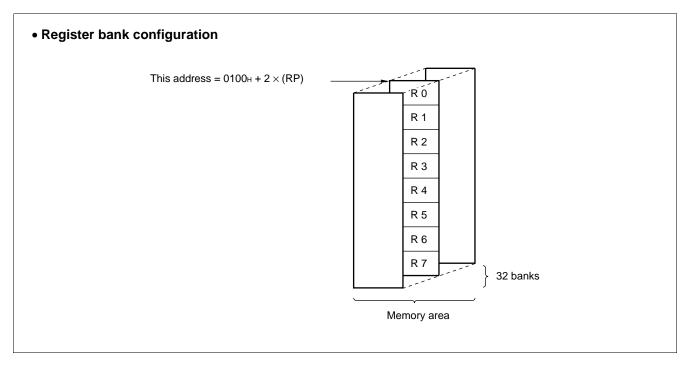
| IL1 | IL0 | Interrupt level | High-low                                |
|-----|-----|-----------------|---|
| 0   | 0   | 0               | High                                    |
| 0   | 1   | 1               | t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i |
| 1   | 0   | 2               |   |
| 1   | 1   | 3               | Low                                     |

- N-flag: Set to '1' if the MSB becomes '1' as the result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' when the bit is cleared to '0'.
- Z-flag: Set to '1' when an arithmetic operation results in 0. Cleared to '0' otherwise.
- V-flag: Set to '1' if the complement on 2 overflows as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' if the overflow does not occur.
- C-flag: Set to '1' when a carry or a borrow from bit 7 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' otherwise. Set to the shift-out value in the case of a shift instruction.

The following general-purpose registers are provided:

General-purpose registers: An 8-bit register for storing data

The general-purpose registers are 8 bits and located in the register banks of the memory. One bank contains eight registers and up to a total of 32 banks can be used. The bank currently in use is indicated by the register bank pointer (RP).



# ■ I/O MAP

| Address         | Read/write | Register name | Register description                    |  |
|-----------------|------------|---------------|---|--|
| 00н             | (R/W)      | PDR0          | Port 0 data register                    |  |
| 01н             | (VV)       | DDR0          | Port 0 data direction register          |  |
| 02н             | (R/W)      | PDR1          | Port 1 data register                    |  |
| 03н             | (VV)       | DDR1          | Port 1 data direction register          |  |
| 04н             | (R/W)      | PDR2          | Port 2 data register                    |  |
| 05н             |            |               | ()/222723/)                             |  |
| 06н             | _          |               | (Vacancy)                               |  |
| 07н             | (R/W)      | SYCC          | System clock control register           |  |
| 08н             | (R/W)      | SMC           | Standby control register                |  |
| 09н             | (R/W)      | WDTC          | Watchdog timer control register         |  |
| 0Ан             | (R/W)      | TBTC          | Timebase timer control register         |  |
| 0Вн             | (R/W)      | WPCR          | Watch prescaler control register        |  |
| 0Сн             | (R/W)      | PDR3          | Port 3 data register                    |  |
| 0Dн             | (R/W)      | DDR3          | Port 3 data direction register          |  |
| 0Ен             | (R/W)      | PDR4          | Port 4 data register                    |  |
| 0FH             | (R/W)      | BZCR          | Buzzer register                         |  |
| 10н             | (R/W)      | PDR5          | Port 5 data register                    |  |
| 11н             |            | 1             | (Vacancy)                               |  |
| 12н             | (R/W)      | PDR6          | Port 6 data register                    |  |
| 13н             | (R/W)      | DDR6          | Port 6 data direction register          |  |
| 14н             | (R/W)      | PDR7          | Port 7 data register                    |  |
| 15 <sup>H</sup> |            |               | (Vacancy)                               |  |
| 16н             | (R/W)      | PDR8          | Port 8 data register                    |  |
| 17н             |            |               | (Vacancy)                               |  |
| <b>1</b> 8н     | (R/W)      | PDR9          | Port 9 data register                    |  |
| 19н             | (R/W)      | DDR9          | Port 9 data direction register          |  |
| 1Ан             | (R/W)      | PDRA          | Port A data register                    |  |
| 1Bн             | (R/W)      | DDRA          | Port A data direction register          |  |
| 1Сн             |            |               |   |  |
| 1Dн             | -          |               | (Vacancy)                               |  |
| 1Eн             | (R/W)      | CNTR          | PWM control register                    |  |
| 1Fн             | (VV)       | COMR          | PWM compare register                    |  |
| 20н             |            |               | (V/acanov)                              |  |
| 21н             |            |               | (Vacancy)                               |  |
| 22н             | (R/W)      | SBMR          | Serial mode register with 1 byte buffer |  |

(Continued)

(Continued)

| Address      | Read/write | Register name | Register description                    |
|--------------|------------|---------------|---|
| 23н          | (R/W)      | SBFR          | Serial flag register with 1 byte buffer |
| 24н          | (W)        | SBUFW         | Serial buffer write register            |
| <b>24</b> H  | (R)        | SBUFR         | Serial buffer read register             |
| 25н          | (R)        | SBDR          | Serial data register with 1 byte buffer |
| 26н          | (R/W)      | T2CR          | Timer 2 control register                |
| 27н          | (R/W)      | T1CR          | Timer 1 control register                |
| 28н          | (R/W)      | T2DR          | Timer 2 data register                   |
| 29н          | (R/W)      | T1DR          | Timer 1 data register                   |
| 2Ан          | (R/W)      | MODC          | Modem output control register           |
| 2Вн          | (R/W)      | MODA          | Modem output data register              |
| 2Сн          |            |               | (Vacancy)                               |
| 2Dн          | (R/W)      | ADC1          | A/D converter control 1 register        |
| 2Ен          | (R/W)      | ADC2          | A/D converter control 2 register        |
| 2Fн          | (R/W)      | ADCD          | A/D converter data register             |
| 30н          | (R/W)      | EIE1          | External interrupt 1 enable register    |
| 31н          | (R/W)      | EIF1          | External interrupt 1 flag register      |
| 32н          | (R/W)      | EIE2          | External interrupt 2 enable register    |
| 33н          | (R/W)      | EIF2          | External interrupt 2 flag register      |
| 34н          | (R/W)      | MDC1          | Modem timer control 1 register          |
| 35н          | (R/W)      | MDC2          | Modem timer control 2 register          |
| 36н          | (R)        | MLDH          | Modem timer "H" level data register     |
| 37н          | (R)        | MLDL          | Modem timer "L" level data register     |
| 38н          | (R/W)      | SMC           | UART serial mode control register       |
| 39н          | (R/W)      | SRC           | UART serial rate control register       |
| ЗАн          | (R/W)      | SSD           | UART serial status and data register    |
| 3Вн          | (R)        | SIDR          | UART serial input data register         |
| 3Сн          | (W)        | SODR          | UART serial output data register        |
| 3Dн          | (R/W)      | SSEL          | Serial I/O port switching register      |
| 3Eн to 7Bн   |            |               | (Vacancy)                               |
| 7Сн          | (W)        | ILR1          | Interrupt level 1 setting register      |
| 7Dн          | (W)        | ILR2          | Interrupt level 2 setting register      |
| 7Ен          | (W)        | ILR3          | Interrupt level 3 setting register      |
| 7 <b>F</b> н |            |               | (Vacancy)                               |

Note: Do not use (vacancies).

