

# Cascadable Silicon Bipolar MMIC Amplifiers

# Technical Data

#### **MSA-0700**

#### **Features**

- Cascadable 50  $\Omega$  Gain Block
- Low Operating Voltage:  $4.0\,\mathrm{V}$  Typical  $V_\mathrm{d}$
- 3 dB Bandwidth: DC to 2.5 GHz
- 13.0 dB Typical Gain at 1.0 GHz

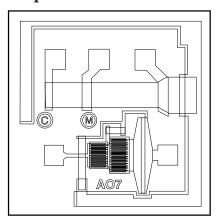
### **Description**

The MSA-0700 is a high performance silicon bipolar Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit (MMIC) chip. This MMIC is designed for use as a general purpose  $50~\Omega$  gain block. Typical applications include narrow and broad band IF and RF amplifiers in commercial, industrial and military applications.

The MSA-series is fabricated using HP's  $10\,\mathrm{GHz}\,\mathrm{f_T}, 25\,\mathrm{GHz}\,\mathrm{f_{MAX}},$  silicon bipolar MMIC process which uses nitride self-alignment, ion implantation, and gold metallization to achieve excellent performance, uniformity and reliability. The use of an external bias resistor for temperature and current stability also allows bias flexibility.

The recommended assembly procedure is gold-eutectic die attach at 400°C and either wedge or ball bonding using 0.7 mil gold wire. [1] See APPLICATIONS section, "Chip Use".

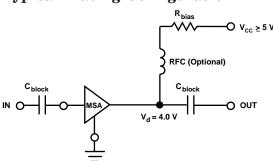
## Chip Outline[1]



#### Note:

 This chip contains additional biasing options. The performance specified applies only to the bias option whose bond pads are indicated on the chip outline. Refer to the APPLICATIONS section "Silicon MMIC Chip Use" for additional information.

## **Typical Biasing Configuration**



5965-9589E 6-386

## MSA-0700 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Absolute Maximum <sup>[1]</sup>				
Device Current	60 mA				
Power Dissipation <sup>[2,3]</sup>	275 mW				
RF Input Power	+13dBm				
Junction Temperature	200℃				
Storage Temperature	−65 to 200°C				

Thermal Resistance $[2,4]$ :	
$\theta_{\rm jc} = 50$ °C/W	

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Permanent damage may occur if any of these limits are exceeded.
- 2.  $T_{Mounting Surface} = 25$ °C.
- 3. Derate at 20 mW/°C for  $T_{Mounting\ Surface}\ > 186$  °C.
- 4. The small spot size of this technique results in a higher, though more accurate determination of  $\theta_{jc}$  than do alternate methods. See MEASURE-MENTS section "Thermal Resistance" for more information.

# Electrical Specifications<sup>[1]</sup>, $T_A = 25$ °C

Symbol	Parameters and Test Conditions <sup>[2]</sup> :	Units	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
GP	Power Gain ( $ S_{21} ^2$ )	f = 0.1  GHz	dB		13.5	
$\Delta G_P$	Gain Flatness	f = 0.1  to  1.5  GHz	dB		± 0.6	
f <sub>3 dB</sub>	3 dB Bandwidth		GHz		2.5	
VCAND	Input VSWR	f = 0.1  to  2.5  GHz			2.0:1	
VSWR	Output VSWR	f = 0.1  to  2.5  GHz			1.6:1	
NF	$50~\Omega$ Noise Figure	f = 1.0  GHz	dB		4.5	
P <sub>1 dB</sub>	Output Power at 1 dB Gain Compression	f = 1.0  GHz	dBm		5.5	
IP3	Third Order Intercept Point	f = 1.0  GHz	dBm		19.0	
$t_{\mathrm{D}}$	Group Delay	f = 1.0  GHz	psec		130	
$V_{d}$	Device Voltage		V	3.6	4.0	4.4
dV/dT	Device Voltage Temperature Coefficient		mV/°C		-7.0	

#### **Notes:**

- 1. The recommended operating current range for this device is 15 to 40 mA. Typical performance as a function of current is on the following page.
- $2. \ \ RF\ performance\ of\ the\ chip\ is\ determined\ by\ packaging\ and\ testing\ 10\ devices\ per\ wafer\ in\ a\ dual\ ground\ configuration.$

