

FAN1539/FAN1540 1A/1.3A, LDO With Low Quiescent Current

Features

- Very Low Ground Current ($I_{GND} = 1mA$)
- Excellent Line Regulation
- Excellent Load Regulation
- Very Low Transient Overshoot
- Stable with low ESR Output Capacitor (ESR = $0m\Omega$)
- Thermal Shutdown
- Current Limit
- Output Options: 3.3V and 1.8V

Applications

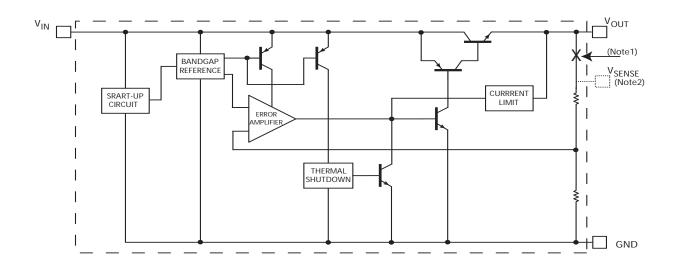
- Disk Drive Circuits
- Desktop Computers
- Laptop, Notebook Computers
- General purpose Three Terminal Regulator

Description

The FAN1539/FAN1540 series of high current LDO (1.0A and 1.3A) has been developed for portable applications where low quiescent current is an important requirement. The device features excellent line and load transient response which does not exceed 10% of nominal output value for full operating temperature range even during power ON cycle and short circuit removal. Internally trimmed, temperature compensated bandgap reference guarantees 2.5% accuracy for full range of input voltage, output current and temperature. Included on the chip are accurate current limit and thermal shutdown protection. Device stability is achieved with only two external low ESR ceramic capacitors.

The FAN1539/FAN1540 is available in thermally enhanced 3x3mm 6-lead MLP, 5x6mm 8-lead MLP package and 3-lead TO-252 packages. The 5x6mm MLP package version features separate Kelvin sense pin for high precision applications.

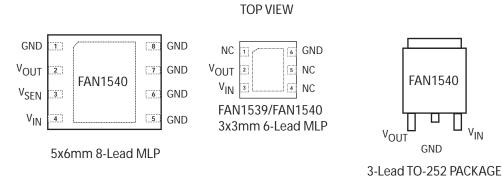
Block Diagram



Notes:

- 1. No connection for FAN1540MMPX.
- 2. V_{SEN} available for FAN1540MMPX.

Pin Assignments



Pin Description

Symbol	Name And Function			
V _{IN}	Input pin			
GND	Ground Pin (Tab)			
V _{OUT}	Output pin: Fixed Output Voltage			
V _{SEN}	Output sense pin. Connect to V _{OUT} if Kelvin sensing is not required			
NC	No Connection			

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units	
Operating Input Voltage		V _{IN}	10	V
Power Dissipation		PD	Internally Limited	W
Short Circuit Output Current	I _{OSH}	Internally Limited	A	
Operating Junction Temperature Range		ТJ	0 to 150	°C
Thermal Resistance- Junction to Tab, TO-252	θ_{JC}	3	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance- Junction to Tab, 3mmx3mm 6-lead MI	θ_{JC}	8	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance- Junction to Tab, 5mmx6mm 8-lead MI	P (Note 3)	θ_{JC}	4	°C/W
Storage Temperature Range (Note 3)		T _{STG}	-65 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (I.R. Reflow) 30Sec. (Note 4)	T _{LEAD}	240	°C	
Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10Sec. (Note 4)	T _{LEAD}	260	°C	
Electrostatic Discharge Protection (Note 5) HBM		ESD	4	kV
	CDM		2	

Notes:

3. Junction to ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is a strong function of PCB material, board thickness, thickness and number of copper plains, number of via used, diameter of via used, available copper surface, and attached heat sink characteristics. Thermal resistance(θ_{JA}), V_{IN}, I_{OUT} must be chosen not to exceed T_J = 150°C.

4. Soldering temperature should be 260°C for 10 second after 240°C for 30 second in I.R. reflow using 60/40 solder. Maximum rate of temperature rise is 3°C/SEC to within 100°C of the final temperature.

