# FAIRCHILD

SEMICONDUCTOR

# 74F569 4-Bit Bidirectional Counter with 3-STATE Outputs

# **General Description**

The 74F569 is a fully synchronous, reversible counter with 3-STATE outputs. The 74F569 is a binary counter, featuring preset capability for programmable\_operation, carry lookahead for easy cascading, and a U/D input to control the direction of counting. For maximum flexibility there are both synchronous and master asynchronous reset inputs as well as both Clocked Carry ( $\overline{CC}$ ) and Terminal Count ( $\overline{TC}$ ) outputs. All state changes except Master Reset are initiated by the rising edge of the clock. A HIGH signal on the Output Enable (OE) input forces the output buffers into the high impedance state but does not prevent counting, resetting or parallel loading.

### **Features**

- Synchronous counting and loading
- Lookahead carry capability for easy cascading

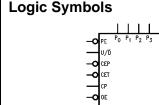
April 1988

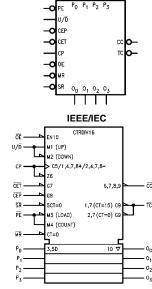
Revised August 1999

- Preset capability for programmable operation
- 3-STATE outputs for bus organized systems

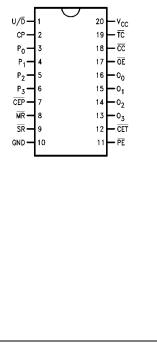
# **Ordering Code:**

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description		
74F569SC	M20B	20-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300 Wide		
74F569SJ M20D 20-Lead Small Outline Package (SOP), EIAJ TYPE II, 5.3mm Wide				
74F569PC	N20A	20-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300 Wide		
Devices also available	in Tape and Reel. Specify	by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.		





# **Connection Diagram**



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#### **Unit Loading/Fan Out**

Din Manag	Description	U.L.	Input I <sub>IH</sub> /I <sub>IL</sub>
Pin Names	Description	HIGH/LOW	Output I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>
P <sub>0</sub> -P <sub>3</sub>	Parallel Data Inputs	1.0/1.0	20 µA/–0.6 mA
CEP	Count Enable Parallel Input (Active LOW)	1.0/1.0	20 µA/–0.6 mA
CET	Count Enable Trickle Input (Active LOW)	1.0/1.0	20 µA/–1.2 mA
CP	Clock Pulse Input (Active Rising Edge)	1.0/1.0	20 µA/–0.6 mA
PE	Parallel Enable Input (Active LOW)	1.0/1.0	20 μA/–1.2 mA
U/D	Up/Down Count Control Input	1.0/1.0	20 µA/–0.6 mA
OE	Output Enable Input (Active LOW)	1.0/1.0	20 µA/–0.6 mA
MR	Master Reset Input (Active LOW)	1.0/1.0	20 µA/–0.6 mA
SR	Synchronous Reset Input (Active LOW)	1.0/1.0	20 µA/–0.6 mA
O <sub>0</sub> -O <sub>3</sub>	3-STATE Parallel Data Outputs	150/40(33.3)	-3 mA/24 mA (20 mA)
TC	Terminal Count Output (Active LOW)	50/33.3	-1 mA/20 mA
CC	Clocked Carry Output (Active LOW)	50/33.3	-1 mA/20 mA

#### **Functional Description**

The 74F569 counts in the modulo-16 binary sequence. From state 15 it will increment to state 0 in the Up mode; in the Down mode it will decrement from 0 to 15. The clock inputs of all flip-flops are driven in parallel through a clock buffer. All state changes (except due to Master Reset) occurs synchronously with the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the Clock Pulse (CP) input signal.

The circuits have five fundamental modes of operation, in order of precedence: asynchronous reset, synchronous reset, parallel load, count and hold. Five control inputs—Master Reset ( $\overline{MR}$ ), Synchronous Reset ( $\overline{SR}$ ), Parallel Enable (PE), Count Enable Parallel (CEP) and Count Enable Trickle CET)—plus the Up/Down (U/D) input, determine the mode of operation, as shown in the Mode Select Table. A LOW signal on  $\overline{MR}$  overrides all other inputs and asynchronously forces the flip-flop Q outputs LOW. A LOW signal on  $\overline{SR}$  overrides counting and parallel loading and allows the Q outputs to go LOW on the next rising edge of CP. A LOW signal on PE overrides counting and allows information on the Parallel Data ( $P_n$ ) inputs to be loaded into the flip-flops on the next rising edge of CP. With  $\overline{MR}$ ,  $\overline{SR}$  and PE HIGH,  $\overline{CEP}$  and  $\overline{CET}$  permit counting when both are LOW. Conversely, a HIGH signal on either  $\overline{CEP}$  or  $\overline{CET}$  inhibits counting.

