## FEATURES

- Double Side Cooling
- High Reliability In Service
- High Voltage Capability
- Fault Protection Without Fuses
- High Surge Current Capability
- Turn-off Capability Allows Reduction In Equipment Size And Weight. Low Noise Emission Reduces Acoustic Cladding Necessary For Environmental Requirements


## APPLICATIONS

- Variable speed A.C. motor drive inverters (VSD-AC)
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- High Voltage Converters
- Choppers
- Welding
- Induction Heating
- DC/DC Converters

KEY PARAMETERS

| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {TCM }}$ | 3000 A |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {DRM }}$ | 4500 V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {(AV }}$ | 1180 dt |
| $\mathrm{dV} / \mathrm{dt}$ | $1000 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}$ | $300 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |

Figure 1. Package outline

## VOLTAGE RATINGS

| Type Number | Repetitive Peak Off-state Voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DRM }}$ | Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {RRM }}$ | Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DG858BW45 | 4500 | 16 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DM}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ \mathrm{I}_{\text {RRM }}=50 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |

## CURRENT RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{TCM}}$ | Repetitive peak controllable on-state current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=66 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DRM}}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{GQ} / \mathrm{dt}=40 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Cs}=3 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | 3000 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{AV})}$ | Mean on-state current | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{HS}}=80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Double side cooled, half sine 50 Hz | 1180 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{RMS})}$ | RMS on-state current | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{HS}}=80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Double side cooled, half sine 50 Hz | 1850 | A |

## DG858BW45

## SURGE RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {TSM }}$ | Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current | 10 ms half sine. $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 20.0 | kA |
| 12 t | $1^{2} \mathrm{t}$ for fusing | $10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{half} \mathrm{sine}. \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $2.0 \times 10^{6}$ | $\mathrm{A}^{2} \mathrm{~S}$ |
| $\mathrm{di}_{T} / \mathrm{dt}$ | Critical rate of rise of on-state current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=3000 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=3000 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{FG}}>40 \mathrm{~A}, \text { Rise time }>1.0 \mu \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | 300 | A/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{dV} \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{D}} / \mathrm{dt}$ | Rate of rise of off-state voltage | To $66 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\text {DRM }} ; \mathrm{R}_{\text {GK }} \leq 1.5 \Omega, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 130 | V/us |
|  |  | To $66 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DRM}} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RG}}=-2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1000 | $\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{L}_{\text {s }}$ | Peak stray inductance in snubber circuit | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=3000 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{D}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DRM}},-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{dl} /{ }_{\mathrm{GQ}}=40 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{Cs}=3.0 \mu \mathrm{~F} \end{aligned}$ | 200 | nH |

## GATE RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RGM}}$ | Peak reverse gate voltage | This value maybe exceeded during turn-off | - | 16 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{FGM}}$ | Peak forward gate current |  | 20 | 100 | A |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FG}(\mathrm{AV})}$ | Average forward gate power |  | - | 20 | W |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{RGM}}$ | Peak reverse gate power |  | - | 24 | kW |
| $\mathrm{di}_{\mathrm{GQ}} / \mathrm{dt}$ | Rate of rise of reverse gate current |  | 20 | 60 | $\mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}(\text { min })}$ | Minimum permissable on time |  | 50 | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{OFF}(\min )}$ | Minimum permissable off time |  | 100 | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |

## THERMAL AND MECHANICAL DATA

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions |  | Min. | Max. | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{tt}(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{hs})}$ | DC thermal resistance - junction to heatsink surface | Double side cooled |  | - | 0.011 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  |  | Anode side cooled |  | - | 0.017 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  |  | Cathode side cooled |  | - | 0.03 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {thl(chs) }}$ | Contact thermal resistance | Clamping force 40.0 kN With mounting compound | per contact | - | 0.0021 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}$ | Virtual junction temperature |  |  | -40 | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {op }} / \mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Operating junction/storage temperature range |  |  | -40 | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| - | Clamping force |  |  | 36.0 | 44.0 | kN |