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

(AVss = Vss = 0.0 V)

| Deremeter                              | Symbol | Va      | lue       | Unit | Remarks   |
|--|--------|---------|-----------|------|---|
| Parameter                              | Symbol | Min.    | Max.      | Unit | Remarks   |
|  | Vcc    | Vss-0.3 | Vss + 7.0 | V    |   |
| Power supply voltage                   | AVcc   | Vss-0.3 | Vss + 7.0 | V    | Set Vcc = AVcc*   |
|  | AVR    | Vss-0.3 | Vss + 7.0 | V    | AVR must not exceed "AVcc + 0.3 V".                       |
|  | Vı     | Vss-0.3 | Vcc + 0.3 | V    | Except P4, P7, P8   |
| Input voltage                          | Vı     | Vss-0.3 | Vss + 7.0 | V    | P4, P7, P8  |
| Output voltage                         | Vo     | Vss-0.3 | Vcc + 0.3 | V    |   |
| "L" level maximum output current       | lo∟    |         | 20        | mA   | Peak value  |
| "L" level average output current       | Iolav  |         | 10        | mA   | Average value (operating current $\times$ operating rate) |
| "L" level total maximum output current | ΣΙοι   |         | 120       | mA   | Peak value  |
| "L" level total average output current | ∑Iolav |         | 40        | mA   | Average value (operating current $\times$ operating rate) |
| "H" level maximum output current       | Іон    |         | -20       | mA   | Peak value  |
| "H" level average output current       | Іонач  |         | -10       | mA   | Average value (operating current $\times$ operating rate) |
| "H" level total maximum output current | ∑Іон   |         | -60       | mA   | Peak value  |
| "H" level total average output current | ∑Іона∨ | _       | -20       | mA   | Average value (operating current $\times$ operating rate) |
| Power consumption                      | PD     | —       | 200       | mW   |   |
| Operating temperature                  | TA     | -40     | +85       | °C   |   |
| Storage temperature                    | Tstg   | -55     | +150      | °C   |   |

 $^{\ast}$  : Use AVcc and Vcc set to the same voltage.

Take care so that AV $_{CC}$  does not exceed V $_{CC}$ , such as when power is turned on.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

### 2. Recommended Operating Conditions

(AVss = Vss = 0.0 V)

| Parameter                             | Symbol       | Value |      | Unit | Remarks  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------|------|------|--|--|--|
| Falameter                             | Symbol       | Min.  | Max. | Omt  | Kenarks  |  |  |
|                                       | Vcc,<br>AVcc | 2.2*  | 6.0* | V    | Normal operation assurance range*<br>(MB89689)             |  |  |
| Power supply voltage                  | Vcc,<br>AVcc | 2.7*  | 6.0* | V    | Normal operation assurance range*<br>(MB89P689/W689/PV680) |  |  |
|                                       | Vcc,<br>AVcc | 1.5   | 6.0  | V    | Retains the RAM state in stop mode                         |  |  |
| A/D converter reference input voltage | AVR          | 0.0   | AVcc | V    |  |  |  |
| Operating temperature                 | TA           | -40   | +85  | °C   |  |  |  |

\* : This values vary with the operating frequency. See Figure 1.

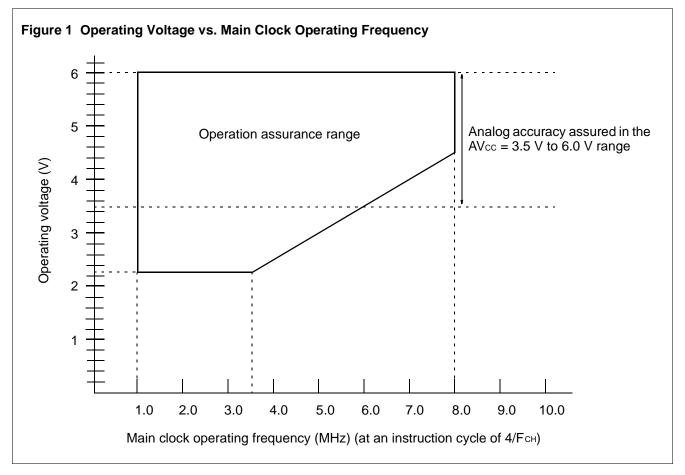


Figure 1 indicates the operating frequency of the external oscillator at an instruction cycle of 4/FcH.

Since the operating voltage range is dependent of the instruction cycle, see minimum execution time if the operating speed is switched using a gear.

WARNING: Recommended operating conditions are normal operating ranges for the semiconductor device. All the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within the recommended operating conditions. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representative beforehand.

# 3. DC Characteristics

| Devementer   | Quarter et |  | cc = Vcc = 5.0 V  | 10 %, AV | Value | = 0.0 v, 1/ |      |         |
|--|------------|--|---|----------|-------|-------------|------|---------|
| Parameter  | Symbol     | Pin name   | Condition   | Min.     | Тур.  | Max.        | Unit | Remarks |
|  | Vін        | P0, P1   |   | 0.7 Vcc  | _     | Vcc + 0.3   | V    |         |
| "H" level input<br>voltage                                   | Vihs       | <u>P3, </u> P6, P9, PA,<br>RST, MOD0,<br>MOD1, X0, X0A     | -   | 0.8 Vcc  | _     | Vcc + 0.3   | V    |         |
|  | VIHS2      | P7   | -   | 0.8 Vcc  |       | Vss+7.0     | V    |         |
|  | VIL        | P0, P1   |   | Vss-0.3  | —     | 0.3 Vcc     | V    |         |
| "L" level input<br>voltage                                   | Vils       | P <u>3,</u> P6, P7, P9, PA,<br>RST, MOD0,<br>MOD1, X0, X0A |   | Vss-0.3  | _     | 0.2 Vcc     | V    |         |
| Open-drain   |            | P4, P7, P8   | -   | Vss-0.3  | _     | Vss + 7.0   | V    |         |
| output pin applied voltage                                   | VD         | P5   | -   | Vss-0.3  | _     | Vcc + 0.3   | V    |         |
| "H" level output voltage                                     | Vон        | P0 to P3, P6, P9,<br>PA                                    | Iон = -2.0 mA   | 2.4      |       | _           | V    |         |
| "L" level output   | Vol1       | P0 to P4, P6 to P9,<br>PA                                  | IoL = 4.0 mA  | _        | _     | 0.4         | V    |         |
| voltage  | Vol2       | RST  | IoL = 4.0 mA  |          | _     | 0.4         | V    |         |
| Input leakage<br>current (Hi-z<br>output leakage<br>current) | lu         | P0 to P9, PA,<br>MOD0, MOD1                                | 0.45 V < VI <<br>Vcc  | _        |       | ±5          | μΑ   |         |
|  | lcc        | Vcc  | $F_{CH} = 8 \text{ MHz}$<br>$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$<br>Main clock<br>opration<br>Highest gear<br>speed | _        | 13    | 26          | mA   |         |
| current  | Iccs1      | Vcc  | $F_{CH} = 8 MHz$<br>$V_{CC} = 5.0 V$<br>Main sleep<br>mode<br>Highest gear<br>speed                     | _        | 4     | 8           | mA   |         |
|  | Iccs2      | Vcc  | F <sub>CH</sub> = 32.768 kHz<br>Vcc = 3.0 V<br>Subclock<br>sleep mode                                   | _        | 25    | 50          | μΑ   |         |
|  | Іссн1      | Vcc  | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C<br>Subclock stop<br>mode   | _        |       | 1           | μΑ   |         |

(AVcc = Vcc = 5.0 V ±10%, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C)

(Continued)

(Continued)

| $(AVCC = VCC = 5.0 V \pm 10\%, AVSS = VSS = 0.0 V, IA = -40^{\circ}C IO + 6$ |        |  |   |      |       |      |      | 0 10 +03 0                             |
|--|--------|--|---|------|-------|------|------|--|
| Baramatar  | Symbol | Din nomo                               | Condition   |      | Value |      | Unit | Remarks                                |
| Parameter  | Symbol | Pin name                               | Condition   | Min. | Тур.  | Max. | Unit | Remarks                                |
|  | Іссн2  | Vcc                                    | T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C<br>Subclock stop<br>mode               | _    | 1     | 10   | μA   |  |
|  | Ісѕв   | Vcc                                    | $F_{CL}$ = 32.768 kHz<br>Vcc = 3.0 V<br>Subclock<br>operation | _    | 50    | 100  | μΑ   |  |
| Power supply<br>current  | Ісст   | Vcc                                    | Vcc = 3.0 V<br>Watch mode                                     | _    | _     | 15   | μA   |  |
|  | IA     | AVcc                                   | - Fсн = 8 MHz   | _    | 1.5   | 3.5  | mA   | When A/D<br>conversion<br>is activated |
| _  | Іан    | AVcc                                   |   | _    | 1     | 5    | μA   | When A/D<br>conversion<br>is stopped   |
| Input capacitance  | CIN    | Other than AVcc,<br>AVss, Vcc, and Vss | f = 1 MHz   |      | 10    | _    | pF   |  |

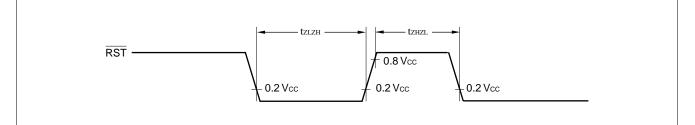
 $(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%, \text{ AV}_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

### 4. AC Characteristics

### (1) Reset Timing

|                     |               | (Vcc = 5.0 V | / ±10%, AVss      | = Vss = 0.0 | V, TA = | –40°C to +85°C) |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|
| Parameter           | Symbol        | Condition    | Valu              | Je          | Unit    | Remarks         |
| Parameter           | Symbol        | Condition    | Min.              | Max.        | Unit    |                 |
| RST "L" pulse width | <b>t</b> zlzh |              | <b>48</b> txcyL*  | —           | ns      |                 |
| RST "H" pulse width | <b>t</b> zhzl |              | <b>24 t</b> xcyL* | _           | ns      |                 |

\* : txcyL is the oscillation cycle input to the X0.



