

PHOTOCOUPLER PS9115

HIGH CMR, 10 Mbps TOTEM POLE OUTPUT TYPE 5-PIN SOP PHOTOCOUPLER -NEPOC Series-

DESCRIPTION

The PS9115 is an optically coupled high-speed, totem pole output isolator containing a GaAlAs LED on the input side and a photodiode and a signal processing circuit on the output side on one chip.

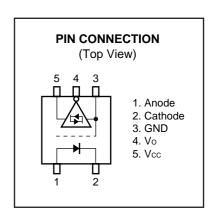
The PS9115 is specified high CMR, high CTR and pulse width distortion with operating temperature.

FEATURES

- High common mode transient immunity (CMH, CML = $\pm 20 \text{ kV/}\mu\text{s}$ TYP.)
- Small package (5-pin SOP)
- Pulse width distortion (|tphl tplh | = 7 ns TYP.)
- High-speed (10 Mbps)
- High isolation voltage (BV = 2 500 Vr.m.s.)
- · Totem pole output
- Ordering number of taping product: PS9115-F3, F4: 2 500 pcs/reel
- · Pb-Free product
- Safety standards
 - UL approved: File No. E72422
 - DIN EN60747-5-2 (VDE0884 Part2) approved No. 40008902 (Option)

APPLICATIONS

- · Measurement equipment
- PDP
- · Line Receiver for FA Network

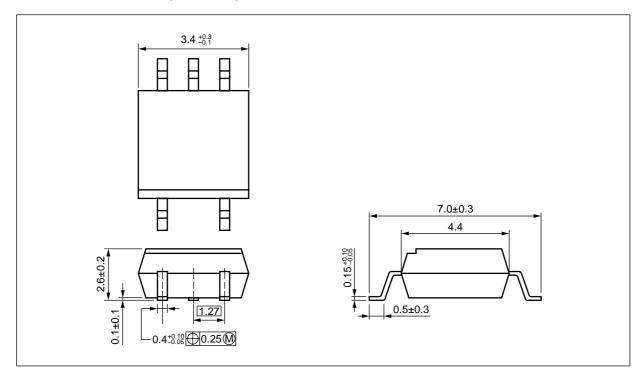


TRUTH TABLE

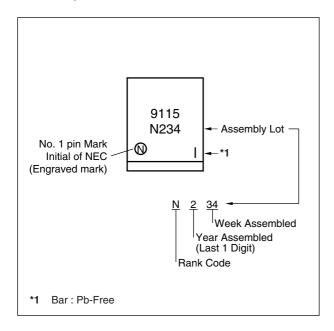
LED	Output
ON	L
OFF	Н

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



MARKING EXAMPLE



★ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Order Number	Solder Plating Specification	Packing Style	Safety Standard Approval	Application Part Number*1
PS9115	PS9115-A	Pb-Free	20 pcs (Tape 20 pcs cut)	Standard products	PS9115
PS9115-F3	PS9115-F3-A		Embossed Tape 2 500 pcs/reel	(UL approved)	
PS9115-F4	PS9115-F4-A				
PS9115-V	PS9115-V-A		20 pcs (Tape 20 pcs cut)	DIN EN60747-5-2	
PS9115-V-F3	PS9115-V-F3-A		Embossed Tape 2 500 pcs/reel	(VDE0884 Part2)	
PS9115-V-F4	PS9115-V-F4-A			Approved (Option)	

^{*1} For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Diode	Forward Current*1	lF	30	mA
	Reverse Voltage	VR	5	٧
Detector	Supply Voltage	Vcc	7	V
	Output Voltage	Vo	7	٧
	High Level Output Current	Іон	- 5	mA
	Low Level Output Current	Ю	13	mA
	Power Dissipation*2	Pc	130	mW
Isolation Voltage*3		BV	2 500	Vr.m.s.
Operating Ambient Temperature		TA	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-55 to +125	°C

- *1 Reduced to 0.3 mA/ $^{\circ}$ C at T_A = 25 $^{\circ}$ C or more.
- *2 $T_A = -40$ to +85°C, Applies to output pin Vo and power supply pin Vcc. Reduced to 2.36 mW/°C at $T_A = 70$ °C or more.
- *3 AC voltage for 1 minute at T_A = 25°C, RH = 60% between input and output.
- ★ Pins 1-2 shorted together, 3-5 shorted together.