5. Using Mil Std. 883E, method 3015.7(Human Body Model) and EIA/JESD22C101-A (Charge Device Model).

Electrical Characteristics—FAN1539MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540MMPX, FAN1540DX

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 4.50V$ to 7V, $T_j = 25^{\circ}$ C, I_{MAX} (FAN1539) = 1.0A, I_{MAX} (FAN1540) = 1.3A. **Boldface limits** apply over operating junction temperature range of 0° C $\leq T_J \leq 125^{\circ}$ C.

		TEST CONDITIONS		TE	ST LIM	ITS		
Parameter	Symbol	V _{IN}	I _{OUT}		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage FAN1540	V _{OUT}	$4.75V \le V_{IN} \le 5.25V$	5mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤	I _{MAX}	3.234 3.217	3.300	3.366 3.383	V
Line Regulation	REG _(LINE)	$3.0V \le V_{IN} \le 5.25V$	5mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤	≤ I _{MAX}		2	15	mV
Load Regulation	REG _(LOAD)	4.75V	5mA < 1 < 1	FAN1539		25	35	mV
			$5mA \le I_{OUT} \le I_{MAX}$	FAN1540		30	40	
Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	V _D		$I_{OUT} = I_{M/2}$	AX		0.9	1.2	V
Current Limit	ا _S	5.5V				3.3		А
$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Min. Output} \\ \mbox{Current for} \\ \mbox{regulation} \\ (\Delta V_{OUT} \leq 3\%) \end{array}$	I _{OMIN}						0	mA
Temperature Stability	Τ _S		I _{OUT} = 5m	ηA		0.3		%
RMS Output Noise (Note 7)	V _N		I _{OUT} = I _{MAX}			0.003		%V _{OUT}
Ripple Rejection	R _A	5V	I _{OUT} = 10mA I _{OUT} = 100mA		65	75		dB
Ratio (Note 8)					63	73		
			I _{OUT} = I _{MA}		45	57		
Transient Response	ΔV_{OUT}	5V	1mA to I _M			2.0	10 (up	%
Change of VOUT	ΔI_{OUT}		$t_r \ge 1 \mu S$				(un- der-	70
with step load change (Note 9)			I _{MAX} to 1m	hΑ			shoot	
			t _f ≥1μS				or over-	
							shoot	
							of	
		-					V _{OUT})	
Transient Response	ΔV_{OUT}	0 to 5V Step Input	1mA≤I _{OUT} ≤	I _{MAX}		5.0	10 (un-	%
Change of V _{OUT}	ΔV_{IN}	t _r ≥ 1μS 10% to 90%					der-	
with application of V _{IN}		10% to 90%					shoot	
(Note 9)							or	
							over- shoot	
							of	
							V _{OUT})	

Electrical Characteristics—FAN1539MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540MMPX, FAN1540DX (Continued)

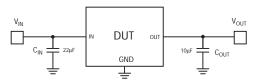
Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 4.50V$ to 7V, $T_j = 25^{\circ}$ C, I_{MAX} (FAN1539) = 1.0A, I_{MAX} (FAN1540) = 1.3A. **Boldface limits** apply over operating junction temperature range of 0° C $\leq T_J \leq 125^{\circ}$ C.

		TEST CONDITIONS		TE	ST LIM	ITS	
Parameter	Symbol	V _{IN}	I _{OUT}	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Transient Response Short circuit Removal Response (Note 9)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$ @I _{OUT} = short	5V	I _{OUT} = short to I _{OUT} = 10mA		5.0	10 (over- shoot or un- der- shoot of V _O)	%
Quiescent Current	I _{GND}	$V_{IN} \leq 7V$	I _{OUT} = 0mA		1.0	2.0	mA
Quiescent Current	I _{GND}	$V_{IN} \leq 7V$	$2mA \le I_{OUT} \le I_{MAX}$		1.0	2.0	mA
Quiescent Current	I _{GND}	V _{IN} = 5V	0mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 50mA		1.0	2.0	mA
Thermal Shutdown	T _{jSD}	$3.0\text{V} \le \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \le 5.25\text{V}$			160		°C
Thermal Hysteresis	T _{HYST}	$3.0 \leq V_{\rm IN} \leq 5.25 V$			15		°C

Notes:

- 6. Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential voltage at which the output voltage drops 1% below the nominal value measured at V_{IN} = 5V.
- 7. Measured within 10Hz to 10kHz bandwidth.
- 8. Measured at DC, specified at 120 Hz.
- 9. C_{IN} = 22µF, C_{OUT} = 10µF. Both capacitors are low ESR X7R type.