#### (2) Specifications for Power-on Reset

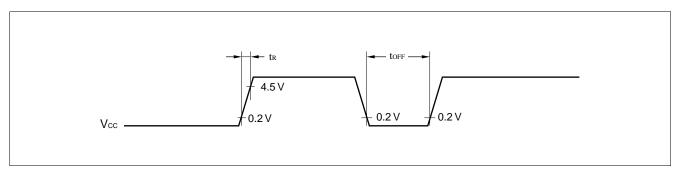
 $(AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C to +85^{\circ}C)$ 

| Parameter                 | Symbol       | Condition | Va | ue   | Unit     | Remarks                      |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|----|------|----------|------------------------------|
| Falametei                 | Symbol       | Min. Max. |    | Unit | itemarks |                              |
| Power supply rising time  | <b>t</b> R   |           | —  | 50   | ms       | Power-on reset function only |
| Power supply cut-off time | <b>t</b> OFF |           | 1  |      | ms       | Due to repeated operations   |

Note: Make sure that power supply rises within the selected oscillation stabilization time selected.

For example, when the main clock is operating at  $F_{CH} = 8$  MHz and the oscillation stabilization time is  $2^{12}/F_{CH}$ , the oscillation stabilization time is 0.5 ms. Therefore, the maximum value of power supply rising time is about 0.5 ms.

When increasing the supply voltage during operation, voltage variation should be within twice the intended increment so that the voltage rises as smoothly as possible.

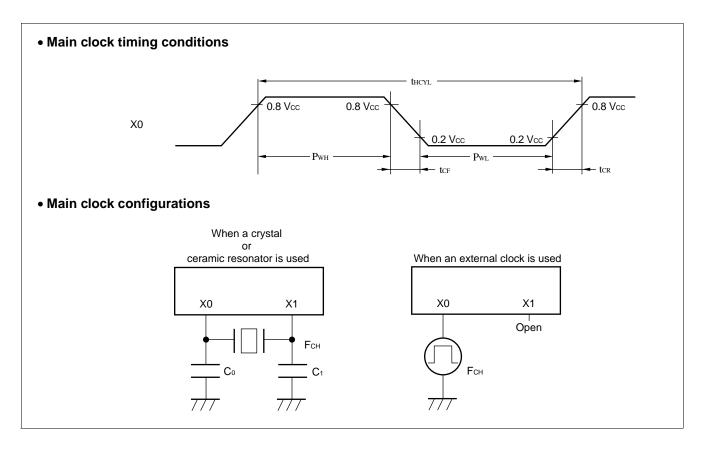


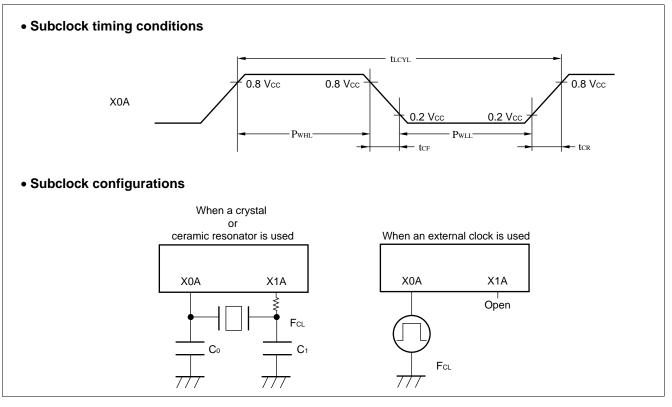
## (3) Clock Timing

|                                 |               |             |           |      | (AVss = | Vss = 0.0 | ) V, Ta = | = –40°C to +85°C |  |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------------|--|
| Parameter                       | Symbol        | Pin         | Condition |      | Value   |           | Unit      | Remarks          |  |
| Parameter                       | Symbol        | name        | Condition | Min. | Тур.    | Max.      | Unit      | Remarks          |  |
|                                 | Fсн           | X0, X1      |           | 1    | —       | 8         | MHz       | Main clock       |  |
| Input clock frequency           | Fc∟           | X0A,<br>X1A |           | _    | 32.768  | _         | kHz       | Subclock         |  |
| Clock cycle time                | <b>t</b> HCYL | X0, X1      |           | 125  | —       | 1000      | ns        | Main clock       |  |
|                                 | <b>t</b> LCYL | X0A,<br>X1A |           | _    | 30.5    | _         | μs        | Subclock         |  |
|                                 | duty*1        | X0          | —         | 30   | —       | 70        | %         |                  |  |
| Input clock duty rate           | duty1*2       | X1          |           | 30   | —       | 70        | %         | - External clock |  |
|                                 | tcr1          | X0          |           |      | —       | 24        | ns        |                  |  |
| Input clock rising/falling time | tCF1          | X0          |           |      | —       | 24        | ns        |                  |  |
|                                 | tCR2          | X0A         |           |      | —       | 200       | ns        |                  |  |
|                                 | tCF2          | X0A         |           |      | _       | 200       | ns        |                  |  |

\*1: duty = PwH/tHCYL

\*2: duty1= PWHL/tHCYL





(4) Instruction Cycle

 $(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

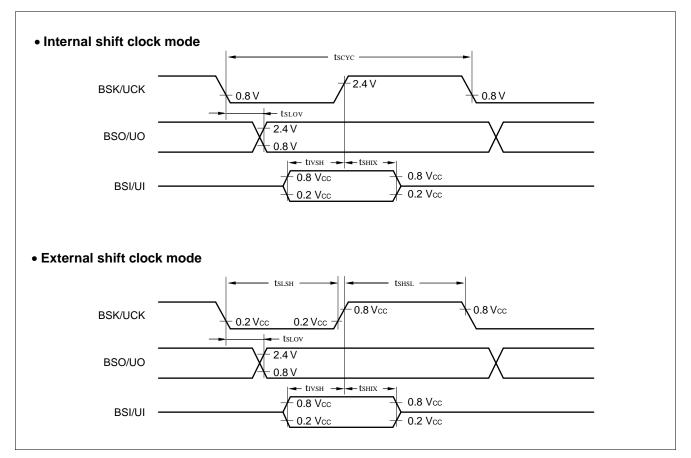
| Parameter              | Symbol | Value (typical)              | Unit | Remarks   |
|------------------------|--------|------------------------------|------|---|
| Minimum execution time | tinst  | 4/Fсн, 8/Fсн, 16/Fсн, 64/Fсн | μs   | (4/F_CH) tinst = 0.5 $\mu s$ when operating at F_CH = 8 MHz                       |
| (instruction cycle)    | tinst  | 2/FcL                        | μs   | $t_{\text{inst}}$ = 61.036 $\mu s$ when operating at $F_{\text{CL}}$ = 32.768 kHz |