The <u>74F569</u> uses edge-triggered flip-flops and changing the SR, PE, CEP, CET or U/D inputs when the CP is in either state does not cause errors, provided that the recommended setup and hold times, with respect to the rising edge of CP, are observed.

Two types of outputs are provided as overflow/underflow indicators. The Terminal Count  $(\overline{\text{TC}})$  output is normally HIGH and goes LOW providing  $\overline{\text{CET}}$  is LOW, when the counter reaches zero in the Down mode, or reaches maximum

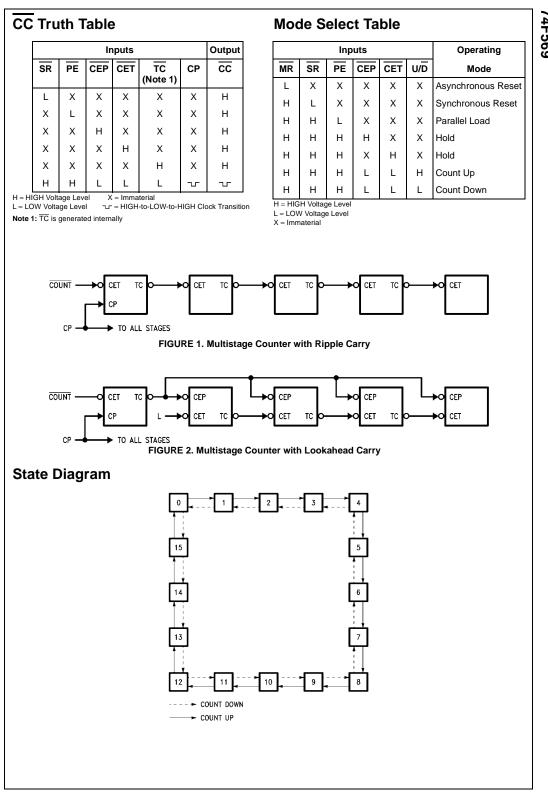
(15) in the Up mode. TC will then remain LOW until a state change occurs, whether by counting or presetting, or until U/D or CET is changed. To implement synchronous multi-

stage counters, the connections between the  $\overline{TC}$  output and the  $\overline{CEP}$  and  $\overline{CET}$  inputs can provide either slow or fast carry propagation.

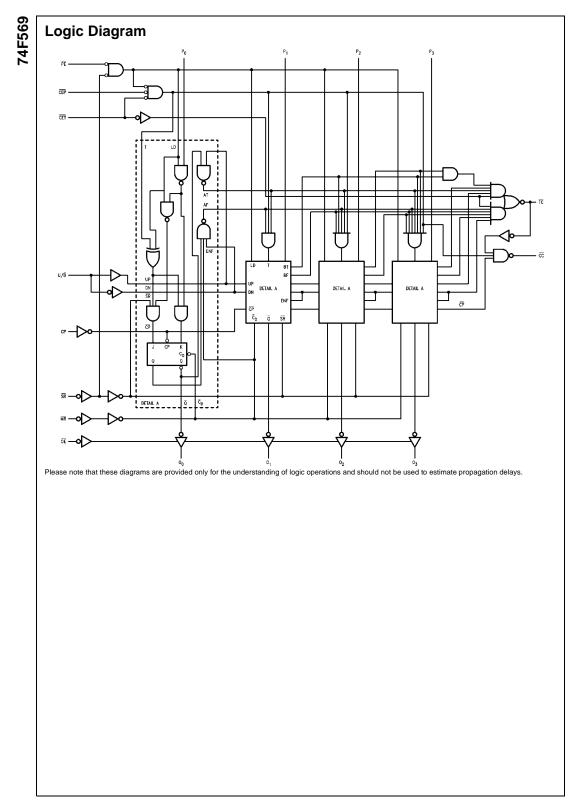
Figure 1 shows the connections for simple ripple carry, in which the clock period must be longer than the CP to  $\overline{\text{TC}}$ delay of the first stage, plus the cumulative CET to TC delays of the intermediate stages, plus the CET to CP setup time of the last stage. This total delay plus setup time sets the upper limit on clock frequency. For faster clock rates, the carry lookahead connections shown in Figure 2 are recommended. In this scheme the ripple delay through the intermediate stages commences with the same clock that causes the first stage to tick over from max to min in the Up mode, or min to max in the Down mode, to start its final cycle. Since this final cycle takes 16 clocks to complete, there is plenty of time for the ripple to progress through the intermediate stages. The critical timing that limits the clock period is the CP to TC delay of the first stage plus the CEP to CP setup time of the last stage. The TC output is subject to decoding spikes due to internal race conditions and is therefore not recommended for use as a clock or asynchronous reset for flip-flops, registers or counters. For such applications, the Clocked Carry ( $\overline{CC}$ ) output is provided. The  $\overline{CC}$  output is normally HIGH. When CEP, CET, and TC are LOW, the CC output will go LOW when the clock next goes LOW and will stay LOW until the clock goes HIGH again, as shown in the  $\overline{CC}$  Truth Table. When the Output Enable (OE) is LOW, the parallel data outputs  $O_0-O_3$  are active and follow the flip-flop Q outputs. A HIGH signal on  $\overline{OE}$  forces  $O_0 - O_3$  to the High Z state but does not prevent counting, loading or resetting.