Test Circuit



Notes: 1. Use low ESR capacitors. 2. $C_{\rm IN}$ should be placed as close to $V_{\rm IN}$ as possible.

Electrical Characteristics—FAN1540D18X

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.135V$ to 3.465V, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$, $I_{MAX} = 1.3A$. Boldface limits apply over operating junction temperature range of $0^{\circ}C \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}C$.

		TEST C	ONDITIONS	TE	ST LIM	ITS	
Parameter	Symbol	V _{IN}	Ι _{ουτ}	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	$3.15V \le V_{IN} \le 3.465V$	$5\text{mA} \le I_{OUT} \le I_{MAX}$	1.755	1.800	1.845	V
Line Regulation	REG _(LINE)	$3.135V \le V_{IN} \le 3.465V$	$5\text{mA} \le I_{OUT} \le I_{MAX}$		3	10	mV
Load Regulation	REG _(LOAD)	3.3V	$5mA \le I_{OUT} \le I_{MAX}$		20	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	V _D		$I_{OUT} = I_{MAX}$		0.9	1.2	V
Current Limit	ا _S	3.3V			2.5		А
$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Min. Output} \\ \mbox{Current for} \\ \mbox{regulation} \\ (\Delta V_{\rm OUT} \leq 3\%) \end{array}$	I _{OMIN}					0	mA
Temperature Stability	Τ _S		I _{OUT} = 5mA		0.3		%
RMS Output Noise (Note 7)	V _N		I _{OUT} = I _{MAX}		0.003		%V _{OUT}
Ripple Rejection Ratio (Note 8)	R _A	3.3V	I _{OUT} = 500mA	40			dB
Transient Response Change of V _{OUT} with step load	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	3.3V	$\begin{array}{c} 1mA \text{ to } I_{MAX} \\ t_r \geq 1 \mu S \end{array}$		2.0	10 (un- der-	%
change (Note 9)			I _{MAX} to 1mA			shoot	
			t _f ≥1μS			or over- shoot of V _{OUT})	
Transient Response Change of V _{OUT} with application of V _{IN} (Note 9)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	0 to 1.8V Step Input $t_r \ge 1\mu S$ 10% to 90%	1mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ I _{MAX}		3.0	10 (un- der- shoot or over- shoot of V _{OUT})	%

Electrical Characteristics—FAN1540D18X (Continued)

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.135V$ to 3.465V, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. **Boldface limits** apply over operating junction temperature range of $0^{\circ}C \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}C$.

		TEST CONDITIONS		TE	ST LIM	ITS	
Parameter	Symbol	V _{IN}	I _{OUT}	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Transient Response Short circuit Removal Response (Note 9)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$ @I _{OUT} = short	3.3V	I _{OUT} = short to I _{OUT} = 10mA		3.0	10 (over- shoot or un- der- shoot of V _O)	%
Quiescent Current	I _{GND}	3.3V	I _{OUT} = 0mA		1.0	2.0	mA
Quiescent Current	I _{GND}	3.3V	$2mA \le I_{OUT} \le I_{MAX}$		1.0	2.0	mA
Thermal Shutdown	T _{jSD}				160		°C
Thermal Hysteresis	T _{HYST}				10		°C

Notes:

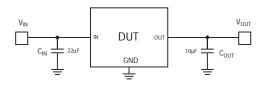
6. Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential voltage at which the output voltage drops 1% below the nominal value measured at V_{IN} = 3.3V.

7. Measured within 10Hz to 10kHz bandwidth.

8. Measured at DC, specified at 120 Hz.

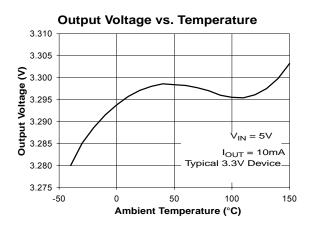
9. $C_{IN} = 22\mu$ F, $C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F. Both capacitors are low ESR X7R type.