# (5) Serial I/O Timing

| Baramatar   | Symbol        | Pin name           | Condition                    | Valu       | le   | Unit | Remarks |
|---|---------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------|------|------|---------|
| Parameter   | Symbol        | Fin name           | Condition                    | Min.       | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
| Serial clock cycle time   | tscyc         | BSK/UCK            |                              | 2 tinst*   | —    | μs   |         |
| $\begin{array}{l} BSK/UCK \downarrow \rightarrow BSO/UO \\ time \end{array}$                | tslov         | BSK/UCK,<br>BSO/UO | Internal shift<br>clock mode | -200       | 200  | ns   |         |
| Valid BSI/UI $\rightarrow$ BSK/UCK $\uparrow$   | tıvsн         | BSI/UI,<br>BSK/UCK |                              | 1/2 tinst* | _    | μs   |         |
| $\begin{array}{l} BSK/UCK \uparrow \rightarrow valid \; BSI/UI \\ hold \; time \end{array}$ | tsніх         | BSK/UCK,<br>BSI/UI |                              | 1/2 tinst* | _    | μs   |         |
| Serial clock "H" pulse width  | <b>t</b> shsl | BSK/UCK            |                              | 1 tinst*   | —    | μs   |         |
| Serial clock "L" pulse width  | <b>t</b> slsh | BSK/UCK            |                              | 1 tinst*   | —    | μs   |         |
| $\begin{array}{l} BSK/UCK \downarrow \rightarrow BSO/UO \\ time \end{array}$                | tslov         | BSK/UCK,<br>BSO/UO | External shift               | 0          | 200  | ns   |         |
| Valid BSI/UI $\rightarrow$ BSK/UCK $\uparrow$   | tıvsн         | BSI/UI,<br>BSK/UCK | clock mode                   | 1/2 tinst* | _    | μs   |         |
| $\begin{array}{l} BSK/UCK \uparrow \rightarrow valid \; BSI/UI \\ hold \; time \end{array}$ | tsніх         | BSK/UCK,<br>BSI/UI |                              | 1/2 tinst* |      | μs   |         |

(AVcc = Vcc = 5.0 V  $\pm$ 10%, Vss = 0.0 V, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C)

\* : For information on tinst, see "(4) Instruction Cycle."

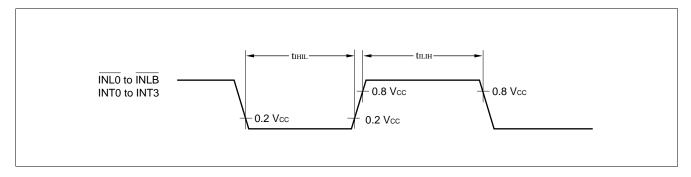


## (6) Peripheral Input Timing

|   |        | (AVCC = VCC = 5.0)             | 0 V ±10%, V | ss = 0.0 V, | 1A = -40 | °C to +85°C) |
|---|--------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|--------------|
| Parameter                                 | Symbol | Pin                            | Val         | ue          | Unit     | Remarks      |
| Falameter                                 | Symbol | F III                          | Min.        | Max.        | Unit     |              |
| Peripheral input "H" level pulse<br>width | tılıн  | INL0 to INLB,<br>INT0 to INT3  | 2 tinst*    | _           | μs       |              |
| Peripheral input "L" level pulse width    | tıнı∟  | INL20 to INLB,<br>INT0 to INT3 | 2 tinst*    | _           | μs       |              |

 $(AVcc = Vcc = 5.0 V \pm 10\%, Vss = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C)$ 

\* : For information on tinst, see "(4) Instruction Cycle."



## 5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics

|                               |        |                 | (AVCC = V             | $cc = 3.5 \times 10.0$ | .0 V, AVss = Vs  | s = 0.0 v, TA =  | -40 0  | 10 +05 C |
|-------------------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------|----------|
| Parameter                     | Symbol | Pin             | Condition             |                        | Value            | Γ                | Unit   | Remarks  |
|                               | - ,    | name            |                       | Min.                   | Тур.             | Max.             |        |          |
| Resolution                    | _      | _               | AVR = AVcc<br>= 5.0 V | _                      | _                | 8                | bit    |          |
| Total error                   |        |                 |                       | _                      |                  | ±1.5             | LSB    |          |
| Linearity error               | _      |                 |                       | _                      |                  | ±1.0             | LSB    |          |
| Differential linearity error  | _      | _               | AVR = AVcc            | _                      |                  | ±0.9             | LSB    |          |
| Zero transition<br>voltage    | Vот    |                 |                       | AVss<br>–1.0 LSB       | AVss<br>+0.5 LSB | AVss<br>+2.0 LSB | mV     | 1 LSB =  |
| Full-scale transition voltage | Vfst   | _               |                       | AVR<br>–3.0 LSB        | AVR<br>–1.5 LSB  | AVR              | mV     | AVR/256  |
| Interchannel<br>disparity     | _      | _               |                       | _                      |                  | 0.5              | LSB    |          |
| A/D mode<br>conversion time   | _      | _               |                       | _                      | 44               |                  | tinst* |          |
| Sense mode<br>conversion time | _      | _               | -                     | _                      | 12               |                  | tinst* |          |
| Analog port input<br>current  | Iain   | AN00 to<br>AN07 |                       | _                      | _                | 10               | μA     |          |
| Analog input voltage          | _      | AN00 to<br>AN07 |                       | 0.0                    | _                | AVR              | V      |          |
| Reference voltage             | —      | AVR             |                       | 0.0                    |                  | AVcc             | V      |          |
| Reference voltage             | IR     | AVR             | AVR = AVcc            | _                      | 100              | 300              | μΑ     |          |
| supply current                | Irh    | AVR             | = 5.0 V               |                        | _                | 1                | μA     |          |

 $(\Lambda)_{00} = 1_{00} = 3.5 \text{ V}$  to 6.0 V  $(\Lambda)_{00} = 1_{00} = 0.0 \text{ V}$  T = -40°C to +85°C

\* : For information on tinst, see "(4) Instruction Cycle."

### 6. A/D Converter Glossary

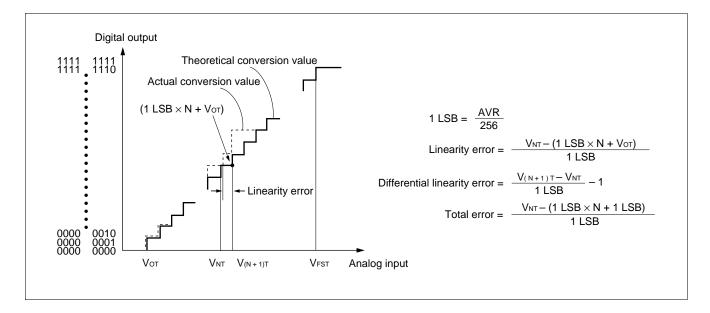
• Resolution

Analog changes that are identifiable by the A/D converter

When the number of bits is 8, analog voltage can be divided into  $2^8 = 256$ .

• Linearity error (unit: LSB) The deviation of the straight line connecting the zero transition point ("0000 0000" ↔ "0000 0001") with the full-scale transition point ("1111 1111"  $\leftrightarrow$  "1111 1110") from actual conversion characteristics

- Differential linearity error (unit: LSB) The deviation of input voltage needed to change the output code by 1 LSB from the theoretical value
- Total error (unit: LSB) The difference between theoretical and actual conversion values



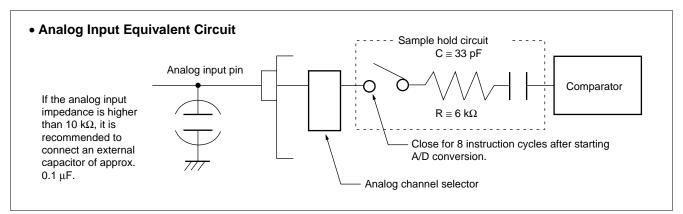
### 7. Notes on Using A/D Converter

#### · Input impedance of the analog input pins

The A/D converter used for the MB89890 series contains a sample hold circuit as illustrated below to fetch analog input voltage into the sample hold capacitor for eight instruction cycles after starting A/D conversion.

For this reason, if the output impedance of the external circuit for the analog input is high, analog input voltage might not stabilize within the analog input sampling period. Therefore, it is recommended to keep the output impedance of the external circuit low (below 10 k $\Omega$ ).

Note that if the impedance cannot be kept low, it is recommended to connect an external capacitor of approx. 0.1  $\mu$ F for the analog input pin.



#### • Error

The smaller the | AVR - AVss |, the greater the error would become relatively.