#### Logic Equations

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Count Enable} = \overline{\text{CEP}} \bullet \overline{\text{CET}} \bullet \text{PE} \\ \text{Up: } \overline{\text{TC}} = \text{Q}_0 \bullet \text{Q}_1 \bullet \text{Q}_2 \bullet \text{Q}_3 \bullet (\text{Up}) \bullet \overline{\text{CET}} \\ \text{Down: } \overline{\text{TC}} = \overline{\text{Q}}_0 \bullet \overline{\text{Q}}_1 \bullet \overline{\text{Q}}_2 \bullet \overline{\text{Q}}_3 \bullet (\text{Down}) \bullet \overline{\text{CET}} \end{array}$ 



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### Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 2)

Storage Temperature Ambient Temperature under Bias Junction Temperature under Bias V<sub>CC</sub> Pin Potential to Ground Pin Input Voltage (Note 3) Input Current (Note 3) Voltage Applied to Output in HIGH State (with  $V_{CC} = 0V$ ) Standard Output 3-STATE Output Current Applied to Output in LOW State (Max) twice the rated  $I_{OL}$  (mA)

–65°C to +150°C  $-55^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$  $-55^{\circ}C$  to  $+175^{\circ}C$ -0.5V to +7.0V -0.5V to +7.0V -30 mA to +5.0 mA

-0.5V to V<sub>CC</sub>

-0.5V to +5.5V

# **Recommended Operating** Conditions

Free Air Ambient Temperature Supply Voltage

 $0^{\circ}C$  to  $+70^{\circ}C$ 

+4.5V to +5.5V

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Note 2: Absolute maximum ratings are values beyond which the device may be damaged or have its useful life impaired. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

Note 3: Either voltage limit or current limit is sufficient to protect inputs.