Test Circuit

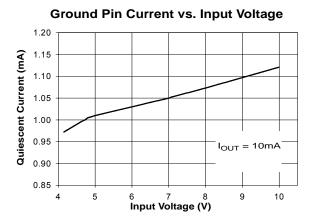


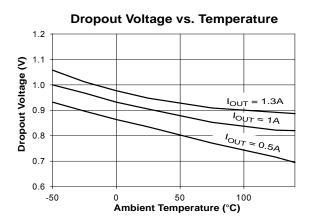
Notes: 1. Use low ESR capacitors. 2. $C_{\rm IN}$ should be placed as close to $V_{\rm IN}$ as possible.

Typical Performance Characteristics—FAN1539MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540DX

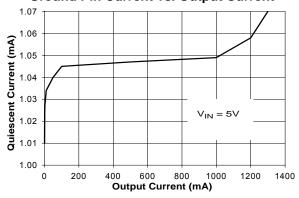


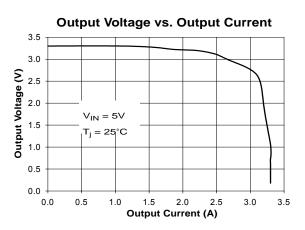
Ground Pin Current vs. Temperature 1.3 Quiescent Current (mA) V_{IN} = 5V 1.2 I_{OUT} = 10mA 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 100 0 50 150 Ambient Temperature (°C)



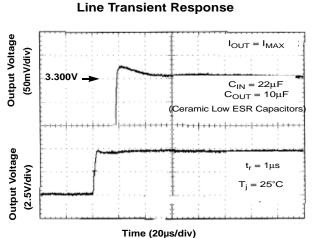


Ground Pin Current vs. Output Current

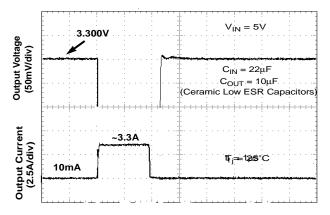




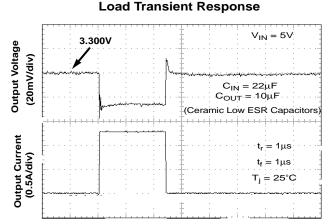
Typical Performance Characteristics—FAN1539MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540DX (Continued)



Short Circuit Removal Response

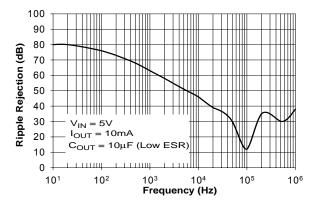


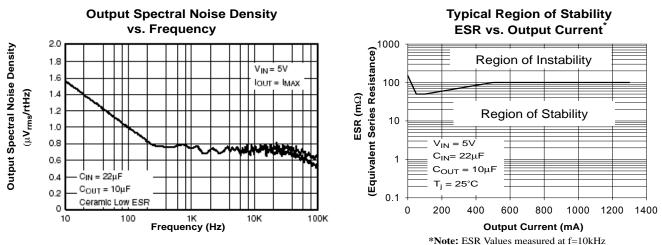
Time (40µs/div)



Time (20µs/div)

Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency

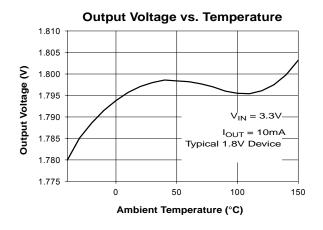


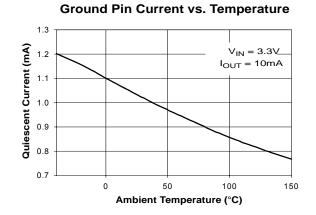


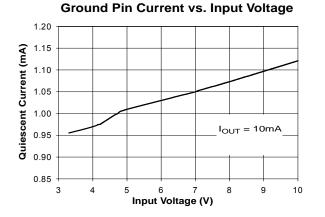
Note:

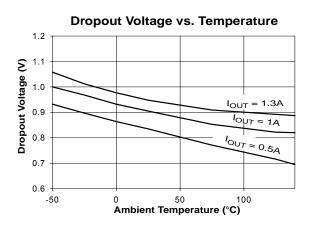
Transient response tests require short lead lengths and low resistance connections at source and load.