# ■ INSTRUCTIONS (136 INSTRUCTIONS)

Execution instructions can be divided into the following four groups:

- Transfer
- Arithmetic operation
- Branch
- Others

Table 1 lists symbols used for notation of instructions.

| Symbol | Meaning   |
|--------|---|
| dir    | Direct address (8 bits)   |
| off    | Offset (8 bits)   |
| ext    | Extended address (16 bits)  |
| #vct   | Vector table number (3 bits)  |
| #d8    | Immediate data (8 bits)   |
| #d16   | Immediate data (16 bits)  |
| dir: b | Bit direct address (8:3 bits)   |
| rel    | Branch relative address (8 bits)  |
| @      | Register indirect (Example: @A, @IX, @EP)   |
| A      | Accumulator A (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.)           |
| AH     | Upper 8 bits of accumulator A (8 bits)  |
| AL     | Lower 8 bits of accumulator A (8 bits)  |
| Т      | Temporary accumulator T (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.) |
| ТН     | Upper 8 bits of temporary accumulator T (8 bits)  |
| TL     | Lower 8 bits of temporary accumulator T (8 bits)  |
| IX     | Index register IX (16 bits)   |

#### Table 1 Instruction Symbols

(Continued)

| (Continued, |
|-------------|
|-------------|

| Symbol  | Meaning  |
|---------|--|
| EP      | Extra pointer EP (16 bits)   |
| PC      | Program counter PC (16 bits)   |
| SP      | Stack pointer SP (16 bits)   |
| PS      | Program status PS (16 bits)  |
| dr      | Accumulator A or index register IX (16 bits)   |
| CCR     | Condition code register CCR (8 bits)   |
| RP      | Register bank pointer RP (5 bits)  |
| Ri      | General-purpose register Ri (8 bits, i = 0 to 7)   |
| ×       | Indicates that the very $\times$ is the immediate data.<br>(Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.)                       |
| (×)     | Indicates that the contents of $\times$ is the target of accessing.<br>(Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.)           |
| (( × )) | The address indicated by the contents of $\times$ is the target of accessing.<br>(Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.) |

Columns indicate the following:

| Mnemonic:   | Assembler notation of an instruction  |
|-------------|---|
| ~:          | The number of instructions  |
| #:          | The number of bytes   |
| Operation:  | Operation of an instruction   |
| TL, TH, AH: | A content change when each of the TL, TH, and AH instructions is executed. Symbols in the column indicate the following:  |
|             | <ul> <li>"-" indicates no change.</li> <li>dH is the 8 upper bits of operation description data.</li> <li>AL and AH must become the contents of AL and AH prior to the instruction executed.</li> <li>00 becomes 00.</li> </ul> |
| N, Z, V, C: | An instruction of which the corresponding flag will change. If + is written in this column, the relevant instruction will change its corresponding flag.  |
| OP code:    | Code of an instruction. If an instruction is more than one code, it is written according to the following rule:   |
|             | Example: 48 to 4F $\leftarrow$ This indicates 48, 49, 4F.   |

| Mnemonic         | ~ | # | Operation  | TL | TH | AH | NZVC |
|------------------|---|---|--|----|----|----|------|
| MOV dir,A        | 3 | 2 | $(dir) \leftarrow (A)$                               | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOV @IX +off,A   | 4 | 2 | $((IX) + off) \leftarrow (A)$                        | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOV ext,A        | 4 | 3 | $(ext) \leftarrow (A)$                               | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOV @EP,A        | 3 | 1 | $((EP)) \leftarrow (A)$                              | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOV Ri,A         | 3 | 1 | $(Ri) \leftarrow (A)$                                | _  | —  | _  |      |
| MOV A,#d8        | 2 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow dB$                                  | AL | _  | _  | ++   |
| MOV A,dir        | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (dir)$                               | AL | —  | _  | ++   |
| MOV A,@IX +off   | 4 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow ((IX) + off)$                        | AL | _  | _  | ++   |
| MOV A,ext        | 4 | 3 | $(A) \leftarrow (ext)$                               | AL | —  | —  | ++   |
| MOV A,@A         | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (\ (A) \ )$                          | AL | -  | _  | ++   |
| MOV A,@EP        | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow ((EP))$                              | AL | —  | —  | ++   |
| MOV A,Ri         | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (Ri)$                                | AL | —  | _  | ++   |
| MOV dir,#d8      | 4 | 3 | $(dir) \leftarrow d8$                                | _  | —  | _  |      |
| MOV @IX +off,#d8 | 5 | 3 | $((IX) + off) \leftarrow d8$                         | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOV @EP,#d8      | 4 | 2 | ( (EP) ) ← d8  | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOV Ri,#d8       | 4 | 2 | (Ri) ← d8  | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW dir,A       | 4 | 2 | $(dir) \leftarrow (AH), (dir + 1) \leftarrow (AL)$   | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW @IX +off,A  | 5 | 2 | $((IX) + off) \leftarrow (AH),$                      | _  | _  | _  |      |
|                  |   |   | $((IX) + off + 1) \leftarrow (AL)$                   |    |    |    |      |
| MOVW ext,A       | 5 | 3 | $(ext) \leftarrow (AH), (ext + 1) \leftarrow (AL)$   | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW @ÉP,A       | 4 | 1 | ( (EP) ) ← (ÁH),( (EP) + 1) ← (AL)                   | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW EP,A        | 2 | 1 | $(EP) \leftarrow (A)$                                | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW A,#d16      | 3 | 3 | $(A) \leftarrow d16$                                 | AL | AH | dH | ++   |
| MOVW A,dir       | 4 | 2 | $(AH) \leftarrow (dir), (AL) \leftarrow (dir + 1)$   | AL | AH | dH | ++   |
| MOVW A,@IX +off  | 5 | 2 | $(AH) \leftarrow ((IX) + off),$                      | AL | AH | dH | ++   |
|                  | Ũ | - | $(AL) \leftarrow ((IX) + off + 1)$                   |    |    |    |      |
| MOVW A,ext       | 5 | 3 | $(AH) \leftarrow (ext), (AL) \leftarrow (ext + 1)$   | AL | AH | dH | ++   |
| MOVW A,@A        | 4 | 1 | $(AH) \leftarrow ((A)), (AL) \leftarrow ((A)) + 1)$  | AL | AH | dH | ++   |
| MOVW A,@EP       | 4 | 1 | $(AH) \leftarrow ((EP)), (AL) \leftarrow ((EP) + 1)$ | AL | AH | dH | ++   |
| MOVW A,EP        | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (EP)$                                | _  | _  | dH |      |
| MOVW EP,#d16     | 3 | 3 | $(EP) \leftarrow d16$                                | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW IX,A        | 2 | 1 | $(IX) \leftarrow (A)$                                | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW A,IX        | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (IX)$                                | _  | _  | dH |      |
| MOVW SP,A        | 2 | 1 | $(SP) \leftarrow (A)$                                | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW A,SP        | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (SP)$                                | _  | _  | dH |      |
| MOV @A,T         | 3 | 1 | $((A)) \rightarrow (T)$                              | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW @A,T        | 4 | 1 | $((A)) \leftarrow (TH), ((A) + 1) \leftarrow (TL)$   | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW IX,#d16     | 3 | 3 | $(IX) \leftarrow d16$                                | _  | _  | _  |      |
| MOVW A,PS        | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (PS)$                                | _  | _  | dH |      |
| MOVW PS,A        | 2 | 1 | $(PS) \leftarrow (A)$                                | _  | _  | _  | ++++ |
| MOVW SP,#d16     | 3 | 3 | $(SP) \leftarrow d16$                                | _  | _  | _  |      |
| SWAP             | 2 | 1 | $(AH) \leftrightarrow (AL)$                          | _  | _  | AL |      |
| SETB dir: b      | 4 | 2 | (dir): b $\leftarrow$ 1                              | _  | _  | _  |      |
| CLRB dir: b      | 4 | 2 | (dir): $b \leftarrow 0$                              | _  | _  | _  |      |
| XCH A,T          | 2 | 1 | $(AL) \leftrightarrow (TL)$                          | AL | _  | _  |      |
| XCHW A,T         | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftrightarrow (T)$                            | AL | AH | dH |      |
| XCHW A,EP        | 3 | 1 | $(A) \Leftrightarrow (P)$ $(A) \leftrightarrow (EP)$ | _  |    | dH |      |
| XCHW A,IX        | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftrightarrow (IX)$                           | _  | _  | dH |      |
| XCHW A,SP        | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftrightarrow (SP)$                           | _  | _  | dH |      |
| MOVW A,PC        | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftrightarrow (SF)$<br>$(A) \leftarrow (PC)$  | _  | _  | dH |      |
|                  | 2 | I |  | _  | _  | un |      |