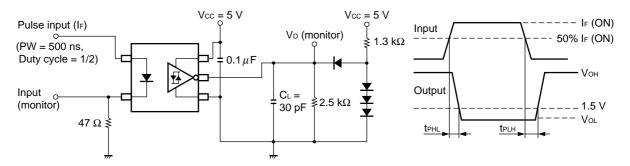
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High Level Input Current	Іғн	7.5		12.5	mA
Low Level Input Voltage	V _{FL}	0		0.8	V
Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
TTL (loads)	N			3	
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	0		+85	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 0 to +85°C, unless otherwise specified)

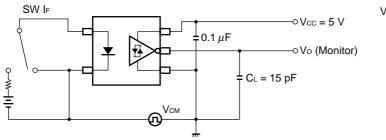
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.*1	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	VF	IF = 10 mA, T _A = 25°C	1.4	1.65	1.9	V
	Reverse Current	IR	VR = 3 V, TA = 25°C			10	μА
	Terminal Capacitance	Ct	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T _A = 25°C		30		pF
Detector	High Level Output Current*2	Іон	Vcc = Vo = 5.5 V, V _F = 0.8 V		0.003	200	μА
	High Level Output Voltage	Vон	$Vcc = 4.5 \text{ V}, V_F = 0.8 \text{ V}, I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$	2.4	3.0		V
	Low Level Output Voltage	Vol	$Vcc = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_F = 7 \text{ mA}, I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$		0.25	0.6	V
	High Level Supply Current	Іссн	Vcc = 5.5 V, I _F = 0 mA, Vo = open		12	16	mA
	Low Level Supply Current	Iccl	Vcc = 5.5 V, I _F = 10 mA, Vo = open		13	16	mA
	High Level Output Short Circuit Current	Іоѕн	Vcc = 5.5 V, Vo = GND, I _F = 0 mA, 10 ms or less		-26		mA
	Low Level Output Short Circuit Current	losu	Vcc = Vo = 5.5 V, I _F = 8 mA, 10 ms or less		34		mA
Coupled	Threshold Input Current	IFHL	T _A = 25°C		2.3	5	mA
	$(H \rightarrow L)$		Vcc = 5 V, Vo = 0.6 V			6	
	Isolation Resistance	Rı-o	V _{I-O} = 1 kV _{DC} , RH = 40 to 60%, T _A = 25°C	10 ¹¹			Ω
	Isolation Capacitance	C _{I-O}	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T _A = 25°C		0.6		pF
	Propagation Delay Time	t PHL	T _A = 25°C	15	33	65	ns
	$(H \rightarrow L)^{*3}$		Vcc = 5 V, I _F = 7.5 mA	10		85	
	Propagation Delay Time	t PLH	T _A = 25°C	15	40	65	ns
	$(L \rightarrow H)^{*3}$		Vcc = 5 V, I _F = 7.5 mA	10		85	
	Pulse Width Distortion (PWD)*3	tphl-tplh	Vcc = 5 V, I _F = 7.5 mA		7	50	ns
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Level Output ^{*4}	СМн	Vcc = 5 V, T _A = 25°C, I _F = 0 mA, Vo (MIN.) = 2 V, VcM = 1 kV	10	20		kV/μs
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Level Output*4	CM∟	Vcc = 5 V, Ta = 25°C, IF = 7.5 mA, Vo (MAX.) = 0.8 V, VcM = 1 kV	10	20		kV/μs

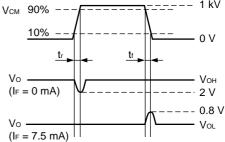
- *1 Typical values at T_A = 25°C
- *2 Because a high-level output current (Io_H) of 300 μA or more may be output when the temperature is 0°C or less and when Vcc is around 3 to 4 V, it is important to confirm the characteristics (operation with the power supply on and off) during design, before using this device.
- *3 Test circuit for propagation delay time