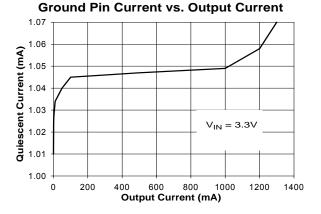
Typical Performance Characteristics—FAN1540D18X

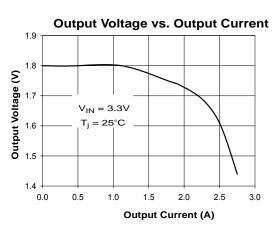












Applications Information

General Circuit Description

The FAN1539/FAN1540 is an advanced low dropout voltage regulator, specially designed for applications in portable computers, where high performance and low quiescent current is required. The device has an internal trimmed bandgap voltage reference and an internal output voltage sense divider. These two signals form the input to the error amplifier which regulates the output voltage.

The FAN1539/FAN1540 has a complete set of internal protection circuitry including thermal shutdown, short circuit current limit and electrostatic discharge protection. Low ESR ceramic capacitors are needed for input as well as output pins to maintain the circuit stability.

Short Circuit Current Limit

The device has internal over-current limit and short circuit protection. Under over-current conditions the device current is determined by the current limit threshold. Once the device is released from short circuit conditions, the normal level of current limit is gradually re-established as the device output voltage reaches normal levels. Special circuitry has been added to ensure that recovery from short circuit current conditions does not lead to excessive overshoot of the output voltage -- a phenomenon often encountered in conventional regulators.

Thermal Protection

The FAN1539/FAN1540 is designed to supply at least 1A/ 1.3A output currents. Excessive output load at high input output voltage difference will cause the device temperature to increase and exceed maximum ratings due to power dissipation. During output overload conditions, when the die temperature exceeds the shutdown limit temperature of 160°C, an onboard thermal protection will disable the output until the temperature drops approximately 15°C below the limit, at which point the output is re-enabled.

Thermal Characteristics

The FAN1539/FAN1540 is designed to supply at least 1A/ 1.3A at the specified output voltage with an operating die (junction) temperature of up to 125°C. Once the power dissipation and thermal resistance is known, the maximum junction temperature of the device can be calculated. While the power dissipation is calculated from known electrical parameters, the actual thermal resistance depends on the thermal characteristics of the chosen package and the surrounding PC board copper to which it is mounted. The power dissipation is equal to the product of the input-tooutput voltage differential and the output current plus the ground current multiplied by the input voltage, or:

$$P_{D} = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})I_{OUT} + V_{IN}I_{GND}$$

The ground pin current, I_{GND} can be found in the charts provided in the "Electrical Characteristics" section.

The relationship describing the thermal behavior of the package is:

$$P_{D(max)} = \left\{ \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \right\}$$

where $T_{J(max)}$ is the maximum allowable junction temperature of the die, which is 150°C, and T_A is the ambient operating temperature. θ_{JA} is dependent on the surrounding PC board layout and can be empirically obtained. While the θ_{JC} (junction-to-case) of the 6-lead MLP package is specified at 8° C /W, the θ_{IA} for a minimum PWB footprint will be in substantially higher. This can be improved upon by providing a heat sink of surrounding copper ground on the PWB. Depending on the size of the copper area, and the thickness of the copper layer, the resulting θ_{JA} can vary over a wide range. The addition of backside copper with through-holes, stiffeners, and other enhancements can also aid in reducing thermal resistance. Thermal simulations performed on a thermally optimized board layout indicate that θ_{IA} as low as 20°C /W can be achieved. For example, the heat contributed by the dissipation of other devices located nearby must be included in the design considerations.