 Table 2
 Transfer Instructions (48 instructions)

Notes: • During byte transfer to A, T ← A is restricted to low bytes.
• Operands in more than one operand instruction must be stored in the order in which their mnemonics are written. (Reverse arrangement of F<sup>2</sup>MC-8 family)

| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | Mnemonic        | ~ | # | Operation  | TL | TH | AH | NZVC    | OP code  |
|--|-----------------|---|---|--|----|----|----|---------|----------|
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | ADDC A,Ri       |   | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + (Ri) + C$                  | _  | _  | -  | ++++    | 28 to 2F |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | ADDC A,#d8      |   | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + d8 + C$                    | _  | _  | -  | ++++    | 24       |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | ADDC A,dir      | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + (dir) + C$                 | _  | _  | -  | ++++    | 25       |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | ADDC A,@IX +off |   | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + ((IX) + off) + C$          | —  | —  | -  | ++++    | 26       |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | ADDC A,@EP      |   | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + ((EP)) + C$                | _  | _  | -  | ++++    |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + (T) + C$                   | —  | —  | dH | ++++    |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   |   | $(AL) \leftarrow (AL) + (TL) + C$                | _  | _  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   |   | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - (Ri) - C$                  | _  | _  | -  | ++++    | 38 to 3F |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   |   | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - d8 - C$                    | _  | _  | -  | ++++    |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | SUBC A,dir      |   |   |  | _  | -  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | SUBC A,@IX +off |   | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - ((IX) + off) - C$          | _  | _  | -  | ++++    |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   | 1 |  | _  | _  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   |   |  | _  | _  | dH | + + + + |          |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $   |                 |   | 1 |  | _  | _  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   | 1 | (Ri) ← (Ri) + 1                                  | _  | -  | -  | + + + - |          |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   | 1 |  | _  | —  | -  |         |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   | 1 |  | _  | _  | -  |         |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + 1$                         | _  | -  | dH | + +     |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   |   |  | _  | —  | -  | + + + - |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   | 1 |  | _  | -  | -  |         |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   | 1 |  | _  | —  |    |         |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | _               |   | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - 1$                         | _  | —  | dH | + +     |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   | 1 |  |    | -  |    |         |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (T) / (AL), MOD \rightarrow (T)$ | dL | 00 |    |         |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   |   |  | —  | —  |    |         |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   |   |  | —  | —  |    |         |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   |   |  | —  | —  | dH | + + R – |          |
| RORC A21 $\bigcirc C \rightarrow A_{-}$ ++-+03ROLC A21 $\square C \leftarrow A \leftarrow$ ++++02CMP A,#d822(A) - d8++++14CMP A,@EP31(A) - ((EP))++++15CMP A,@LX +off42(A) - ((IX) +off)++++16CMP A,Ri31(A) - ((Ri)++++18 to 1FDAA21Decimal adjust for addition++++94XOR A21Decimal adjust for subtraction++R-52XOR A,#d822(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (TL)++R-54XOR A,dir32(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (dir)++R-55XOR A,@IX +off42(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (IX) +off)++R-56XOR A,@IX +off42(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (IX) +off)++R-58 to 5FXOR A,Ri31(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\land$ (IL)++R-58 to 5FAND A,#d822(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\land$ d8++R-64   |                 |   |   |  | _  | -  | -  | ++++    |          |
| ROLC A21 $C \leftarrow A \leftarrow$ ++++02CMP A,#d822(A) - d8++++14CMP A,dir32(A) - (dir)++++15CMP A,@EP31(A) - ((IX) + off)++++16CMP A,@IX + off42(A) - ((IX) + off)++++16CMP A,Ri31(A) - (Ri)++++18 to 1FDAA21Decimal adjust for addition++++94XOR A21Decimal adjust for subtraction++++94XOR A, #d822(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (TL)+++R54XOR A,dir32(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (dir)+++R55XOR A,@IX + off42(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (dir)+++R55XOR A,@IX + off42(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ ((IX) + off)+++R56XOR A,Ri31(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (Ri)+++R56XOR A,Ri31(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (Ri)+++R56XOR A,Ri31(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (Ri)+++R64AND A,#d822(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\land$ (Ra) <td></td> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td>(T) – (A)</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td>-</td> <td>++++</td> <td></td> |                 | 3 |   | (T) – (A)  | —  | —  | -  | ++++    |          |
| ROLC A21 $\Box \leftarrow C \leftarrow A \leftarrow$ ++-+02CMP A,#d822(A) - d8++++14CMP A,dir32(A) - (dir)++++15CMP A,@EP31(A) - ((EP))++++16CMP A,@IX +off42(A) - (IX) +off)++++16CMP A,Ri31(A) - (Ri)++++18 to 1FDAA21Decimal adjust for addition++++84DAS21Decimal adjust for subtraction++++94XOR A21(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (TL)+++R52XOR A,#d822(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (dir)+++R55XOR A,@EP31(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (dir)+++R56XOR A,@IX +off42(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (Ri)+++R56XOR A,Ri31(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (Ri)+++R56XOR A,Ri31(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\land$ (TL)+++R64AND A,#d822(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\land$ d8+++R64   | RORC A          | 2 | 1 | ightarrow C  ightarrow A                         | -  | -  | -  | + + - + | 03       |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | ROLC A          | 2 | 1 |  | _  | _  | _  | ++-+    | 02       |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   |   |  |    |    |    |         |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | CMP A,#d8       |   |   |  | _  | _  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   |   |  | _  | —  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   |   |  | _  | —  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   |   |  | _  | _  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   |   |  | —  | —  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   | 1 |  | _  | _  | -  | + + + + |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 |   | 1 |  | _  | _  | -  |         |          |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |                 | 2 |   |  | —  | —  | -  | + + R – |          |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |   |   |  | _  | _  | -  |         |          |
| XOR A, @IX +off42(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ ((IX) +off)++56XOR A, Ri31(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\forall$ (Ri)+++RiAND A21(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\land$ (TL)++R-62AND A,#d822(A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\land$ d8++R-64   |                 |   |   |  | —  | —  | -  |         |          |
| XOR A,Ri31 $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \forall (Ri)$ $   +$ $+$ $R  58 \text{ to } 5F$ AND A21 $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land (TL)$ $   +$ $+$ $R  62$ AND A,#d822 $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land d8$ $   +$ $+$ $R  64$  |                 |   |   |  | _  | —  | -  |         |          |
| AND A       2       1 $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land (TL)$ -       -       -       +       +       62         AND A,#d8       2       2 $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land d8$ -       -       -       +       +       R       64  |                 |   | 2 |  | _  | —  | -  |         |          |
| AND A,#d8 2 2 $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land d8$ $  +$ $+$ R $-$ 64  |                 |   | 1 |  | _  | —  | -  |         | 58 to 5F |
|  |                 |   |   |  | _  | —  | -  |         |          |
| AND A,dir       3       2       (A) $\leftarrow$ (AL) $\land$ (dir)       -       -       -       + + R -       65   |                 |   |   |  | —  | —  | -  |         |          |
|  | AND A,dir       | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land (dir)$                | _  | _  | -  | + + R – | 65       |

| Table 3 | Arithmetic Operation Instructions (62 instructions) |
|---------|---|
|         |   |

(Continued)