Symbol	Paramet	er	Min	Тур	Max	Units	v <sub>cc</sub>	Conditions
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0			V		Recognized as a HIGH Signal
VIL	Input LOW Voltage				0.8	V		Recognized as a LOW Signal
V <sub>CD</sub>	Input Clamp Diode Vo	ltage			-1.2	V	Min	I <sub>IN</sub> = -18 mA
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH	10% V <sub>CC</sub>	2.5					$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA} (\overline{TC}, \overline{CC}, O_n)$
	Voltage	10% V <sub>CC</sub>	2.4			v	Min	$I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA} (O_n)$
		5% V <sub>CC</sub>	2.7			v	IVIIN	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA} (\overline{TC}, \overline{CC}, O_n)$
		5% V <sub>CC</sub>	2.7					$I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA} (O_n)$
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW	10% V <sub>CC</sub>			0.5			$I_{OL} = 20 \text{ mA} (\overline{\text{TC}}, \overline{\text{CC}})$
	Voltage	10% V <sub>CC</sub>			0.5	V	Min	$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA} (O_n)$
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH				5.0	μA	Мах	V 0.7V
	Current				5.0	μΑ	wax	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$
I <sub>BVI</sub>	Input HIGH Current				7.0	μA	Max	V <sub>IN</sub> = 7.0V
	Breakdown Test				1.0	μι	Max	VIN - 1.0 V
ICEX	Output HIGH				50	μA	Max	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC} (\overline{TC}, \overline{CC}, O_p)$
	Leakage Current				00	μι	Max	
V <sub>ID</sub>	Input Leakage		4.75			V	0.0	I <sub>ID</sub> = 1.9 μA
	Test					-		All Other Pins Grounded
I <sub>OD</sub>	Output Leakage				3.75	μA	0.0	$V_{IOD} = 150 \text{ mV}$
	Circuit Current							All Other Pins Grounded
IIL	Input LOW Current				-0.6	mA	Max	$V_{IN} = 0.5V (P_n, \overline{CEP}, CP, U/\overline{D}, \overline{OE}, \overline{MR}, \overline{SR})$
					-1.2	mA	Max	$V_{IN} = 0.5V (\overline{PE}, \overline{CET})$
I <sub>OZH</sub>	Output Leakage Curre	ent			50	μA	Max	$V_{OUT} = 2.7V (O_n)$
I <sub>OZL</sub>	Output Leakage Curre	ent			-50	μA	Max	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V (O_n)$
los	Output Short-Circuit C	Current	-60		-150	mA	Max	$V_{OUT} = 0V (\overline{TC}, \overline{CC}, O_n)$
I <sub>ZZ</sub>	Bus Drainage Test				500	μA	0.0V	$V_{OUT} = 5.25 V (O_n)$
I <sub>CCH</sub>	Power Supply Current	t		45	67	mA	Max	V <sub>O</sub> = HIGH
I <sub>CCL</sub>	Power Supply Current	t		45	67	mA	Max	V <sub>O</sub> = LOW
I <sub>CCZ</sub>	Power Supply Current	t		45	67	mA	Max	V <sub>O</sub> = HIGH Z

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

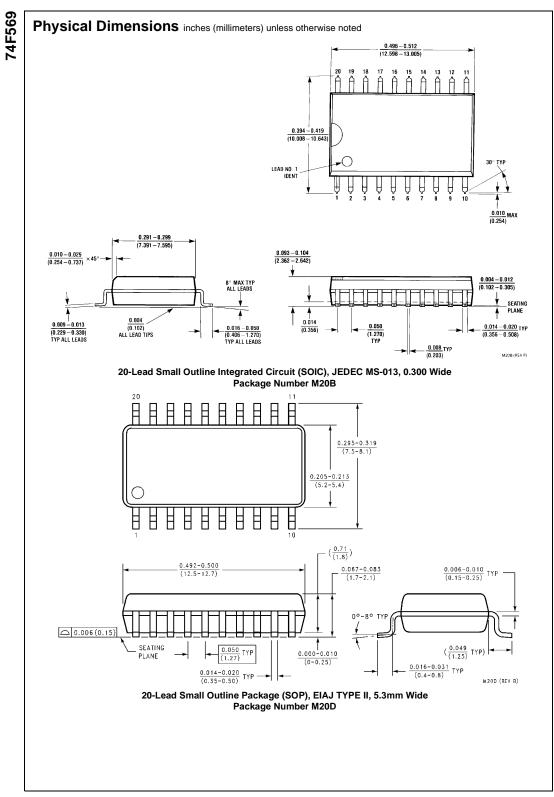
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# **AC Electrical Characteristics**