C∟ includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

*4 Test circuit for common mode transient immunity





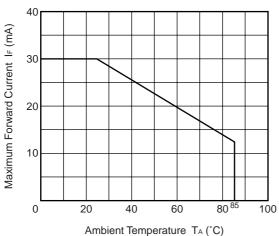
CL includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

USAGE CAUTIONS

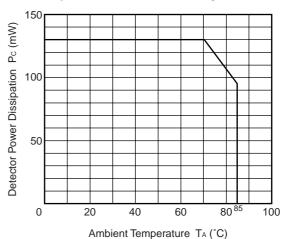
- 1. This product is weak for static electricity by designed with high-speed integrated circuit so protect against static electricity when handling.
- 2. By-pass capacitor of 0.1 μ F is used between Vcc and GND near device. Also, ensure that the distance between the leads of the photocoupler and capacitor is no more than 10 mm.
- 3. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

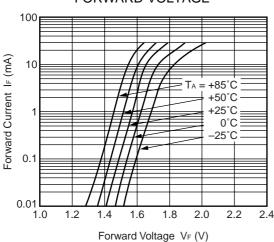




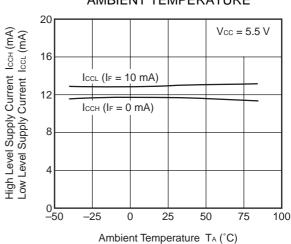
DETECTOR POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



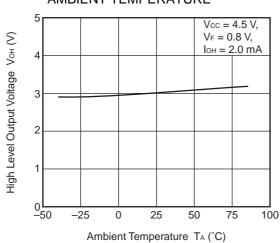
FORWARD CURRENT vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



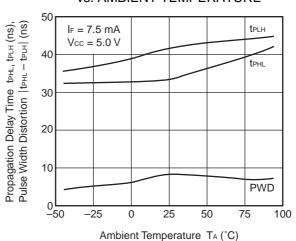
SUPPLY CURRENT vs.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

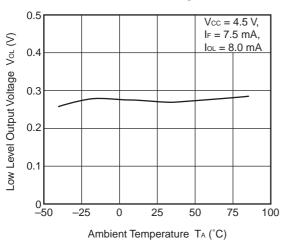


PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, PULSE WIDTH DISTORTION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

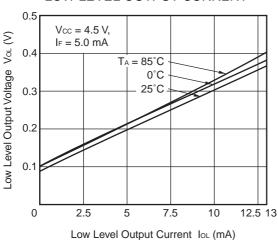


Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

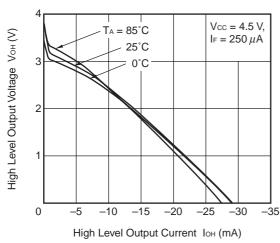
LOW LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



LOW LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. LOW LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

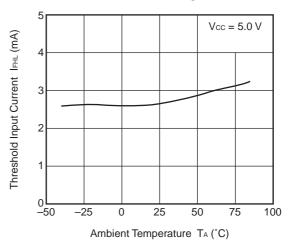


HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

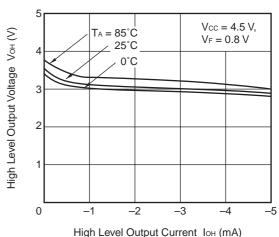


Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

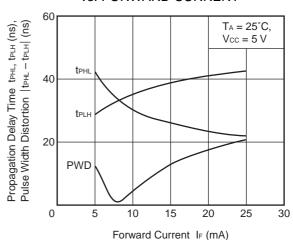
THRESHOLD INPUT CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