# (Continued)

| Mnemonic         | ~ | # | Operation                                | TL | TH | AH | NZVC    | OP code  |
|------------------|---|---|--|----|----|----|---------|----------|
| AND A,@EP        | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land ((EP))$       | _  | _  | _  | + + R – | 67       |
| AND A,@IX +off   | 4 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land ((IX) + off)$ | _  | _  | _  | + + R – | 66       |
| AND A,Ri         | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land (Ri)$         | _  | _  | _  | + + R – | 68 to 6F |
| OR A             | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor (TL)$          | _  | _  | _  | + + R – | 72       |
| OR A,#d8         | 2 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor d8$            | _  | _  | _  | + + R – | 74       |
| OR A,dir         | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor (dir)$         | _  | _  | _  | + + R – | 75       |
| OR A,@EP         | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor ((EP))$        | _  | _  | _  | + + R – | 77       |
| OR A,@IX +off    | 4 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor ((IX) + off)$  | _  | _  | _  | + + R – | 76       |
| OR A,Ri          | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor (Ri)$          | _  | _  | _  | + + R – | 78 to 7F |
| CMP dir,#d8      | 5 | 3 | (dir) – d8                               | _  | _  | _  | ++++    | 95       |
| CMP @EP,#d8      | 4 | 2 | ( (EP) ) – d8                            | _  | _  | _  | ++++    | 97       |
| CMP @IX +off,#d8 | 5 | 3 | ((IX) + off) – d8                        | _  | _  | _  | ++++    | 96       |
| CMP Ri,#d8       | 4 | 2 | (Ri) – d8                                | _  | _  | _  | ++++    | 98 to 9F |
| INCW SP          | 3 | 1 | $(SP) \leftarrow (SP) + 1$               | —  | —  | —  |         | C1       |
| DECW SP          | 3 | 1 | $(SP) \leftarrow (SP) - 1$               | -  | _  | -  |         | D1       |

| Mnemonic       | ~ | # | Operation  | TL | ΤН | AH | NZVC    | OP code  |
|----------------|---|---|--|----|----|----|---------|----------|
| BZ/BEQ rel     | 3 | 2 | If Z = 1 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel             | _  | -  | _  |         | FD       |
| BNZ/BNE rel    | 3 | 2 | If Z = 0 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel             | _  | _  | _  |         | FC       |
| BC/BLO rel     | 3 | 2 | If C = 1 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel             | _  | _  | _  |         | F9       |
| BNC/BHS rel    | 3 | 2 | If C = 0 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel             | _  | _  | _  |         | F8       |
| BN rel         | 3 | 2 | If N = 1 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel             | _  | _  | —  |         | FB       |
| BP rel         | 3 | 2 | If N = 0 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel             | _  | _  | _  |         | FA       |
| BLT rel        | 3 | 2 | If V $\forall$ N = 1 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel | _  | _  | _  |         | FF       |
| BGE rel        | 3 | 2 | If V $\forall$ N = 0 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel | _  | _  | —  |         | FE       |
| BBC dir: b,rel | 5 | 3 | If (dir: b) = 0 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel      | _  | _  | _  | -+      | B0 to B7 |
| BBS dir: b,rel | 5 | 3 | If (dir: b) = 1 then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + rel      | _  | _  | —  | -+      | B8 to BF |
| JMP @A         | 2 | 1 | $(PC) \leftarrow (A)$                              | _  | _  | —  |         | E0       |
| JMP ext        | 3 | 3 | $(PC) \leftarrow ext$                              | _  | —  | —  |         | 21       |
| CALLV #vct     | 6 | 1 | Vector call  | _  | _  | —  |         | E8 to EF |
| CALL ext       | 6 | 3 | Subroutine call                                    | _  | _  | —  |         | 31       |
| XCHW A,PC      | 3 | 1 | $(PC) \leftarrow (A), (A) \leftarrow (PC) + 1$     | _  | —  | dH |         | F4       |
| RET            | 4 | 1 | Return from subrountine                            | —  | —  | —  |         | 20       |
| RETI           | 6 | 1 | Return form interrupt                              | —  | —  | -  | Restore | 30       |

| Table 5 | Other | Instructions | (9 | instructions | ) |
|---------|-------|--------------|----|--------------|---|
|---------|-------|--------------|----|--------------|---|

| Mnemonic | ~ | # | Operation | TL | TH | AH | NZVC | OP code |
|----------|---|---|-----------|----|----|----|------|---------|
| PUSHW A  | 4 | 1 |           | _  | _  | _  |      | 40      |
| POPW A   | 4 | 1 |           | _  | _  | dH |      | 50      |
| PUSHW IX | 4 | 1 |           | _  | _  | _  |      | 41      |
| POPW IX  | 4 | 1 |           | _  | _  | _  |      | 51      |
| NOP      | 1 | 1 |           | _  | _  | _  |      | 00      |
| CLRC     | 1 | 1 |           | _  | _  | —  | R    | 81      |
| SETC     | 1 | 1 |           | _  | _  | _  | S    | 91      |
| CLRI     | 1 | 1 |           | _  | -  | -  |      | 80      |
| SETI     | 1 | 1 |           | -  | -  | —  |      | 90      |

# ■ INSTRUCTION MAP

| т            | 0            | 1            | 2             | 3                    | 4              | 5            | 9            | 7            | 8            | 6            | A              | в                 | ပ             | D             | ш              | ш            |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 0            | NOP          | SWAP         | RET           | RETI                 | Y<br>MHSNJ     | POPW<br>A    | MOV<br>A,ext | MOVW<br>A,PS | CLRI         | SETI         | CLRB<br>dir: 0 | BBC<br>dir: 0,rel | INCW A        | DECWA         | JMP<br>@A      | MOVW<br>A,PC |
| <del>~</del> | MULU<br>A    | DIVU<br>A    | JMP<br>addr16 | CALL<br>addr16       | NHSU4<br>NHSU4 | POPW<br>IX   | MOV<br>ext,A | MOVW<br>PS,A | CLRC         | SETC         | CLRB<br>dir: 1 | BBC<br>dir: 1,rel | INCW<br>SP    | DECW<br>SP    | MOVW<br>SP,A   | MOVW<br>A,SP |
| 7            | ROLC<br>A    | CMP<br>A     | ADDC<br>A     | SUBC                 | XCH<br>A, T    | XOR<br>A     | AND<br>A     | OR<br>A      | MOV<br>@A,T  | MOV<br>A,@A  | CLRB<br>dir: 2 | BBC<br>dir: 2,rel | INCW          | DECWIX        | MOVW<br>IX,A   | MOVW<br>A,IX |
| e            | RORC<br>A    | CMPW<br>A    | ADDCW<br>A    | SUBCW XCHW<br>A A, - | ⊢              | XORW<br>A    | ANDW<br>A    | ORW<br>A     | MOVW<br>@A,T | MOVW<br>A,@A | CLRB<br>dir: 3 | BBC<br>dir: 3,rel | INCW          | DECW<br>EP    | MOVW<br>EP,A   | MOVW<br>A,EP |
| 4            | MOV<br>A,#d8 | CMP<br>A,#d8 | ADDC<br>A,#d8 | SUBC<br>A,#d8        |                | XOR<br>A,#d8 | AND<br>A,#d8 | OR<br>A,#d8  | DAA          | DAS          | CLRB<br>dir: 4 | BBC<br>dir: 4,rel | MOVW<br>A,ext | MOVW<br>ext,A | MOVW<br>A,#d16 | XCHW<br>A,PC |
| ъ            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | CLRB           | BBC               | MOVW          | MOVW          | MOVW           | XCHW         |
|              | A,dir        | A,dir        | A,dir         | A,dir                | dir,A          | A,dir        | A,dir        | A,dir        | dir,#d8      | dir,#d8      | dir: 5         | dir: 5,rel        | A,dir         | dir,A         | SP,#d16        | A,SP         |
| o            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | CLRB           | BBC               | MOVW          | MOVW          | MOVW           | XCHW         |
|              | A,@IX +d     | A,@IX +d     | A,@IX +d      | A,@IX +d             | @IX+d,A        | A,@IX +d     | A,@IX +d     | A,@IX +d     | @IX+d#d8     | @IX+d,#d8    | dir: 6         | dir: 6,rel        | A,@IX +d      | @IX +d,A      | IX,#d16        | A,IX         |
| ~            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | CLRB           | BBC               | MOVW          | MOVW          | MOVW           | XCHW         |
|              | A,@EP        | A,@EP        | A,@EP         | A,@EP                | @EP,A          | A,@EP        | A,@EP        | A,@EP        | @EP;#d8      | @EP;#d8      | dir: 7         | dir: 7,rel        | A,@EP         | @EP,A         | EP,#d16        | A,EP         |
| œ            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | SETB           | BBS               | INC           | DEC           | CALLV          | BNC          |
|              | A,R0         | A,R0         | A,R0          | A,R0                 | R0,A           | A,R0         | A,R0         | A,R0         | R0,#d8       | R0,#d8       | dir: 0         | dir: 0,rel        | R0            | R0            | #0             | rel          |
| 6            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | SETB           | BBS               | INC           | DEC           | CALLV          | BC           |
|              | A,R1         | A,R1         | A,R1          | A,R1                 | R1,A           | A,R1         | A,R1         | A,R1         | R1,#d8       | R1,#d8       | dir: 1         | dir: 1,rel        | R1            | R1            | #1             | rel          |
| ۲            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | SETB           | BBS               | INC           | DEC           | CALLV          | BP           |
|              | A,R2         | A,R2         | A,R2          | A,R2                 | R2,A           | A,R2         | A,R2         | A,R2         | R2,#d8       | R2,#d8       | dir: 2         | dir: 2,rel        | R2            | R2            | #2             | rel          |
| в            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | SETB           | BBS               | INC           | DEC           | CALLV          | BN           |
|              | A,R3         | A,R3         | A,R3          | A,R3                 | R3,A           | A,R3         | A,R3         | A,R3         | R3,#d8       | R3,#d8       | dir: 3         | dir: 3,rel        | R3            | R3            | #3             | rel          |
| ပ            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | SETB           | BBS               | INC           | DEC           | CALLV          | BNZ          |
|              | A,R4         | A,R4         | A,R4          | A,R4                 | R4,A           | A,R4         | A,R4         | A,R4         | R4,#d8       | R4,#d8       | dir: 4         | dir: 4,rel        | R4            | R4            | #4             | rel          |
| D            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | SETB           | BBS               | INC           | DEC           | CALLV          | BZ           |
|              | A,R5         | A,R5         | A,R5          | A,R5                 | R5,A           | A,R5         | A,R5         | A,R5         | R5,#d8       | R5,#d8       | dir: 5         | dir: 5,rel        | R5            | R5            | #5             | rel          |
| ш            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | SETB           | BBS               | INC           | DEC           | CALLV          | BGE          |
|              | A,R6         | A,R6         | A,R6          | A,R6                 | R6,A           | A,R6         | A,R6         | A,R6         | R6,#d8       | R6,#d8       | dir: 6         | dir: 6,rel        | R6            | R6            | #6             | rel          |
| ш            | MOV          | CMP          | ADDC          | SUBC                 | MOV            | XOR          | AND          | OR           | MOV          | CMP          | SETB           | BBS               | INC           | DEC           | CALLV          | BLT          |
|              | A,R7         | A,R7         | A,R7          | A,R7                 | R7,A           | A,R7         | A,R7         | A,R7         | R7,#d8       | R7,#d8       | dir: 7         | dir: 7,rel        | R7            | R7            | #7             | rel          |
| ĺ            |              |              |               |                      |                |              |              |              |              |              |                |                   |               |               |                |              |