## **Part Number Ordering Information**

Part Number	Devices Per Tray
MSA-0700-GP4	up to 100

# MSA-0700 Typical Scattering Parameters $^{[1]}$ (Z $_0$ = 50 $\Omega,\,T_A$ = 25 $^{\circ}C,\,I_d$ = 22 mA)

Freq.	$\mathbf{S}_1$	1		$S_{21}$		$S_{12}$			S		
GHz	Mag	Ang	dB	Mag	Ang	dB	Mag	Ang	Mag	Ang	k
0.1	.04	<b>-</b> 5	13.5	4.75	176	-18.6	.118	2	.20	<b>-</b> 9	1.14
0.2	.05	-8	13.5	4.74	172	-18.4	.120	3	.19	-16	1.14
0.4	.06	-19	13.5	4.74	163	-18.3	.121	7	.20	-30	1.13
0.6	.08	<b>-</b> 32	13.5	4.71	156	-18.1	.124	9	.21	<del>-4</del> 4	1.12
0.8	.10	<b>-4</b> 1	13.4	4.67	147	-17.5	.133	12	.23	<b>–</b> 69	1.07
1.0	.12	<b>-</b> 50	13.2	4.59	138	-17.6	.133	13	.23	-68	1.07
1.5	.20	<b>-</b> 73	12.7	4.30	117	-16.6	.147	17	.23	<b>-</b> 91	1.01
2.0	.31	<b>-</b> 98	12.1	4.05	97	-15.8	.163	17	.22	-105	0.94
2.5	.38	<b>-</b> 112	11.0	3.55	85	-15.3	.171	18	.18	-103	0.93
3.0	.43	-128	9.6	3.01	69	-15.3	.171	17	.19	<b>-</b> 96	0.97
3.5	.48	<b>-</b> 141	8.2	2.57	56	-15.3	.172	17	.21	<del>-</del> 87	1.01
4.0	.48	<b>-</b> 153	6.8	2.20	45	-15.2	.174	14	.26	<b>-</b> 83	1.07
5.0	.49	-179	4.6	1.70	26	-15.2	.174	12	.31	-86	1.22
6.0	.54	154	2.5	1.34	9	-15.6	.166	13	.33	-98	1.38

#### Note:

1. S-parameters are de-embedded from 70 mil package measured data using the package model found in the DEVICE MODELS section.

# Typical Performance, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

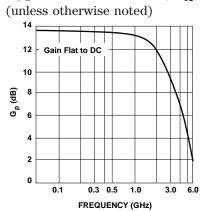


Figure 1. Typical Power Gain vs. Frequency,  $I_d = 22 \text{ mA}$ .

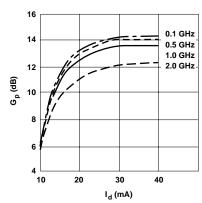


Figure 2. Power Gain vs. Current.

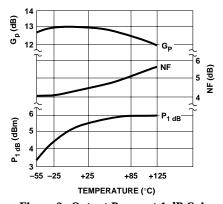


Figure 3. Output Power at 1 dB Gain Compression, NF and Power Gain vs. Mounting Surface Temperature, f = 1.0 GHz,  $I_d = 22 \text{ mA}$ .

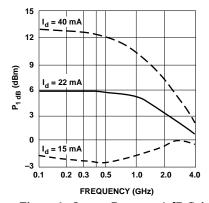


Figure 4. Output Power at 1 dB Gain Compression vs. Frequency.

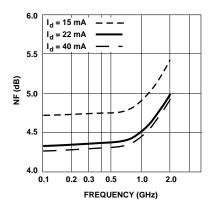
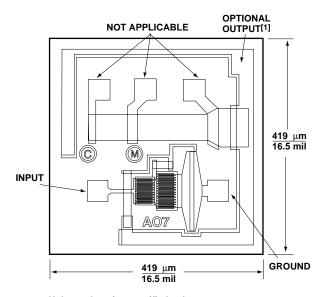


Figure 5. Noise Figure vs. Frequency.

## **MSA-0700** Chip Dimensions



Unless otherwise specified, tolerances are  $\pm 13~\mu m/\pm 0.5$  mils. Chip thickness is 114  $\mu m/4.5$  mil. Bond Pads are 41  $\mu m/1.6$  mil typical on each side. Note 1: Output contact is made by die attaching the backside of the die.