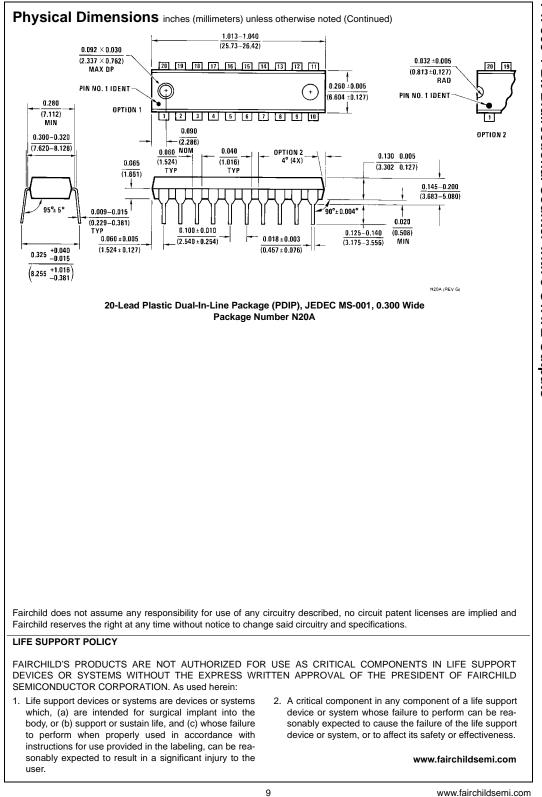
Symbol			T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			$T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70^{\circ}C$	
	Parameter		$V_{CC} = +5.0V$				Units
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$				
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Clock Frequency	90			70		MHz
<sup>E</sup> PLH	Propagation Delay	3.0	6.5	8.5	3.0	9.5	ns
PHL	CP to On (PE HIGH or LOW)	4.0	9.0	11.5	4.0	13.0	
PLH	Propagation Delay	5.5	12.0	15.5	5.5	17.5	ns
PHL	CP to TC	4.0	8.5	12.5	4.0	13.0	
PLH	Propagation Delay	2.5	4.5	6.5	2.5	7.0	ns
PHL	CET to TC	2.5	6.0	11.0	2.5	12.0	
PLH	Propagation Delay	3.5	8.5	11.5	3.5	12.5	ns
PHL	U/D to TC	4.0	8.0	12.0	4.0	13.0	
PLH	Propagation Delay	2.5	5.5	7.0	2.0	8.0	ns
PHL	CP to CC	2.0	4.5	6.0	2.0	7.0	
PLH	Propagation Delay	2.5	5.0	6.5	2.0	7.5	ns
PHL	CEP, CET to CC	4.0	8.5	11.0	4.0	12.5	
PHL	Propagation Delay	5.0	40.0	0 13.0 5.0 14.5			
	MR to On	5.0	10.0	13.0	5.0	14.5	ns
PZH	Output Enable Time	2.5	5.5	8.0	2.5	8.5	
PZL	OE to On	3.0	6.0	9.0	3.0	10.0	
PHZ	Output Disable Time	1.5	5.0	7.0	1.5	8.0	ns
PLZ	OE to On	2.0	4.5	6.0	2.0	7.0	

Symbol		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$			
	Parameter	$V_{CC} = +5.0V$	$V_{CC} = +5.0V$	Units		
		Min Max	Min Max			
t <sub>S</sub> (H)	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	4.0	4.5			
t <sub>S</sub> (L)	P <sub>n</sub> to CP	4.0	4.5	ns		
t <sub>H</sub> (H)	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW	3.0	3.5	115		
t <sub>H</sub> (L)	P <sub>n</sub> to CP	3.0	3.5			
t <sub>S</sub> (H)	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	7.0	8.0			
t <sub>S</sub> (L)	CEP or CET to CP	5.0	6.5			
t <sub>H</sub> (H)	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW	0	0	ns		
t <sub>H</sub> (L)	CEP or CET to CP	0.5	0.5			
t <sub>S</sub> (H)	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	8.0	9.0	<u> </u>		
t <sub>S</sub> (L)	PE to CP	8.0	9.0	1		
t <sub>H</sub> (H)	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW	0.0	1.0	ns		
t <sub>H</sub> (L)	PE to CP	0	0			
t <sub>S</sub> (H)	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	11.0	12.5			
t <sub>S</sub> (L)	U/D to CP	7.0	8.5	ns		
t <sub>H</sub> (H)	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW 0 0		1			
t <sub>H</sub> (L)	U/D to CP	0	0	ns		
t <sub>S</sub> (H)	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	10.5	11.0			
t <sub>S</sub> (L)	SR to CP	8.5	9.5			
t <sub>H</sub> (H)	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW	0	0	ns		
t <sub>H</sub> (L)	SR to CP	0	0			
t <sub>W</sub> (H)	CP Pulse Width,	4.0	4.5	ns		
t <sub>W</sub> (L)	HIGH or LOW	7.0	8.0			
t <sub>W</sub> (L)	MR Pulse Width, LOW	4.5	6.0	ns		
t <sub>REC</sub>	MR Recovery Time	6.0	8.0	ns		

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<sup>74</sup>F569 4-Bit Bidirectional Counter with 3-STATE Outputs