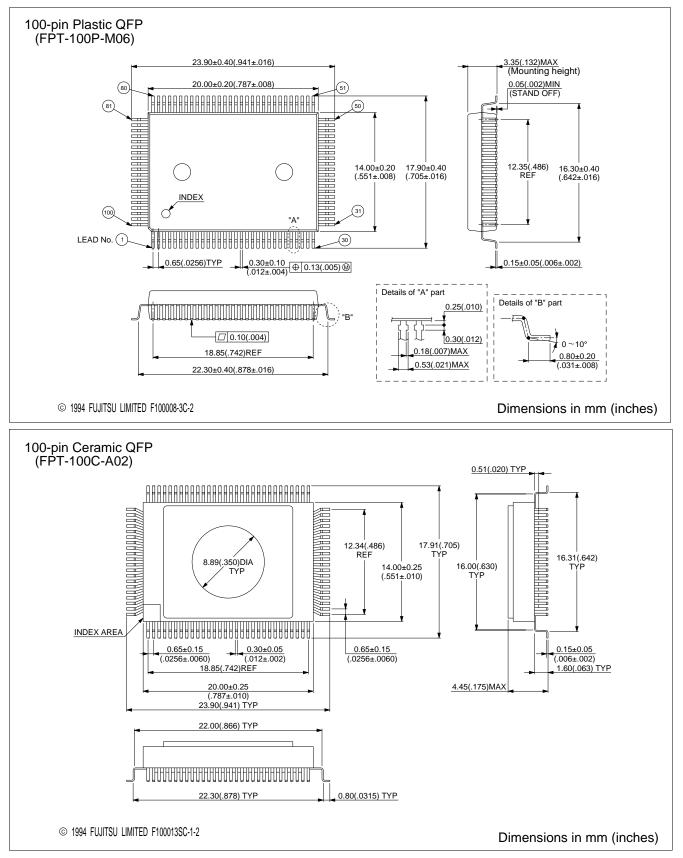
# ■ MASK OPTIONS

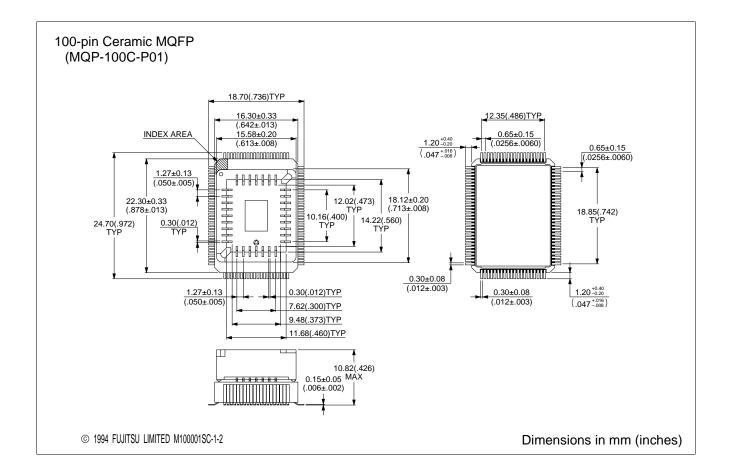
| No. | Part number   | MB89689   | MB89P689<br>MB89W689   | MB89PV680   |
|-----|---|---|--|---|
|     | Specifying procedure  | Spcify when ordering<br>masking   | Set with EPROM<br>programmer   | Setting not<br>possible   |
| 1   | Pull-up resistors<br>P00 to P07,<br>P10 to P17,<br>P30 to P37,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P90 to P97,<br>PA0 to PA7  | Selectable by pin   | Selectable by pin  | Fixed to without a pull-up resistor                                   |
| 2   | Power-on reset (POR)<br>With power-on reset<br>Without power-on reset   | Selectable  | Selectable   | Fixed to with power-on reset  |
| 3   | Oscillation stabilization time<br>selection (OSC)<br>The initial value of the main<br>clock oscillation stabilization<br>time can be set with WTM1<br>and WTM0 bit. | Selectable           WTM1 WTM0           0         0: 2³/Fcн           0         1: 2¹²/Fcн           1         0: 2¹6/Fcн           1         1: 2¹²/Fcн | Selectable<br>WTM1 WTM0<br>0 0: 2 <sup>3</sup> /Fсн<br>0 1: 2 <sup>12</sup> /Fсн<br>1 0: 2 <sup>16</sup> /Fсн<br>1 1: 2 <sup>18</sup> /Fсн | Fixed to oscillation<br>stabilization time of<br>2 <sup>18</sup> /FcH |
| 4   | Reset pin output (RST)<br>With reset output<br>Without reset output   | Selectable  | Selectable   | Fixed to with reset output  |
| 5   | Clock mode selection (CLK)<br>Dual-clock mode<br>Single-clock mode  | Selectable  | Selectable   | Fixed to dual clock   |

# ■ ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part number             | Package                                | Remarks |
|-------------------------|--|---------|
| MB89689PF<br>MB89P689PF | 100-pin Plastic QFP<br>(FPT-100P-M06)  |         |
| MB89W689CF              | 100-pin Ceramic QFP<br>(FPT-100C-A02)  |         |
| MB89PV680CF             | 100-pin Ceramic MQFP<br>(MQP-100C-P01) |         |

### ■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





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