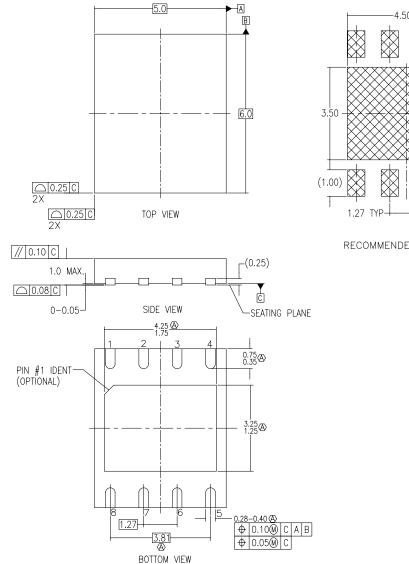
Overload conditions also need to be considered. It is possible for the device to enter a thermal cycling loop, in which the circuit enters a shutdown condition, cools, re-enables, and then again overheats and shuts down repeatedly due to a persistent fault condition.

Capacitor ESR and Printed Circuit Board Layout

The FAN1539/FAN1540 has been optimized to accommodate low ESR bypass capacitors down to 0 m Ω . For best results it is important to place *both* input and output bypass capacitors as near to the input and output pins as possible. Use of X7R types such as Murata's GRM31CR70J106KA01B (10µF) and GRM43ER71A226KE01B (22µF) or similar component from TDK. The capacitors should connect directly to the ground plane. Use of ground plane on the top and the bottom side of the PCB is recommended. As many via as possible should be used to minimize ground plane resistance.

Mechanical Dimensions

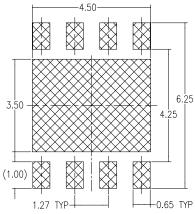
5x6mm 8-Lead MLP



NOTES:

- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER

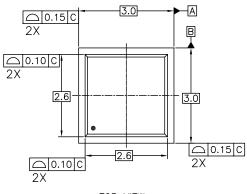
ASME Y14.5M, 1994



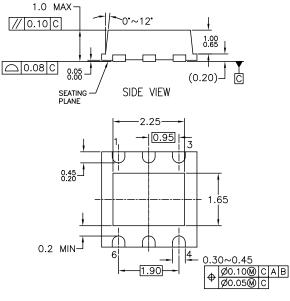


Mechanical Dimensions

3x3mm 6-Lead MLP



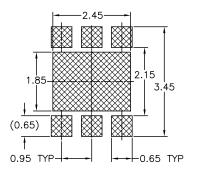






NOTES:

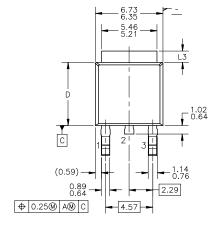
- A. CONFORMS TO JEDEC REGISTRATION MO-229, VARIATION VEEA, DATED 11/2001
- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994

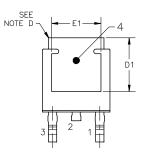


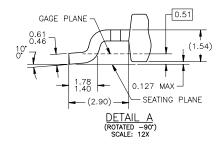
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

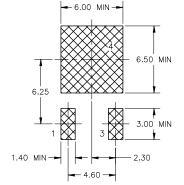
Mechanical Dimensions

3-Lead TO-252

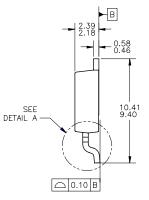








LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION



- NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 B) THIS PACKAGE CONFORMS TO JEDEC, TO-252, ISSUE C, VARIATION AA & AB, DATED NOV. 1999.
 C) DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 D) HEAT SINK TOP EDGE COULD BE IN CHAMFERED CORNERS OR EDGE PROTRUSION.
 E) DIMENSIONS L3,D,E1&D1 TABLE:

DIMENSIONS LO,D,ET&DT TA							
	OPTION AA	OPTION AB					
L3	0.89-1.27	1.52-2.03					
D	5.97-6.22	5.33-5.59					
E1	4.32 MIN	3.81 MIN					
D1	5.21 MIN	4.57 MIN					

Ordering Information

Product Number	Output Voltage	Package
FAN1540MMPX	3.3V	5x6mm 8-Lead MLP in T&R
FAN1539MX	3.3V	3x3mm 6-Lead MLP in T&R
FAN1540MX	3.3V	3x3mm 6-Lead MLP in T&R
FAN1540DX	3.3V	3-Lead TO-252 in T&R
FAN1540D18X	1.8V	3-Lead TO-252 in T&R

Tape and Reel Information

Quantity	Reel Size	Width
3000	7"	8mm

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- 2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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