## CHARACTERISTICS

| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless stated otherwise |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Max. | Units |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {TM }}$ | On-state voltage | At 4000A peak, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{ON})}=10 \mathrm{Ad.c}$. | - | 4.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {M }}$ | Peak off-state current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DRM }}=4500 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {RG }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 100 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {RRM }}$ | Peak reverse current | At $\mathrm{V}_{\text {RRM }}$ | - | 50 | mA |
| $V_{G T}$ | Gate trigger voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=100 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 1.2 | V |
| ${ }_{\text {at }}$ | Gate trigger current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=100 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 4.0 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {gGm }}$ | Reverse gate cathode current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {RGM }}=16 \mathrm{~V}$, No gate/cathode resistor | - | 50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {ON }}$ | Turn-on energy | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{D}}=2000 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 2700 | mJ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{d}}$ | Delay time | $\mathrm{I}_{T}=3000 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{dl}_{T} / \mathrm{dt}=300 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ | - | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | Rise time | $I_{F G}=40 \mathrm{~A}, \text { rise time }<1.0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | - | 6.0 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {OfF }}$ | Turn-off energy | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=3000 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DM}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DRM}} \\ & \text { Snubber Cap Cs }=3.0 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \\ & \mathrm{di}_{\mathrm{Gd}} / \mathrm{dt}=40 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s} \end{aligned}$ | - | 13500 | mJ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{gs}}$ | Storage time |  | - | 25.0 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{gf}}$ | Fall time |  | - | 2.5 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{99}$ | Gate controlled turn-off time |  | - | 27.5 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $Q_{G Q}$ | Turn-off gate charge |  | - | 12000 | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ |
| $Q_{\text {Gat }}$ | Total turn-off gate charge |  | - | 24000 | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {gam }}$ | Peak reverse gate current |  | - | 950 | A |

## CURVES



Figure 2. Maximum gate trigger voltage/current vs junction temperature


Figure 3. On-state characteristics


Figure 4. Maximum dependence of $\mathrm{I}_{\text {тСм }}$ on Cs


Figure 5. Maximum (limit) transient thermal impedance - double side cooled


Figure 6. Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current vs time


Figure 7. Steady state rectangular wave conduction loss - double side cooled


Figure 8. Steady state sinusoidal wave conduction loss - double side cooled


Figure 9. Turn-on energy vs on-state current


Figure 10. Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current


Figure 11. Turn-on energy vs on-state current


Figure 12. Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current


Rate of rise of on-state current $\mathrm{dl}_{\mathrm{T}} / \mathrm{dt}-(\mathrm{A} / \mu \mathrm{s})$
Figure 13. Turn-on energy vs rate of rise of on-state current


Fig.ure 14. Delay and rise time vs on-state current


Figure 15. Delay and rise time vs peak forward gate current


Figure 16. Turn-off energy loss vs on-state current


Figure 17. Turn-off energy vs rate of rise of reverse gate current


Figure 18. Turn-off energy vs on-state current


Figure 19. Turn-off energy loss vs rate of rise of reverse gate current


Figure 20. Turn-off energy vs on-state current


Figure 21. Gate storage time vs on-state current


Figure 22. Gate storage time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current


Figure 23. Gate fall time vs on-state current


Figure 24. Gate fall time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current


Figure 25. Peak reverse gate current vs on-state current


Figure 26. Reverse gate current vs rate of rise of reverse gate current


Figure 27. Turn-off gate charge vs on-state current


Figure 28. Turn-off gate charge vs rate of rise of reverse gate current


Figure 29. Rate of rise of off-state voltage vs gate cathode resistance


Recommended gate conditions:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{I}_{\text {TCM }}=3000 \mathrm{~A} \\
& I_{F G}=40 \mathrm{~A} \\
& I_{\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{ON})}=10 \mathrm{~A} \text { d.c. } \\
& \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{w} 1(\text { min })}=20 \mu \mathrm{~s} \\
& I_{\text {Gam }}=950 \mathrm{~A} \\
& \mathrm{di}_{\mathrm{GQ}} / \mathrm{dt}=40 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s} \\
& \mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{GQ}}=12000 \mu \mathrm{C} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RG}(\text { min })}=2 \mathrm{~V} \\
\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{RG}(\text { max })}=16 \mathrm{~V}
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