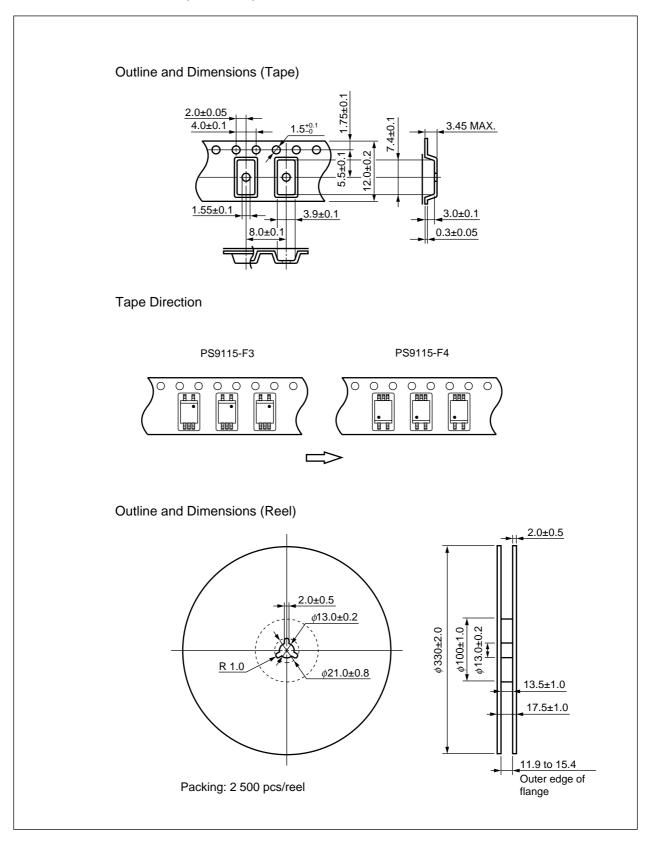
HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT



PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, PULSE WIDTH DISTORTION vs. FORWARD CURRENT



TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (UNIT: mm)



NOTES ON HANDLING

1. Recommended soldering conditions

(1) Infrared reflow soldering

• Peak reflow temperature 260°C or below (package surface temperature)

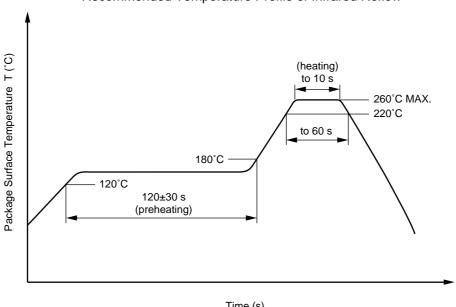
• Time of peak reflow temperature 10 seconds or less 60 seconds or less • Time of temperature higher than 220°C

• Time to preheat temperature from 120 to 180°C 120±30 s

· Number of reflows Three • Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a

maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



Time (s)

(2) Wave soldering

• Temperature 260°C or below (molten solder temperature)

• Time 10 seconds or less

· Preheating conditions 120°C or below (package surface temperature)

· Number of times One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.)

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine

content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(3) Soldering by Soldering Iron

• Peak Temperature (lead part temperature) 350°C or below • Time (each pins) 3 seconds or less

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a

maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(a) Soldering of leads should be made at the point 1.5 to 2.0 mm from the root of the lead

(b) Please be sure that the temperature of the package would not be heated over 100°C

(4) Cautions

• Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

2. Cautions regarding noise

Be aware that when voltage is applied suddenly between the photocoupler's input and output or between collector-emitters at startup, the output transistor may enter the on state, even if the voltage is within the absolute maximum ratings.

USAGE CAUTIONS

- 1. Protect against static electricity when handling.
- 2. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.



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Subject: Compliance with EU Directives

CEL certifies, to its knowledge, that semiconductor and laser products detailed below are compliant with the requirements of European Union (EU) Directive 2002/95/EC Restriction on Use of Hazardous Substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS) and the requirements of EU Directive 2003/11/EC Restriction on Penta and Octa BDE.

CEL Pb-free products have the same base part number with a suffix added. The suffix –A indicates that the device is Pb-free. The -AZ suffix is used to designate devices containing Pb which are exempted from the requirement of RoHS directive (*). In all cases the devices have Pb-free terminals. All devices with these suffixes meet the requirements of the RoHS directive.

This status is based on CEL's understanding of the EU Directives and knowledge of the materials that go into its products as of the date of disclosure of this information.

Restricted Substance per RoHS	Concentration Limit per RoHS (values are not yet fixed)		on contained devices	
Lead (Pb)	< 1000 PPM	-A Not Detected	-AZ (*)	
Mercury	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected		
Cadmium	< 100 PPM	Not Detected		
Hexavalent Chromium	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected		
PBB	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected		
PBDE	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected		

If you should have any additional questions regarding our devices and compliance to environmental standards, please do not hesitate to contact your local representative.

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