These are recommended Dynex Semiconductor conditions. Other conditions are permitted
Figure 30. General switching waveforms

## DG858BW45

## PACKAGE DETAILS

For further package information, please contact your local Customer Service Centre. All dimensions in mm, unless stated otherwise. DO NOT SCALE.


ASSOCIATED PUBLICATIONS

| Title | Application Note |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number |  |$|$| Calculating the junction temperature or power semiconductors | AN4506 |
| :--- | :--- |
| GTO gate drive units | AN4571 |
| Recommendations for clamping power semiconductors | AN4839 |
| Use of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{TO}}, r_{T}$ on-state characteristic | AN5001 |
| Impoved gate drive for GTO series connections | AN5177 |

## POWER ASSEMBLY CAPABILITY

The Power Assembly group was set up to provide a support service for those customers requiring more than the basic semiconductor, and has developed a flexible range of heatsink / clamping systems in line with advances in device types and the voltage and current capability of our semiconductors.

We offer an extensive range of air and liquid cooled assemblies covering the full range of circuit designs in general use today. The Assembly group continues to offer high quality engineering support dedicated to designing new units to satisfy the growing needs of our customers.

Using the up to date CAD methods our team of design and applications engineers aim to provide the Power Assembly Complete solution (PACs).

## DEVICE CLAMPS

Disc devices require the correct clamping force to ensure their safe operation. The PACs range offers a varied selection of preloaded clamps to suit all of our manufactured devices. This include cube clamps for single side cooling of ' $T$ ' 22 mm Clamps are available for single or double side cooling, with high insulation versions for high voltage assemblies.
Please refer to our application note on device clamping, AN4839

## HEATSINKS

Power Assembly has it's own proprietary range of extruded aluminium heatsinks. They have been designed to optimise the performance or our semiconductors. Data with respect to air natural, forced air and liquid cooling (with flow rates) is available on request.

For further information on device clamps, heatsinks and assemblies, please contact your nearest Sales Representative or the factory.

HEADQUARTERS OPERATIONS
DYNEX SEMICONDUCTOR LTD
Doddington Road, Lincoln.
Lincolnshire. LN6 3LF. United Kingdom.
Tel: 00-44-(0)1522-500500
Fax: 00-44-(0)1522-500550

## DYNEX POWER INC.

Unit 7-58 Antares Drive,
Nepean, Ontario, Canada K2E 7W6.
Tel: 613.723.7035
Fax: 613.723.1518
Toll Free: 1.888.33.DYNEX (39639)

CUSTOMER SERVICE CENTRES
France, Benelux, Italy and Spain Tel: +33 (0)1 691890 00. Fax: +33 (0)1 64465450
North America Tel: 011-800-5554-5554. Fax: 011-800-5444-5444
UK, Germany, Scandinavia \& Rest Of World Tel: +44 (0)1522 500500. Fax: +44 (0)1522 500020
SALES OFFICES
France, Benelux, Italy and Spain Tel: +33 (0)1 691890 00. Fax: +33 (0)1 64465450
Germany Tel: 07351827723
North America Tel: (613) 723-7035. Fax: (613) 723-1518. Toll Free: 1.888.33.DYNEX (39639) / Tel: (831) 440-1988. Fax: (831) 440-1989 / Tel: (949) 733-3005. Fax: (949) 733-2986.
UK, Germany, Scandinavia \& Rest Of World Tel: +44 (0)1522 500500. Fax: +44 (0)1522 500020
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